

The Breeze

Vol. 57

James Madison University

Friday, November 2, 1979

No. 18

Temporary religious center located in dorm basement

By CINDY ELMORE

The south portion of the basement of Converse Hall can be converted into a temporary, inter-denominational religious center, James Madison University President Ronald Carrier told the Ecumenical Council Monday.

"It seems like the chapel (planned to be built on campus) is so far away, that we needed a facility to take its place until it is built," Ecumenical Council spokesperson Beth Welch said. "It's not taking the place of the chapel. It's just until we raise the money and get the chapel built."

A chapel fund was established at Madison College in 1956 by interested supporters and alumni. Currently, about \$10,000 exists in the fund, but according to Dean of Students Dr. Lacy Daniel in *The Breeze* Sept. 11, 1979, \$250,000 to \$1.5 million is needed to build the facility.

THE ECUMENICAL Council is comprised of representatives from recognized Christian groups on campus, including the Baptist Student Union, Catholic Campus Ministry, Inter-Varsity, Wesley Foundation, Lutheran Student Movement, Fellowship of Christian Athletes, and United Church of Christ.

Although funding remains undecided, renovations such as carpeting, heat and ceiling

installation are required before Converse's basement can be used, Welch said.

Last year the Converse basement was used for servicing and operation of vending machines. According to Welch, it became available for student use after the basement of Grafton-Stovall Theatre was given to Food Services.

Ecumenical Council initiated efforts to obtain Converse's basement since the room provides 24-hour student access through its own entrance, thereby eliminating the need for students to go through the dorm. The room is centrally located and can probably seat about 150 persons, Welch said.

SHE ADDED the room is large enough to accommodate prayer groups, Bible studies, and masses and also can be used as a meditation room. It could not accommodate Sunday masses or Inter-varsity services.

Immediate plans include decisions between the different religious groups regarding funding and schedule allocation of the basement, Welch said.

"There's not much more we can do until we get the price of renovations. We have to work a lot of things out; it's still in the planning stages," she said.



Photo by David Johnson

AS AUTUMN'S CHILL strips the campus of its colorful foliage, the sunset soon will have nowhere to spread its rays.

Paper cancelled
on holiday

The Breeze will not be published Nov. 6, a university holiday. Publication will resume with the Nov. 9 issue.

University athletics to face financial dilemma

Title IX guidelines propose equal athletic expenditures

By THERESA BEALE

Equalizing men's and women's athletic scholarships here is a matter of coming up with the money or "cutting the pie" to James Madison University's athletic directors.

But dropping sports from the program is a last resort, officials said.

The dilemma of balancing individual expenditures for men—and women athletes arises from Title IX, a federal law prohibiting sex discrimination in federally funded institutions. In January, a proposed "policy interpretation" of Title IX called for colleges and universities to spend the same per capita on women's sports as they do on men's—with exceptions for football and "non-discriminatory factors."

WHILE the proposed policy has not yet been made law, JMU President Ronald Carrier has said he would like to equalize men's and women's athletic scholarships, excluding football, by 1982. So either way, the university is faced with tip-

ping the scales in favor of the women's program without depleting the men's resources or jeopardizing the total athletic program.

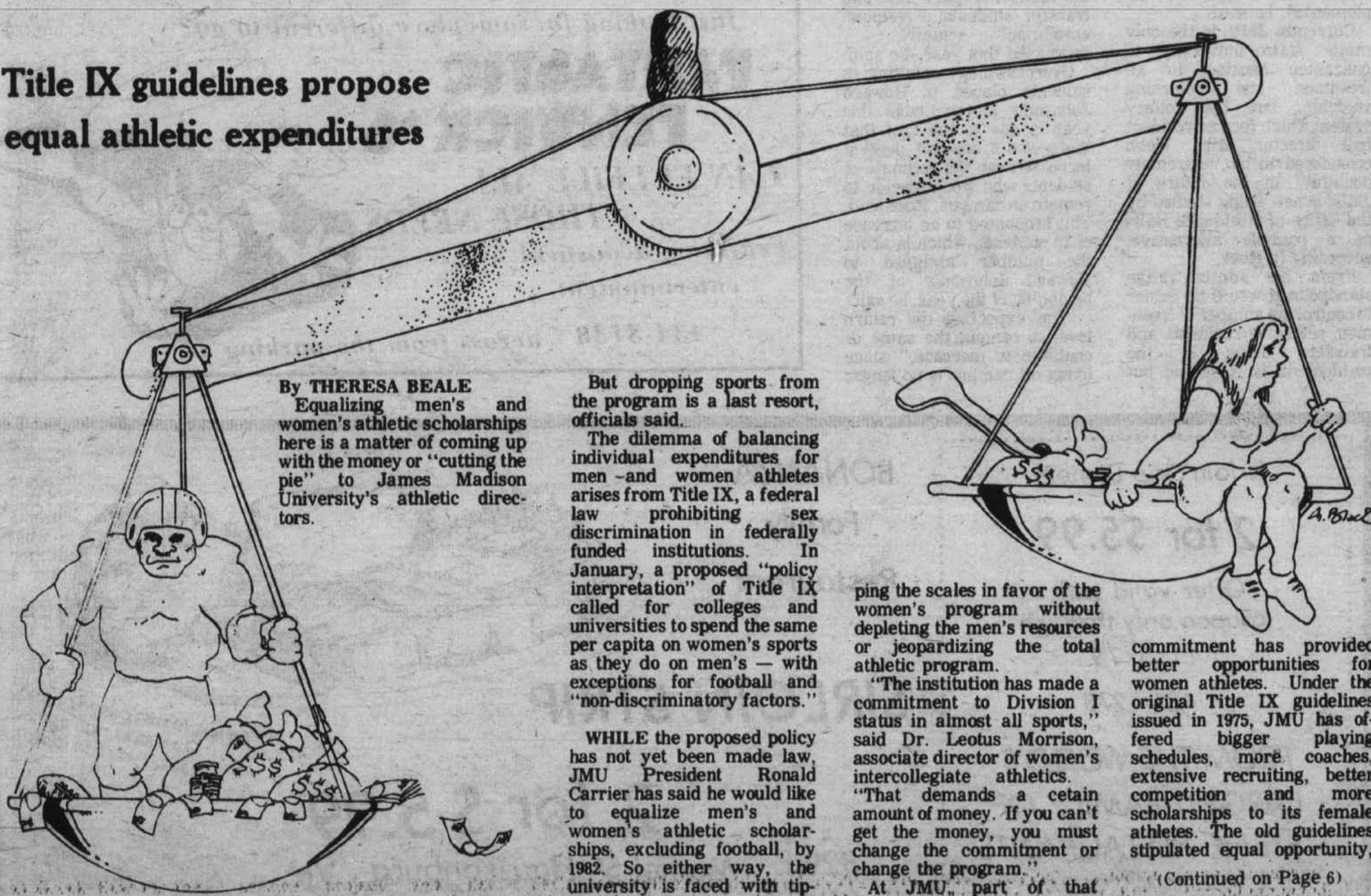
"The institution has made a commitment to Division I status in almost all sports," said Dr. Leotus Morrison, associate director of women's intercollegiate athletics.

"That demands a certain amount of money. If you can't get the money, you must change the commitment or change the program."

At JMU, part of that

commitment has provided better opportunities for women athletes. Under the original Title IX guidelines issued in 1975, JMU has offered bigger playing schedules, more coaches, extensive recruiting, better competition and more scholarships to its female athletes. The old guidelines stipulated equal opportunity,

(Continued on Page 6)



State funding based on student enrollment

By LOUIS EACHO

"Every bit of funding a university receives is based on how many students it has enrolled. Putting is simply; enrollment generates money."

'...enrollment generates money'

According to Dr. John Mundy, director of administrative affairs, funding to construct facilities will never be given on the basis of future enrollment projection. Expansion involving resident housing, the library, D-Hall,

and educational buildings always lag behind enrollment, he said.

Justification of a present need is always required before any university can expect the funds to solve that need, Mundy said.

"We're in a phase now where we have the sufficient enrollment to demonstrate our need for new facilities," he continued. "We would never receive funding, of a new dorm, for example, if we put a complete lid on enrollment."

Though Mundy explained that the administration has tried to control enrollment, James Madison University has exceeded its projection by roughly 150 students for the second year in a row to reach a present enrollment of 8,337 students. The State Council of

Higher Education (SCHEV) last year had projected JMU's enrollment to only reach 8,700 by the 1989-90 academic year.

"THESE 10 YEAR projections made by SCHEV are constantly being revised each year," according to Mundy. A proposal to increase enrollment by 1990 to 10,000 was presented to the University Council at its other action was taken.

"It's the hardest thing in the world to control enrollment projections because of all the pressures put on us to accept students," Mundy said. This past year JMU had over 10,000 applications for admission and it's hard to turn down qualified students, he said.

Often students denied admission write to their federal or state representatives who may exert pressure on us to

accept a student who meets our requirements and whose parents are taxpaying state citizens, Mundy said.

"Although we don't always buckle under to this sort of influence, it is a problem for us," he said.

Though JMU now ranks behind the College of William and Mary and the University of Virginia as the most competitive state schools to apply for, it has no intention of promoting a higher exclusive academic atmosphere here, according to Mundy. President Ronald Carrier has strove to maintain an emphasis on having a diversified student body, he said.

"We don't always select the students with the best grades or SAT scores, but we set minimum requirements and choose those people who have something to offer JMU, still

meeting our requirements, Mundy said.

EXPANSION PLANS to accommodate increased enrollment in the next few years include: a new School of Education building to be completed next semester, a library addition with scheduled construction to begin next semester, an intramural facility and stadium seating to be completed next year and a request to the Virginia General Assembly in January for a new residence hall.

Future expansion requests for the early 1980's, according to Mundy, include: a classroom and laboratory building for the fine arts, an addition to the Warren University Union, renovation of Wilson Hall and physical modifications to several buildings for the handicapped.

Housing

'May soon be impossible to guarantee it under our present system'

By LOUIS EACHO

Guaranteeing housing to all returning students and freshmen may soon prove to be impossible here with enrollment continuing to increase.

"If more upperclassmen continue to stay on campus it will soon be impossible to guarantee everyone housing under our present system and facilities," Lin Rose, director of residence halls, said. The lottery system would be an obvious answer to the problem, but no one involved would want to see this implemented, he said.

Currently JMU is the only major state university to guarantee housing to all freshmen and returning students, but the lottery system which former resident hall director Mike Webb considered to be "extremely doubtful" in the future of JMU, is now being studied by the Office of Residence Halls as a possible alternative, according to Rose.

From an administrative standpoint it would be easier to control the number of freshmen, returning residents and transfers living in the residence halls, Rose said, but

"we'd much rather remain under our present system."

A REQUEST for a 136-bed residence hall will be made in January to the General Assembly, but this would only help solve present space problems, according to Rose. Increasing the size of the requested dorm to 200 beds has been tentatively discussed, he said.

Overall enrollment increases this year didn't affect housing, according to Rose, since growth was seen only in the number of part time and transfer students: Freshmen enrollment actually decreased this year, he said.

Overcrowding, resulting in students placed in Howard Johnson's Motor Lodge this year is due to the fact that there was a one-half percent increase over the estimate of students who would decide to remain on campus, Rose said. This amounted to an increase of 48 students, which is about the number assigned to Howard Johnson's at the beginning of the year, he said.

"I'm expecting the return level to remain the same or continue to increase," since living off campus is no longer

the cheaper alternative, according to Rose. Transportation and food costs alone can account for this, he said.

"Leasing another set of off-campus apartments such as Showalter Apartments, which

house roughly 300 students may be looked into, but according to Rose, it is evident by the low return rate at Showalter that students would rather remain in traditional residence halls.

Showalter is more of a

halfway point for those students who want the independence of living off-

campus, with the added security of being under university regulations, Rose said.

LOOKING FOR A PLACE TO GATHER?

Birthday Parties, anniversaries, holiday get-togethers, fraternity or sorority gathering, or Just looking for someplace different to go?

**FANTASTIC
PENWICK'S**
CAN FULFILL ALL
THOSE NEEDS

Featuring acoustical
entertainment.

434-3138 across from the parking



Sirloin Strip Dinners

2 for \$5.99

Offer valid with
coupon only through
11/5/79

434-1278

FROM THE WORLD'S
LARGEST FAMILY OF
STEAK RESTAURANTS

BONANZA
Family
Restaurant

SIRLOIN STRIP

2 for \$5.99

829 E. Market St. Harrisonburg, Va



Complete with baked potato,
Texas toast, and all the
salad you can make.

Chairpersons lose right to unrestricted votes

By CINDY ELMORE

A proposal to amend the Student Government Association constitution specifying that committee chairpersons can only vote in case of a tie, was passed by the senate after much debate.

Several senators feared taking the vote from committee chairpersons would reduce representation on committees, particularly the finance committee. The finance committee is comprised of two residence hall senators, two commuter senators, and two students-at-large (non-senators.)

Since this year's finance committee chairman is a

commuter, removing his vote would take half the commuters' representation on the finance committee, Bill Sulik told senators.

The chairpersons serve in a leadership position to initiate discussion and input among committee members, Lynn Tipton, constitutional revisions committee chairperson, said.

SGA TREASURER Jeff Bolander said taking the voting privilege would have the effect of "railroading" motions through committees.

But, according to chairperson pro tempore Charles Bond, the amendment will not have an effect since committee chairpersons have never voted anyway.

A related proposal to amend the SGA constitution to specify that ex-officio committee members can not vote on committees was tabled.

According to Tipton, the motion was initiated because Bolander, as ex-officio finance committee member and as executive council member, has two votes on SGA monetary decisions.

Bolander recommended the motion be tabled since he was not consulted. He also suggested that ex-officio members should have a vote by virtue of their office.

APPROVAL OF THE motion would reduce the

number of regularly voting members on the finance committee to five.

In other business, student services committee chairman Lee Owen told senators the committee defeated a proposal to recommend university issuance of bi-monthly paychecks to student employees.

Proposal passed

by Senate

after much
debate

The motion was defeated because the Accounting Office and student organizations like The Breeze would have to hire additional employees to meet the extra workload, he said.

Committee member Jim Derr added "students are going to blow their paychecks in three days whether they're issued once or twice a month."

Also defeated was a proposal recommending student input on University Program Board movie selection. The 66-member movie committee is doing a great job, and therefore additional input is unnecessary, Owen added.

A PROPOSAL ALLOWING optional student services in lieu of paying parking fines also was defeated in committee and a proposal to obtain a purebred British bulldog mascot for JMU was passed by committee and senate.

Funds are needed since British bulldogs cost anywhere from \$400 to \$600, in addition to the costs of raising the dog, Derr said, adding the committee is investigating obtaining the funds from University Relations and finding a faculty member to

keep the dog.

Sigma Phi Epsilon fraternity has attempted to obtain a school mascot for about a year, Bolander added. SPE has found a dog to buy, but needs a faculty member to keep it.

Food services committee chairman Mark Davison told senators the committee passed two proposals to allow student ID meal transfers to Duke's Grill on weekends, and at 11:30 a.m. rather 12:30 p.m. on weekdays.

According to Davison, Duke's Grill Manager Joe

Erickson is against both proposals. He told the committee that allowing meal transfers earlier for lunch would increase lines and turn away commuter students who pay cash. He also is against expanding meal transfers on weekends because the Grill needs Saturdays "to recuperate" from the week, to allow employees additional time off, and to give equipment less usage.

The committee passed the proposals because it believed the number of Saturday meal transfers would be low, and if the Grill's business increases, additional student employees can be hired, thereby benefiting students needing financial aid, Davison added.

HE ALSO ASKED SENATE members for help compiling the 2340 dining hall surveys distributed Oct. 17.

Even with the 10 food services committee members, the surveys may not be compiled by the Nov. 10 deadline, he said. The entire spring semester's menu will be compiled by Food Services Nov. 10, regardless of completion of the surveys.

Catholic Campus Ministry representative Kevin Mondloch presented 450 signatures requesting the establishment of a meditation room in the Warren University Union.

Administrative vice president Chuck Cunningham said Residence Hall Director

Lin Rose is investigating soundproofing residence hall study lounges and obtaining more comfortable and quiet areas for studying.

The SGA contingency account contains \$8546, Bolander said. He added the Black Student Alliance will request money to sponsor a national speaker for Black Awareness Month, and Honor Council will request funds to cover additional convention expenses.

THE COMMUTER student committee is forming a survey regarding landlord-

student relations and residence opportunities off-campus, CSC chairman Jeff French said.

Departmental grievance committees will be evaluated by SGA Curriculum Instruction committee, chairman Jim Watkins told senators.


Eight new senate proposals were presented at the meeting and referred to committees for consideration.

Bill Miller proposed a contest between residence halls to reduce energy consumption and generate energy consciousness, a proposal to establish a three-credit history course on the life of James Madison, and a third proposal to establish a new parking policy for the next academic year that would allow stickers on both front and rear car bumpers and on either right or left sides.

Jenny Bond proposed a \$100 allocation for the Lake Complex residence halls' Nov. 10 "Lakefest" program, Mark Kline proposed a road divider for Duke's Drive, and Lee Owen proposed reducing campus parking fines from five and 10 dollars, to three and six dollars.

A proposal to publish a brochure detailing directions to the college farm was presented by Steve Moberg, and a proposal to allow the finance committee chairman to vote in committee was presented by Bill Sulik.

DISCO
ROLLER SKATE
every
FRIDAY NIGHT
10:30 - 1:00 AM
Music By
LOCAL DISC JOCKEY
Admission Skate
\$2.00 Rental
50¢



433-1834
Harrisonburg

Where can you attend classes at

THE TOWER OF LONDON
THE BRITISH MUSEUM

With the JMU Semester in London,
of course.

Contact Roger Hall 6559 for details

THE ELBOW ROOM

Friday & Saturday, Nov. 2nd & 3rd
Original Fetish — R&R Satire

Monday, Nov. 5th College Night
Rockin' George & the Thrillers
Boogie, Swing, R&R

Tuesday, Nov. 6th
All Stars — R&B

Wednesday, Nov. 7th
Skip Casto — R&R

Friday & Saturday, Nov. 9th & 10th
Daddy's Money — R&R

**HORN'S
MINI MARKET**

★ Introducing New ★
PIELS LIGHT
1.39 6pk

Miller 12oz cans & bottles
1.99 6pk

Kegs on Request

The Phillip's "66"
Across from Valley Mall

434-8030

Room, board cost more than education here

In-state students greatest expense is \$890 for on-campus housing

by DONNA SIZEMORE

Room and board costs more than education for James Madison University students.

Tuition and fees for Virginia residence students are \$2,536 and the cost for out-of-state residence students is \$3,086, Fred Hilton said.

If you are a Virginia resident, the single greatest expense you pay is for the use of university housing. It costs \$890 to live on campus.

According to Hilton, residence halls fees go toward paying for the dormitory buildings, most of which have not been paid off.

ONCE A STUDENT decides to live on campus he is required to sign a dining contract with JMU food services. Students pay a total of \$786 for meals at Gibbons Dining Hall, Salad Plus and Dukes Grill. This money is handled directly by food services.

Tuition is the greatest expense if you happen to be an out-of-state resident. Total costs come to \$975 for non-Virginians, while state residents pay \$425 per year in tuition.

At the present time, 19 percent of JMU students are from out of state, according to Hilton. The majority of these students come from Maryland, followed by New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Delaware and West Virginia.

"Normally, we have at least one student from every state," Hilton said. "We need some out-of-state students to

add to the diversity of the campus."

However, university policy restricts out-of-state enrollment to 20 percent of overall enrollment.

Tuition fees go towards faculty salaries and everything related to academic instruction, Hilton said.

THE STATE OF Virginia contributes \$1,600 per student toward "education in general," according to Hilton. A total of about \$2,000 per student goes toward classroom instruction," he added.

Students also pay a construction fee of \$184. This money helps pay for the Warren University Union, and portions of Godwin and Chandler Halls.

According to Hilton, if a building needed by the university is to be used for academics, the state builds it, but the university must generate the funds for any other building.

The athletic fee for students is \$175. This money is used for all intercollegiate programs. It covers all non-revenue

sports and helps to augment those that raise some of their own funds, Hilton said. Athletic fees are also used to finance recreational and intramural programs, he said.

Students pay \$61 in health fees each year. These funds entitle the student to use of the health center, at which most minor medical care is performed free of charge.

EACH YEAR STUDENTS pay

\$35 in activity fees. This \$35 goes to the Student Government Association for distribution.

According to SGA President Dave Martin, fees received this year totaled \$190,000 and were allocated to nine student organizations; the SGA, the SGA Contingency Fund, The Breeze, Bluestone, University Program Board, Inter-Hall Council, Honor Council, Interfraternity Council and the Commuter Student Committee.

Each group must submit a budget to the SGA Finance Committee and present reasons why they need the funds, Martin said.

The Finance Committee decides on a recommendation concerning the proposals, and forwards it to the Senate for a vote. It then must go to the Executive Council for approval before being signed by the advisors of each group requesting funds.

ACCORDING TO MARTIN, allocation of student activity funds is based on previous performances as well as what resources are available to the group for generating funds.

For example, UPB can make money selling tickets, Martin noted, and The Breeze can sell more advertisements. "Most large scale newspapers, from what I understand, run solely on newspaper ads," Martin said, citing The Cavalier Daily as an example.

Martin also stated that the SGA doesn't have this ability to generate funds.

According to Martin, budgeting this year presented a problem because for the "first time we didn't have enough money."

THE TWO FACTORS considered when allocating funds are who would be most benefitted, and who can generate the most resources on their own, according to Martin.

Tuition and fees are determined by the Board of Visitors, according to Hilton, after recommendations from the Business and Budgeting Offices.

"It's very likely the fees will go up every year," Hilton said, adding that "a conscious effort is made by everyone to keep fees as low as we can."

According to Hilton, the major role of JMU is "to provide an excellent education at a realistic price."

ELECTRIC TYPEWRITER

TO PRACTICE ON

Term papers, resumes and theses
ALL LOOK BETTER TYPED ON AN
ELECTRIC TYPEWRITER

Available 9-5 Monday-Friday
Later hours by arrangement

SEVERAL TYPE FACES AVAILABLE
CHARGE \$1/hr 3 cents per sheet

Virginia National Bank Building
Room 614
(entrance on Main St opposite theater)

For more info or reservations
call 433-2361

VALLEY TEMPORARIES, INC.

NEW RELEASES

BLONDIE "Eat To The Beat"

ARS "Are You Ready"

JOE JACKSON "I'm The Man"

STEVE FORBERT
"Jackrabbit Slim"

OUTLAWS
"In The Eye Of The Storm"

"Good Music at
Great Prices"

M-T-W-S

9:30-6



Th-Fri

9:30-9



The AirMen of Note

WILL PRESENT A

FREE JAZZ CONCERT

in Wilson Auditorium

Wednesday, November 7 8:00 pm

Tickets may be obtained at the UPB Box Office

SALT II treaty merits contested in debate

Underlying question: will Soviet Union gain nuclear advantage?

By LANCE ROBERTS

As the SALT II treaty nears debate in the U.S. Senate, the underlying question of whether the treaty will give the Soviet Union a decisive nuclear weapons advantage over the United States is still a contested topic.

SALT II of

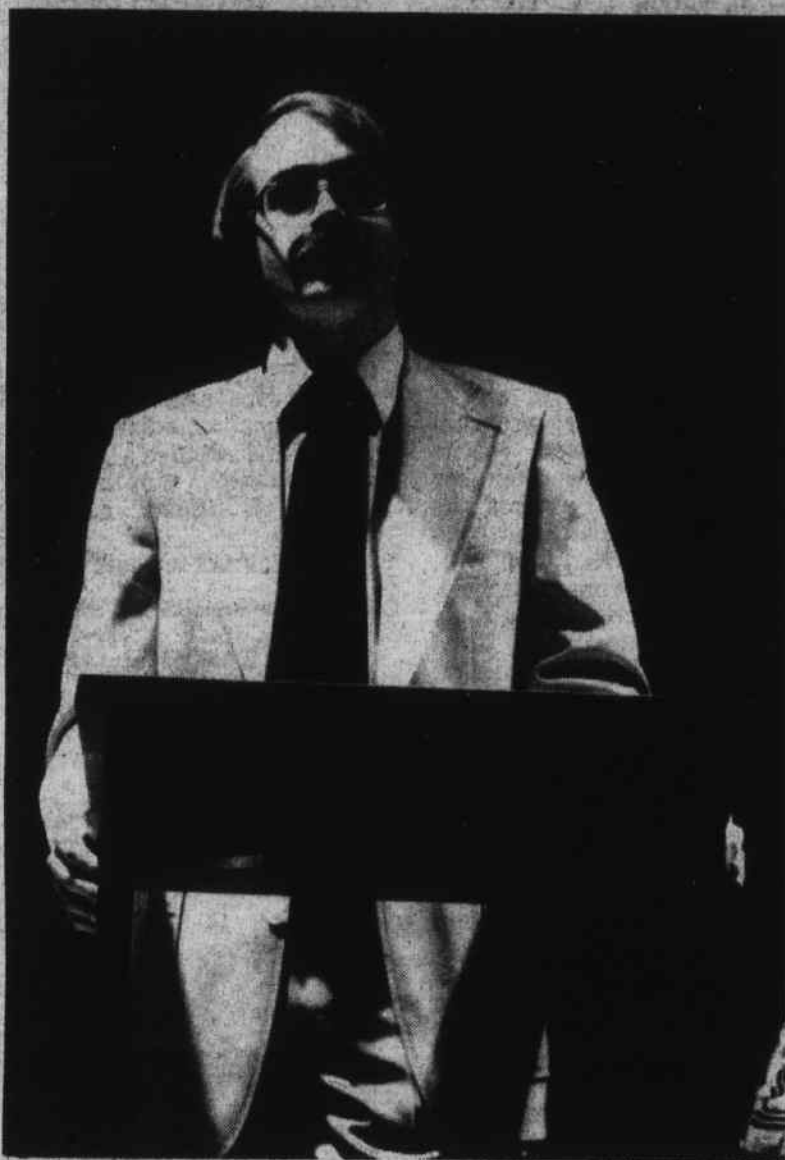
'immense benefit'

Dr. William Weber and Peter Abbott Luce debated the SALT II treaty Tuesday night in the Warren University Union. The meeting was sponsored by the Young Americans for Freedom and the International Relations Association.

Luce, the assistant to the president's Arms Resolution Committee, took a stand against the ratification of the treaty unless it is amended.

"This SALT treaty places the United States in a state of unilateral weakness," Luce said. "It is almost impossible to verify what the Soviet Union is doing in the nuclear weapons field."

IT IS LUCY'S contention that the Soviet Union is the greatest threat to peace since the rise of Nazism. "The U.S. is in a grave position anytime we accept a treaty the Soviets



IF THE SENATE rejects SALT, the Soviet Union can continue to rapidly build up its nuclear weapons as it has done in the past 15 years, Dr. William Weber said during a debate on the treaty held Tuesday in the Warren University Union.

offer," he said.

Weber, a political science professor here, favors the ratification of the SALT II agreement. He believes the Senate has three choices: reject the treaty, amend or renegotiate it, or accept it.

If the Senate rejects the treaty, the Soviet Union can continue to rapidly build-up nuclear weapons as it has in the last 15 years, said Weber. Rejection would allow the Soviets to add a fifth generation of ICBM missiles and to build missiles with 30 warheads instead of the 10 allowed under SALT II, he added.

By rejecting the treaty, Weber believes the United States would have to spend an additional \$30 billion on armament over the next 10 years. This would still leave the U.S. inferior to the Soviet Union, he said.

If the treaty is amended or renegotiated, the Soviets would see leadership in the U.S. as divided, and they would continue to build-up their nuclear arsenal, according to Weber.

HOWEVER, IF THE U.S. was to ratify SALT II, Weber said this would be of immense benefit.

"Under SALT II, by 1981 there would be a limit on the number of warheads built into missiles; there is no limit now," Weber explained. "It would limit the Soviets to one ICBM in the next six years and stop the building of large mobile missiles."

By the 1980's, the Soviet Union would have enough superiority to back the U.S. against the wall, according to Luce. "They could threaten us with nuclear war and because of the lack of civil defense in the U.S. the Soviets could kill 130 to 150 million persons while losing less than the Soviet Union lost in World War II," Luce commented.

Weber does not believe the Soviets would threaten the U.S. with nuclear war. "To think that the Soviet Union could wage war by the mid-1980's is fantasy. The United States and the Soviet Union do not want mutual destruction," he added. "The Soviets lost 20 million people in World War II and would not want that to happen again."

The real danger comes from the U.S., Weber said. If the U.S. panics and makes rash decisions concerning the SALT II treaty, it will convey an attitude which the U.S. has never displayed in the past 12 years in dealing with the Soviet Union, Weber said.

Soviets could

threaten us

with nuclear war

UNLESS THE TREATY is amended, Luce is confident that the Senate will not pass it. "It is not in rational self-interest to accept a treaty adopted by the State Department without consideration by the U.S. Senate," he said, adding that an increase in U.S. armament and provisions reducing the number of backfire bombers built by the Soviets are a few of the possible additions the Senate would make to the treaty.

If the Senate does amend or request renegotiation, Weber predicts this action would have serious consequences. It would show a lack of responsibility in the pursuit of detente, and would cause serious doubt in Western Europe. It is Weber's understanding that the major powers in Western Europe favor the SALT II agreement.

Luce is not quite sure what the sentiment of Western Europe is on SALT II. "Western Europe is under the first thrust of an attack," Luce said. "Western Europe can only survive seven days before Germany and France collapse."

While both believe the U.S. and the Soviet Union are vying for superiority, Weber believes their weapons deter the possibility of war.

"The Soviet Union is marginally ahead of the U.S. in the quantity of weapons it has, but the U.S. has superior quality," Weber said.

However, the philosophical and political information must also be analyzed, Luce said. "The Soviet Union seeks to control the world by any means available," he said. "SALT II doesn't limit this ability."

NOW YOU CAN EARN OVER \$6,500 WITH ARMY ROTC.

Before you graduate from college! Because now, you can combine service in the Army Reserve or National Guard with Army ROTC. It's called the Simultaneous Membership Program (SMP). And, depending on your academic year when you enter, SMP can help you earn over \$6,500.

Here's how it works. If you qualify and a vacancy is available, you become a member of an Army Reserve or National Guard unit as an officer trainee and, at the same time, enroll in the Army ROTC advanced course at your college. Your Reserve or Guard membership will pay you at the minimum level of Sergeant E-5, and you'll receive \$100 a month during the regular school year as an Army ROTC advanced course cadet.

At the end of your second year of advanced ROTC, you'll be commissioned a second lieutenant and, assuming there's a vacancy, serve with a Guard or Reserve unit while you complete the requirements for your college degree. Upon graduation, you may continue service with a Guard or Reserve unit while pursuing your civilian career, or you can, if you prefer, compete for active duty as an Army officer.

So if you'd like to earn over \$6,500 while you're still in college, get into SMP. Because SMP can help you do it. You can bank on it!

For further information, contact the Professor of Military Science at your school.



ARMY ROTC. ARMY NATIONAL GUARD. ARMY RESERVE.

for the two of you

FULL TILT
HAIRCUTTERS

434-1010

REDKEN

COURT
SQUARE
VILLAGE

★ Athletics

(Continued from Page 1)

but now that the proposed policy concerns equal expenditures, JMU must reexamine its funding priorities.

APPROXIMATELY \$472 is allocated for each of the 277 male athletes while each of the 263 women athletes receive an average expenditure of \$205. To equalize those per-capita expenditures means coming up with an additional \$70,136 for the women's program.

But these figures are based on the exclusion of football from the proposed guidelines. If this year's \$92,500 football program was added to the men's budget, the average expenditure for the male athlete would climb to about \$650, leading to an increase of \$116,950 for the women's program.

Heavy revenue gains or cutbacks in programs will be required of several colleges and universities across the country to comply with Title IX — and JMU is no different. "Our advantage is that historically, we've had a strong women's program with good coaches and good facilities," Carrier said. JMU offers 12 sports each to men and women. "Our disadvantage is that we have so many programs that the costs under Title IX may become a burden for all programs, especially if football is included."

CARRIER said he thinks football will be included in the policy when it is released.

At some institutions, athletic directors are discussing cutting the athletic program to a minimum number of sports and making the rest club sports, according to Dean Ehlers, JMU's

director of intercollegiate athletics.

"The first thing that will probably happen is you'll look at sports and start cutting out some of them unless you can make the pie bigger," he said.

But Carrier doesn't plan to cut any sports or turn present organized athletics into club sports.

"We're not planning to drop any sports, but when you have financial problems, you may not have any control over it," he said. The answer to equalization is increasing revenues for the athletic budget, Carrier said, adding that the university hopes to have an athletic budget of \$2 million by 1982-83.

STUDENT athletic fees, which constitute almost \$750,000 of the present \$1.4 million athletic budget, would make up 50 percent of the athletic budget three years from now, Carrier said. To accommodate equalization, ticket sales, scholarship fund contributions and costs of concessions and programs at athletic events would be increased, he said.

Another revenue-producing factor — guarantees — is related to the university's level of competition. With a guarantee, JMU is contracted for a two to four hose exchange with another institution. Since the guarantee is based either on a set amount of money or a percentage of the gate receipts, larger schools can acquire bigger revenues through guarantees, Ehlers said.

"When you're trying to make it like us, you'll take what they'll give you," he said. The biggest guarantee of the football season — with the University of Virginia — brought JMU a minimum of \$15,000 or 45 percent of the gate receipts.

The fact that men's sports do produce revenue — and much more than women's event — is a case for opponents of Title IX who believe that equalization will force institutions to cut the budgets of revenue-producing sports such as football and

basketball in order to support the entire athletic program.

"WOMEN'S programs, at this point, are not bringing as much money in as the men, but we can't hold them back because of that," Carrier said.

"Ultimately, women's basketball will bring in money."

Last year, men's basketball raised \$20,079 in gate receipts while women's basketball brought in only \$546. However, \$43,500 is being spent on the men's program this year while \$23,200 is being spent on the women.

But the quality of an institution's athletic program shouldn't be based on its budget, or the number of scholarships it awards its players, according to Morrison. The fact that JMU, historically a women's school, didn't offer scholarships to its women athletes until three years ago doesn't bother Morrison, even though the men began receiving athletic scholarships seven or eight years ago.

"I don't believe in spending money for the sake of spending money," she said. "You let people learn what they're doing and go into it with reason."

WOMEN athletes here were phased into scholarships in order to acquire the best participants, she said, but now scholarships are often necessary to lure good athletes here in highly competitive sports.

The women's program is still phasing into scholarships.

Twenty women are on athletic scholarships this year, compared to 11 last year. The maximum in basketball allowed by the Association of Intercollegiate Athletics for Women is 12, the number Morrison hopes to acquire in the next three years.

More scholarships are given in women's basketball because of heavy competition with other schools giving scholarships, Morrison said.

At the same time, the football program will be in-

creasing its scholarships awards in order to compete with other schools, Ehlers said.

Twenty-five full scholarships are being given this year, but 75 are needed to enable JMU to compete on a Division I level, he said.

"BY THE very nature of the game, you need numbers. But if we want to compete in Division I in field hockey, I believe we'd only have to give 25 to 30 full scholarships," he said.

According to Ehlers, there's a simple, yet unrealistic, solution to the problem of increasingly competitive scholarships awards and the subsequent equalization of men's and women's athletic expenditures — eliminate the concept of athletic scholarships.

"I don't think it would affect

the level of competition at all...you'd be selling the university and its programs, instead of its sports," Ehlers said.

"You'd have to do it nationwide and it will never happen," he said. "That's the worst thing about this business, you're always keeping up with the Joneses. It's a disease we can't get rid of."

But maybe Ehlers won't have to worry, at least about Title IX's per-capita equalization efforts — officials at the University of Maryland have indicated in that campus newspaper that they believe the proposed guidelines will never be enacted. And that save Maryland about \$250,000 in bringing their women's programs up to their men's.

Educational Skills Development Lab

A PLACE TO FOCUS

For Aid
In The
Following:



Study Skills-
(Preparing for and taking exams)

Term Papers
(How to do research
and write a term paper)

Dealing With Math Panic

Building Spelling and Vocabulary

New Groups In Each
Area Soon To Begin

Individual Work In These
Areas Always Available

Tutors For Most Subjects
At JMU Available

For More Information

Contact Counseling And Student
Development Center, 2nd Floor
Alumnae, Phone 6552.

Athletic lobby prefers autonomy

By DONNA SIZEMORE

Advocates and opponents to the now defunct Department of Health, Education and Welfare's (HEW) interpretations of Title 9, organized in January 1979 under the auspices of National Athletic Lobbying, a concept which could affect athletic programs in colleges and universities throughout the country.

The concept of National Athletic Lobbying began in early 1979 at a meeting of the National Collegiate Athletic Association (NCAA) held in San Francisco, according to Dean Ehlers, athletic director at James Madison University.

Ehlers stated that the only active participation which JMU has taken in National Athletic Lobbying was in the form of a letter of endorsement sent by President Ronald Carrier to the originators of the Sanford Plan.

The Sanford Plan adheres to the basic idea that universities and colleges would undertake their own implementation of Title 9, according to Ehlers.

A study would be made of both women's and men's athletics and a plan developed. A committee would be formed to act as the "watchdog."

How did I feel when I had lunch at that new place in town, instead of going to the VILLAGE PUB?

RIPPED OFF



Why should I wait a half hour and pay \$3.50 for a plain egg omelette when I can get one right away for \$2.15 at the PUB! Or - why pay as much as \$1.00 more for PIZZA at the chain places when I can get better pizza from home town folks at the PUB? From now on I'll go to the PUB!

GOOD FOOD AT PRICES I CAN AFFORD EVERY DAY!

Village Pub

Main Street Downtown



Precision At A Discount.

(For students only.)

Come by for a special student discount card. It's good for a whole year, and entitles you to 10% off any Command Performance service. Including our precision haircut.

Precision haircutting is our technique for cutting the hair in harmony with the way it grows. So as it grows it doesn't lose its shape. Your haircut will look as good after five days as it does after five minutes.

A precision haircut with shampoo and blow-dry costs just fourteen dollars for guys or gals, less 10% of course. We also offer permanent waves, coloring, frosting and conditioning. No appointment needed, just come in.

Take advantage of our offer, it's precisely what you need.

Command Performance
1979 First International Services Corp.

Valley Mall, Harrisonburg
Highway 33 East

Mon-Sat 10-9 433-1120

Landlord rating survey compiled for commuters

By KATHY HOPKINS

"When students come here for the first time, there is a great deal of confusion about where to rent."

A commuter student survey has been compiled by Christopher Janosik to provide incoming James Madison University students

with a landlord-apartment complex rating system, according to Jeff French, chairman of the Commuter Student Committee.

Survey questions were taken from the best surveys of surrounding universities and colleges. The survey has four parts: a general description, which includes information about deposits, rent and sub-leasing; external construction quality; internal construction quality; and landlord-tenant relationships.

Commuter students should take the time to answer these surveys honestly and thoroughly when they receive them, French said. As information is received an overall survey will be compiled and will be available for new JMU students at the CSC office.

Jo Reider of the Association for Retarded Citizens asked that the CSC sponsor a couple to dance in the Dance 'til DARC dance-a-thon, which will be held Nov. 16 through 17.

First prize will be a \$100 selection of today's top albums, plus a \$100 gift certificate to Musicland. Second prize will be a \$100 gift certificate to Blue Mountain Records. A \$50 gift certificate to Blue Mountain Records will be the third prize.

Two kegs of beer will be given to the top dorm, the top fraternity or sorority, and the top club or organization in the dance-a-thon.

For more information students should contact Becky Rinker at 433-4469 or Jo Reider at 433-4951.

Old Virginia Ham Cafe
Specializing in Country Cooking
special luncheons--chops--chicken
seafood--variety of salads and
sandwiches--Virginia ham
-delicious breakfasts-
Mon-Sat 6:30 am-2:00 pm
W Market St. 434-6572

Because of other interests

Lee Lee's

is going out of business

Beginning Now

Everything in the in the back room

is 60% - 75% Off

1/4-1/3-1/2 Off Everything in

Front Of Store

Scarves and Shawls	1/4 off
Sweaters -	1/3 off
Skirts -	1/3 off
Pants	1/3 off
Jewelry (14 K)-	1/4 off
Evening Bags	1/2 off

STOP IN WELCOMES STUDENTS

Stop
In

- ★ Kegs
- ★ Ice
- ★ Health and Beauty Aids
- ★ Hot and Cold Sandwiches
- ★ Plenty of gas for your car

- ★ Pizzas
- ★ Candy
- ★ Soft Drinks
- ★ Magazines

★ Beer Sales EVERY week ★

Tuborg 6 pk bottles	1.79
Old Mil 6 pk bottles	1.79
Budweiser 12 pk	4.39

24 hr film service Complete line of snacks 434-7444



Hughes

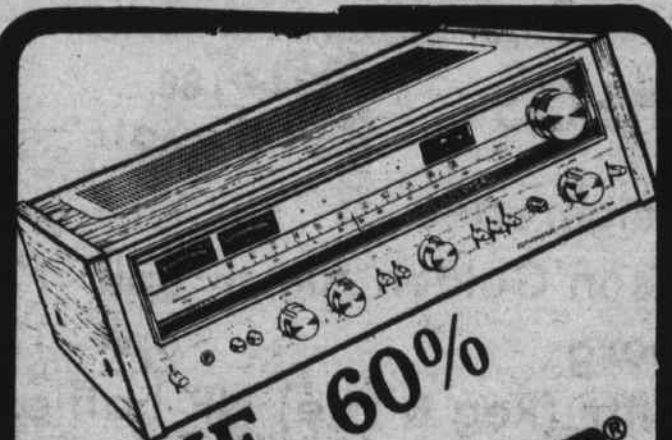


Luigi's

JMU

JOBS AVAILABLE

10 Hour work scholarship position in the Warren
University available Some office experience
desirable Must be willing to work weekends
Come by WUU or call 6329



SAVE 60%
ON PIONEER
RECEIVERS

★ When purchased in selected
systems with speakers, turntable,
cartridge.

ace
ELECTRIC CO.

26 Pleasant Hill Rd.
Harrisonburg, 434-4722

Announcements

UPPING PROPERTIES will be given Tuesday, April 24 at 4 p.m. for P.E. 60. Please call 662-1111 for more information.

A WORKSHOP on canoeing will be held April 23, at Camp O' Woods, Palmyra, Va. Interested persons should call 662-1111 for more information.

POCKET CALCULATOR lost in the planetarium. Reward offered. Call 6235 with description.

AUCTIONS for the drama department's production of Oscar Wilde's "The Importance of Being Earnest" will be held in the Vampler Experimental Theatre this Friday and Monday.

VIRGINIA NATIONAL bank customers should fill in a "change of address" card and mail it to the bank's office this May and Summer Session.

ANNOUNCE IN BREEZE

Art works

Designing Interiors is the title of the show that will be exhibiting in Art Works Gallery downtown from Nov. 4-17. The opening reception will be on Nov. 7 from 7-8 p.m. and the public is invited. The Gallery is located at 301 S. Main St. in the rear of the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Historical Society.

Film program

On Nov. 5 at 4 p.m. in the Union Room D there will be a program on "Controlling Interest: The World of the Multinational Corporation"—a film focusing on the effects of multinationals and the question of development in Brazil, Chili and the Dominican Republic, devoting

particular attention to U.S. foreign policy decisions.

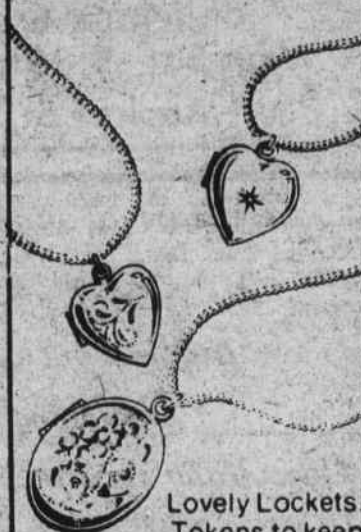
Jazz concerts

The JMU Department of Music is presenting an evening of big band jazz on Nov. 8 at 8 p.m. in Wilson Hall. This concert includes the jazz ensemble, Madisonian combo, and the Quintones, a new vocal jazz addition this year. The jazz ensemble has already been active this year, playing concerts in the Tidewater area. They are also hosting an exchange concert at JMU with the Virginia Tech Jazz Ensemble on Nov. 16 in Wilson, and will travel to Tech later this year. Both concerts are free, and the are open to the public.

Music Dept.

The JMU Department of Music is presenting the Flute Choir Concert on Nov. 2 at 3 p.m. in Wilson Hall.

Once,
I had a
secret love...



Lovely Lockets.
Tokens to keep
love "close to the heart
of thee" whether given or
received. Many others to
choose from in 14K Gold,
12K Gold Filled or
Sterling Silver.

Glassner
JEWELERS

Valley Mall
Harrisonburg

THE BODY SHOP

Lay-away now for
Christmas

Men's & Ladies Shirts, Tops,
& Sweaters

Men's & Ladies Down Vests
& Jackets

Ladies Dresses
& Danskin Tops



UNIVERSITY MARKET

1/2 Mile East of Howard Johnson's on Port Republic Road

KEGS

434-9188
Thurs. - Sat.

ICE

All cigarettes		3.84
Molson Golden Ale	6pk 12oz	2.49
Tuborg	6pk 12oz	1.59
Schlitz (Reg & Lite) NR bottles		1.99
Piels Light	6pk 12oz bottles	1.39
Heineken		3.59
Pabst Blue Ribbon	12oz 24 cans	6.89
Old Milwaukee		
Blue Ribbon	Bar Bottles	5.95 plus deposit
Budweiser	Bar Bottles	7.69 plus deposit
Pepsi 2 liter		.99
Bologna (Big Boy)		.79
Hot Dogs (Virginia Valley)	2lb	1.69

**BRIGHTEN UP
YOUR DORM
WITH PLANTS!**

WE HAVE A BEAUTIFUL
SELECTION OF GREEN &
FLOWERING PLANTS, POTS,
MACRAME POT SLINGS,
PLANT BOOKS & ACCESSORIES

Harrisonburg Garden Center

2065 S. MAIN DAILY 8-5:30
434-5136 SUN. 12-5

Ciro's

New York Style Pizza
★ ★ Best Prices in Town ★ ★

	Large	Medium	Small
Cheese	4.00	3.50	2.75
1 Topping	4.75	4.25	3.25
2 Toppings	5.50	5.00	3.75
3 Toppings (or more)	6.25	5.50	4.25

50¢ Off Any Pizza
with coupon
Offer expires Oct. 31

\$.55 a slice (plus .15 a topping)
STEAK SUBS \$1.70 plus extra for topping

CIRO'S EASY CARRY-OUT
778 E. Market
Tuesday-Thurs. 11:00-12:00
Friday, Saturday & Monday 11:00-1:00am

**save
40%**

**14k Gold
Serpentine
Chains**

Great separately...
or as an ensemble.

15" Neckchain
\$42 value **\$24.95**

18" Neckchain
\$49.95 value **\$29.95**

7" Bracelet
\$24.95 value **\$14.95**

Loop Earrings
\$39.95 value **\$23.95**

LAYAWAY NOW
Divided payments
30 day charge

Major Credit
Cards Honored

**Henebry's
Fine Jewelers**

Short Takes

'This is a game!'

WASHINGTON (AP)—The National Basketball Association announced officially Wednesday that the 1980 all-star game will be played Sunday, Feb. 3, at the Capital Centre in suburban Maryland, the first time the contest has been held in the Washington area.

Larry O'Brien, NBA commissioner, told a luncheon that "this is our centerpiece... our mid-season showcase. This is a game in the true sense of the word... a true contest."

The Washington Bullets will begin accepting mail orders for tickets on Thursday, team president Abe Pollin said.

Ticket prices are \$17.50, \$14 and \$10.

Negotiating

WASHINGTON (AP)—The Air Force research chief said Wednesday the United States probably could develop a workable laser beam weapon against some Soviet satellites within about four years.

But Lt. Gen. Thomas P. Stafford said, "we would hope to negotiate a treaty" with the Soviet Union that would ban such weapons.

A high-intensity laser generates a concentrated beam of light that scientists say could burn out a satellite's electronic circuits and key equipment, thus disabling it. The United States also has explored the possibility of using lasers against hostile missiles and planes.

Stafford said laser weapons could become a reality long before what some people call "killer rays," which use charged-particle beams. The problem of translating laboratory research on charged-particle beams into usable hardware is "a tough one," he said.

Stafford said the Russians are doing research on beam weapons, "as we are." He did not indicate whether the United States or the Soviet Union is ahead.

"If we really wanted to push on it, we could probably prototype an anti-satellite system" using high-intensity lasers in 4 or 4½ years, Stafford said. "The technology is pretty much at hand," he said.

Olympic players

NORFOLK (AP)—Three members of Old Dominion University's national championship women's basketball team have been invited to compete in final trials for the 1980 U.S. Olympic team.

Jan Twombly, Anne Donovan and Nancy Lieberman will vie for spots on the U.S. team March 26-28 at Colorado Springs.

'Sacrificial lamb'

NORFOLK (AP)—A circuit court judge has refused to sentence as an adult a 16-year-old boy who stabbed a widow more than 25 times and tried to strangle her during a robbery.

Instead, Judge John Winston ordered the Scottish youth treated as a juvenile offender.

The sentence means that Gary W. Reid can be held no longer than five years and probably will be sent to a state learning center.

Prosecutor Waverly Jones Tuesday had strongly urged a long sentence in an adult prison. The boy, who pleaded guilty to the charges could have received a life sentence.

"He bent the knife into a 'U' as he stabbed it into Cora Lewis' body," Jones said. "It is absolutely amazing that she managed to survive."

"There is a very dangerous young man before this court," he said.

The judge said he was "mindful of the demands of the public that it be spared the behavior of juveniles such as Gary William Reid."

But he said he was reluctant to send a 16-year-old to an adult prison.

Sherry Romulus, a probation officer assigned to study the case, said the slim, boyish-looking defendant might not survive if placed with adult convicts. The boy should not be made a "sacrificial lamb," she said.

Pro-nuke

BARNWELL, S.C. (AP)—Nuclear energy is no bugaboo in Barnwell County, South Carolina, where the country's last operating commercial nuclear burial ground is located.

Folks here support nuclear power. They just don't want to live in the nation's nuclear dump.

To that effect, Gov. Dick Riley on Wednesday ordered a 50 percent reduction in the amount of low-level nuclear waste that may be buried in South Carolina, a two-year process to begin immediately.

At a news conference in Columbia, S.C., Riley said the Barnwell site will continue to accept all low-level nuclear waste generated in South Carolina, but will reduce shipments from other states.

Riley had foreshadowed the decision last week, telling reporters his state would not absorb the waste turned away from Washington state and Nevada, who governors closed disposal sites there.

A month ago, low-level nuclear wastes generated in the United States were trucked to just three sites: 15 percent to the Hanford site near Richland, Wash.; 5 percent to Beatty, Nev.; and 80 percent to Barnwell, with more than half of that coming from the Northeast.

Who done it?

ALEXANDRIA (AP)—A man accused of capital murder in the death of Roanoke realtor John N. Gardner took the stand in his retrial here Tuesday and blamed his younger brother for the 1977 slaying.

An eight-woman, four-man jury was expected to begin deliberations Tuesday afternoon to decide whether Major Henry Johnson Jr., 28, is guilty of capital murder and should be sentenced to die in the electric chair.

Near tears and with his voice cracking, Johnson told an Alexandria Circuit Court jury Wednesday he had planned to rob Gardner and leave him tied up. He said he did not plan to kill him.

"I have a heart that says I'm guilty of something, but I am not guilty of taking another man's life," Johnson said.

He said he was stunned when his younger brother, David, 24, pulled a gun during the December 1977 robbery and shot Gardner.

"For the rest of my life, I'll always feel I could have prevented it. I never would have believed my brother David would do something like this," Johnson said.

Both brothers have given several conflicting statements on who fired the fatal shots.

The jury must determine which brother killed Gardner.

Safety first

NEW YORK (AP)—Americans disagree with a major finding of the president's commission on Three Mile Island, saying that no more nuclear power plants should be built until safety issues are resolved, an Associated Press-NBC News poll shows.

Majority sentiment for a moratorium on nuclear power plant construction is not a result of the accident at the Three Mile Island plant earlier this year. At most, the accident appears to have intensified the existing support found for such a moratorium in an AP-NBC News poll late last year.

The AP-NBC News poll on nuclear power is based on telephone interviews with 1,600 adults across the country on Oct. 15 and 16, well before the release of the commission's report Tuesday.

Each of the respondents was asked: "Do you agree or disagree with the following statement: 'No more nuclear power plants should be built in this country until questions about safety are resolved, even though some say this will mean energy shortages within 10 years?'"

In the interviews this month, 57 percent agreed with such a moratorium and 36 percent disagreed. Seven percent were not sure.

around the nation, around the world

GOLDEN CORRAL

Family Steak House

1580 South Main



STUDENT SPECIAL

Get 10% OFF with J.M.U. I.D.

Monday thru Wednesday

Come by & Give Us A Try

While This Offer Lasts

"We have a steak in your future"

MIDWAY

157 Warsaw Ave.

Turn at Light at
JMU's Front Entrance

Miller 12 oz. 2.10

Schlitz 12 oz. 1.99

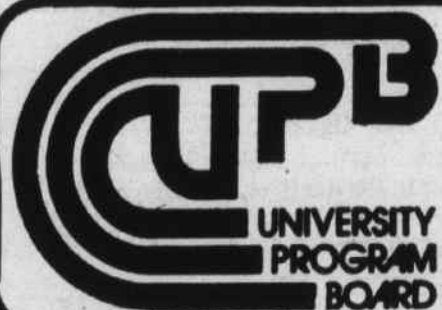
Nat Bohemian 1.59

Piels Light 1.59

★ under new management

Sun- Thurs. til 12

Fri- Sat til 1:00



UPCOMING EVENTS

"POCKETS"
SOUL BAND
FRIDAY, NOV. 9 8P.M.
Wilson Hall
\$1.00 w/ ID \$3.00 Public



TONIGHT IN CONCERT
CHUCK MANGIONE
GODWIN HALL
8 P.M.

The Center Attic
COFFEEHOUSE

WHETSTONE
RUN



GONE WITH THE WIND



TUES. & WED. Nov. 6 & 7
7:30 P.M. \$1.00 W/ID



THURSDAY, NOV. 8
8:30, P.M. \$1.00

FT. LAUDERDALE FOR SPRING BREAK!!!!

8 DAYS—7 NIGHTS from MARCH 1-8
LEAVE FROM DULLES AIRPORT

★★ MORE DETA DETAILS AT UPB OFFICE ★★

FOREIGN DOMESTIC
CUSTOM
AUTO REPAIR
182 Patterson St. (near JMU)
434-7133
GET READY FOR WINTER

A&P



Schiltz NR's 6pk. 1.79

Pepsi 8pk 16 oz. bottles 1.09
plus deposit

Heinz Catsup 32 oz. .89

Vlassic Kosher Pickles .99
(spears & dills)

Ann Page Salad Olives
24oz. 1.99

Ann Page Apple Juice
Quart 2 for 1.00

Keebler Fudge Sticks & Strips
12oz .99

A&P Soup (tomatoes., veg
chicken noodle , cream of
mushroom) 10.5 oz cans 4-1.00

A&P Saltines 16 oz

Bananas 4lb 1.00

2lb of carrots .49

Broccoli bunch .79

Gwaltney Great Dogs .99lb

Sliced Slab Bacon .89

A&P Lunch Meat (assorted)
(3oz.) .59

Chef- Boy ar -dee Pizzas
.89 ea.

A&P Yogart 6oz 3/.89

Veal Sausages .69lb

update

Chrysalis proposals and pass-fail options

One year ago...

(The Breeze, October 27, 1978)

After a lengthy executive session and a roll call vote, the SGA upheld Tuesday the executive council's decision to send only one Chrysalis representative to a convention in Houston, Texas.

The move came after Dave Imre of the University Program Board refused to apologize for the Jay-Em-You Homecoming Revue, as requested by Dean Honeycutt of the Breeze. Imre received applause from the Senate after his refusal.

Honeycutt felt the vote of the Senate may have been influenced by this reaction to his Breeze review.

Senator Doug Wesson made the initial proposal that the Senate veto the decision of the executive council and instead increase the allocation of funds to the literary magazine from \$278 to \$531 so that more than one representative would be able to attend the 54th Annual Collegiate Press Convention Oct. 26-28.

The Senate vote was 24-14 in favor of increasing funds for the Chrysalis, but the vote did not constitute the two-thirds majority necessary to override a veto.

Five years ago...

(The Breeze, November 5, 1974)

The current pass-fail option at Madison will be reviewed for its validity it was decided at a meeting of the Commission of Undergraduate Studies.

The number of students taking courses on a pass-fail basis has been on the increase since the program was initiated in fall, 1971. In 1971, 558 courses were taken pass-fail whereas this semester 1,512 courses were chosen for this pass-fail option.

This semester approximately 1,350 students are taking courses pass-fail. The most popular department for the option is Physical Education with 276 students currently taking pass-fail courses. Its number has risen because of a new rule stating that any student regardless of completed hours or cumulative average, could take a P.E. class pass-fail.

The second most popular department is History with 232 students opting for pass-fail.

About a year ago, members of the faculty expressed concern about the pass-fail system. They reported they could not analyze a student's lower grade, whether it was due to lack of understanding or simply because they were taking the course pass-fail.

Today

(The Breeze, November 2, 1979)

Chrysalis, the JMU literary magazine, has undergone another battle this year to obtain funds to send representatives to the Associated convention. Chrysalis was rejected 5-1 by SGA Finance Committee on October 4 on a request for \$840 to send two representatives to the San Francisco convention. To show student support of the magazine the Chrysalis staff collected 1,000 signatures. Honeycutt prepared a speech to present before the Senate on October 9 in an attempt to gain financial support.

The convention was scheduled for October 25-27 and Honeycutt planned a revised proposal asking for \$365 to send one representative to the convention. He was denied the opportunity to make his proposal because it was said to violate Article 9 of the Constitution.

Gil Salyer, chairman of the Finance Committee believed that annually allocating funds to Chrysalis to send representatives to the convention constituted the Chrysalis using SGA funding as a "frequent financial tool."

Today

(The Breeze, November 2, 1979)

The Pass-Fail Option at James Madison University was altered and renamed credit-no credit in April, 1975.

In order to receive credit for a credit-no credit course, grade of "C" is required. This ensured that the student will "make an effort," the dean of admissions said.

The most popular departments for credit-no credit are History and Physical Education, according to Dr. Fay Reubush, the dean of admissions. There are currently 101 students using this option in History and 98 in P.E.

Credentials for taking a course credit-no credit are: student must have completed 28 credit hours and have a cumulative average of at least 2.25. There are "more seniors" than undergrads taking courses this way, Reubush said.

The credit-no credit option give students a chance to "explore areas" that are unfamiliar to him, Reubush said. If used in that way it can be "very productive," she added.



*Captain
Graham's*

BEER,
WINE,
AND COCKTAILS

Seafood Restaurant

885 E. Market St. 434-4023

Anyone Can SELL Seafood
We SPECIALIZE in Seafood

Every Week ALL YOU CAN EAT SPECIALS

MON.	Steamed Shrimp	6.95
TUES.	Crab Cakes	6.59
WED.	Fried Oysters	5.95
THURS.	Fried Clams	5.95
FRI.	Steamed Shrimp	6.95
SAT.	Fried Flounder	5.25
SUN.	Fried Oysters	5.95

Includes Cole Slaw, French Fries & Hush Puppies

Folio Arts & People

Students make 'Bow Room debut

By KEVIN CROWLEY

Lokeswari, a band consisting of five JMU students, introduced a variety of rock n' roll to the traditionally blues oriented Elbow Room crowd last Monday night.

Despite a sparse, but responsive crowd, the group delivered a fairly energetic performance through three sets, consisting primarily of popular rock, but including some Marshall Tucker country, Little Feat boogie and an original jazz instrumental.

Lokeswari features keyboardist Will Kaplan, drummer David D'Agostino, bassist Tim Hayes, and guitarist Dave Sebree. Connie Vaughan handles vocals with complete proficiency.

Vaughan's voice is powerful and her range seemingly unlimited. It would be quite easy to cast her somewhere between Linda Rondstadt and Bonnie Raitt, but that would be a cop-out. Vaughan's ability is unique, and she will surely develop a style of her own with the benefit of more original material.

THE BAND opened the show with Santana's "Well Alright," a reggae-rocker which highlighted Sebree's guitar.

The guitar sound coming from Sebree's 1958 Les Paul was crystal clear, shrill and loud, loud, loud. Far too loud to be appreciated, which, considering Sebree's quickness and manipulation of

chords, is unfair to his audience.

The first included two original Lokeswari tunes. "Cloudy Love," written and sung by Vaughan, was a slow country-sounding ballad in the tradition of the early Eagles. Vaughan also played acoustic guitar and here displayed to the crowd for the first time that night the depth of her

'To borrow a phrase from a legendary band, these kids are all right.'

vocal ability. Most Lokeswari first-timers, like myself, were awed.

Tim Hayes provided a very mellow background vocal. Hayes seems to really understand the melodic essence of the background vocal, but his vocal leads leave something to be desired; mainly melody, since each one of his leads was not sung, but shouted at the audience.

"Lauri," a jazzy instrumental written by Sebree, began slowly with his carefully picking out each reverberating chord. As the

pace of the song picked up, however, so did the volume of Sebree's lead, and once again temporary deafness set in.

WITH THE predominantly "townie" crowd screaming for the "Dead," the group obliged with a respectable version of "Friend of the Devil." Kaplan, the most versatile member of the group, took over the lead vocals and added some rhythmic guitar. His lead was smooth and the audience was temporarily satisfied.

Kaplan's keyboard work is good, very good in fact, but his solos came in such quick, short bursts, they were over virtually before anyone realized they had started.

Other selections worth noting were:

Steely Dan's "Bodisafsa," undoubtedly the best group effort of the evening, with its dueling guitar and keyboard leads.

"Elizabeth Reed" by the Allman Brothers, which opened the second set with some amazingly quick guitar riffs and showed just how slick Sebree could be.

And the classic "Me and Bobby McGee," which began with wailing, bluesy vocal lead by Vaughan, before the musicians took over and broke into one of the tightest jams of the show.

ALTHOUGH not given the solo opportunities of the other three members, Hayes and D'Agostino provided more



LOKESWARI, a JMU student rock group, played the Elbow Room with only six months of preparation.

than the basic backbeat for the band. The two are fine musicians in their own right and a vital part of the group.

For the final song of the third set, Lokeswari donned Hawaiian leis and surprised everyone with a rousing rock 'n' roll version of the theme from "Hawaii Five-0."

Together as a group for

barely six months, Lokeswari is still searching for their own sound, while mastering covers of songs by established bands. They are solid professionals and if they remain together, they could be on the brink of widespread exposure.

To borrow a phrase from a legendary band, the Who, these kids are all right.

A frightful failure

'Halloween' relies on trite, tedious formula

By ROBERT SUTTON

People very much enjoy getting the hell scared out of them. There are endless explanations of this, from sadism to catharsis, but whatever the reason, there is no denying that fear is getting more and more popular. Allen, Dawn of the Dead, and The Amityville Horror were some of this year's most successful films, and now one of last year's, John Carpenter's Halloween, has been pulled out for a second run.

The horror film is not a new development, having been around nearly as long as film itself, but in the past two decades a new and especially vicious strain of the genre has evolved. Before the '60's the horror film was basically a sub-genre of the gothic tale, filled with swirling fog and musty old houses and thickly romantic in nature.

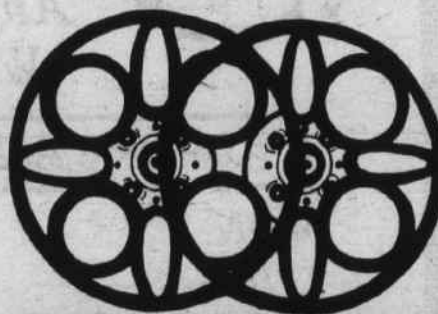
Then Alfred Hitchcock made Psycho and the rules of the game were changed. A filmmaker had concentrated his entire arsenal of talents on scaring his audience as profoundly as possible. Then a kind of race seemed to be on

lead, for a time, by Fuller's Shock Corridor and Aldrich's Whatever Happened to Baby Jane?, until George A. Romero, in 1969 showed what could be done when romanticism and taste were totally left behind with Night of the Living Dead, and beat them all.

B-MOVIES have been trying to top that ever since, until now the sight of severed limbs and gushing blood has become just as cliched as the cobwebbed castles were. But the people still flock to them, for these are not really films at all, but events. Audience

reactions to them differ from their reactions to "ordinary" films. A challenge is sent from the audience to the screen, which consists of the claim that the audience will not be scared and they will not believe what the screens portrays; it is up to the

filmmaker to accept that challenge and try to take the audience by force. In such a situation, subtlety is not going to flourish, and formulas are bound to develop. But originality is not really in question here; these films are not to be judged as works of art, but as games



played between the audience and the filmmaker.

John Carpenter, taking Brian De Palma's place as the most over-rated young filmmaker in the country, has given us a film that fills all the necessary requirements. It is almost an encyclopedia of

modern horror film cliches, which might explain why it received so much critical acclaim. (The critics seem to love predictability and imitation in this genre, calling it "homage.")

"HALLOWEEN" begins with the obligatory knife murder, committed by the obligatory small child, and continues to fulfill its obligations with tedious faithfulness. Of course the lunatic will grow up and escape to terrorize a neighborhood in the way lunatics do only in myths heard in junior high. Ever since Jaws one of the

most essential cliches has been the one which has the authorities not believing in the danger, and don't expect Carpenter to leave that one out. But then Carpenter can't be too interested in believability when he has the killer drive everywhere in a

car stolen from an asylum—with the asylum's name in large letters on its side—without anyone noticing.

Naturally he picks a group of pretty babysitters to terrorize. The film again recalls those junior high myths, by having the killer strike only at those girls committing supposedly immoral acts, like making love and enjoying it.

It is here that the film becomes both sociologically disturbing and morally reprehensible. Disturbing because the audience must be made up of young people who do exactly what the young people in this film do, and yet enjoying watching their counterparts slaughtered by a motiveless maniac. Reprehensible because of its probably unintentional, puritanical morality. The film seems to be saying, literally, "If you're a bad girl, the boogeyman will get you."

BUT THIS is not playing by the rules, for the horror film game takes no account of morality. Carpenter always

(Continued on Page 14)

Loggins wins the audience but loses fans on the way

By CHARLES DAMBOWIC

Performers like to know what their audiences are thinking. Kenny Loggins went a step beyond—he controlled his.

Last Saturday Loggins received every response that he could have asked for. Anyone who has ever appeared on stage, in any capacity, has dreamed of getting the very same type of acceptance from a crowd—the applause, the laughter, and the screaming, are the most welcome appraisal of any performance.

The show opened with The Marshall Chapman Band. Its lead singer, Marshall Chapman, a six foot tall blond bombshell in tight jeans, gave a very loud performance. But her symphony of noise tended to become a bit tedious.

The band had a totally visual effect, unless you had the great stamina necessary to put up with the vulgar grunts and groans its singers emitted. Chapman did, however, manage to prepare the audience for Loggins, leaving him with an extreme to deal with and not much to compete against. She provided him a perfect overture with her electroshock music (a wake which most present seemed to enjoy) so that you knew just what not to expect from the star.

HIS MUSIC was no exception to the performance, getting the same positive response Chapman received throughout the show. Even though he started off with unintelligible noises, breathing and screeching into his microphone with all the grace and finesse of an obscene phone caller, he got standing ovations (beginning with his entrance) and by the end of

the evening people were up on their chairs, clapping and stomping their feet.

Loggins finally took over the stage (once he stopped pushing the air out of his lungs in the forceful gesture of someone yelling something with great conviction, and having nothing at all to say) and let his voice come out of his throat to flow through the auditorium for the rest of the concert.

Loggins played such favorites as "House on Pooh Corner" and "Easy Driver" to a full house at Godwin Hall, as well as cuts from his new album, "Keep the Fire," which hasn't been released yet. Some of these new songs ("This Is It" and "Love Has Come Of Age") have already been released to radio stations.

LOGGINS' new music, including his new love ballads, seems to be just what most of his fans were afraid of. He comes across as a typical commercial artist with the same inaudible, dull, meaningless lyrics whenever he sings these new songs. You get none of the good feelings experienced when you listened to his older classics ("Danny's Song" for instance).

The vocals were good overall, but the instrumentals ran too long at times and sounded like something which you would expect to hear from an oriental music box. Notes began to come at you like a hammer hitting a gong, and made your head ring till you prayed for that song to end and the next to begin.

JMU, the last stop on the tour, gave him three encores, and was the best audience that he's had, according to Loggins. "We saved the best for the last..." Loggins said.

Jackson plays bona-fide blues

By MIKE SHUTTY

He climbed on stage with a broad smile and remarked rather modestly, "I don't know very much, a little bit here, and a little bit there," and then he sat down and played some of the best old-time blues James Madison University has experienced since Roy Bookbinder's performance last year. John Jackson is clearly a bluesman in the traditional sense, from his blue vest and gentleman's hat to his weathered Gibson acoustic.

Jackson opened with an original tune, "Brown Skin Mama Blues," a plantation piece which exemplified the country blues flavor which he was to further cultivate throughout the night. From the onset, Jackson displayed great energy and enthusiasm—rocking in his chair and rhythmically tapping his feet.

"I FEEL real good; I feel real happy—I'm having a good time at it, enjoy myself a whole lot," he laughed.

In his offhand fashion, Jackson treated the audience to a seemingly endless repertoire of old blues including Blind Blake's "Bootleg Blues," and of more recent vintage, Doc Watson's "Brown Ferry Blues."

Since "everybody's playing river songs," mused Jackson, he introduced one of his own called "Red River Blues"—a 20s style blues reminiscent of the New Orleans' riverboat era. The majority of the tunes performed were his own, many of which are on his new LP, including "Mule Skin Blues" and "Red Led."

"I knows a lot of John Jackson," he would laugh.

HIS VOCALS were loud and deep. Jackson's gruffness was provoking and seemed to come directly from his heart and soul. The lyrics were humorous in their straightforwardness and simplicity: "My bucket gots a hole in it, can't buy no beer."

Jackson exhibited great musicianship both in style and dexterity. His fingerpicking technique was clean and effective in producing smooth melodies. He would intersperse tasty little runs between verses in a complementing fashion. Many times Jackson would just expand on a chordal thought by quickly changing positions and twisting chords into the tangiest inversions.

Especially noteworthy was his original instrumental, "Break Down," where he smoothly altered the basic progression to give it a jazz texture of 13ths and minor 9ths. He did all this while grinning candidly.

"No one ever taught me anything. I started

playing when I was 4 or 5 years old," he stated proudly.

"I QUIT playing in 1946, and I didn't get back playing any more 'til '64. I quit 'cause there weren't no demand for this music... didn't start to play again until the man discovered me playing in a gas station. I've been at it ever since," Jackson explains.

John Jackson is originally from Tappan County, Va., where he was raised and still lives.

As for the future, Jackson exclaims, "I'm gonna tend on like I'm doin' right now." He travels quite a bit, playing his blues to those who enjoy it, and he is content to keep it that way.



Photo by Glenn Petty

JOHN JACKSON, a Virginia bluesman, stomps out a number at Tuesday night's Coffeehouse.

Artfile

Clean sweep quartet

Grammy Award winner Chuck Mangione and the Chuck Mangione Quartet will make their first James Madison University appearance in Godwin Hall on November 2 at 8 p.m.

"Feels So Good," his fourth A&M album, brought Mangione his first gold and his first platinum award (with the album currently registering over double-platinum.) Mangione's subsequent album, "Children of Sanchez," went gold three weeks after release.

"Live at the Hollywood Bowl"—a double album, his latest, was recorded live last July at the Hollywood Bowl.

Throughout the music trade magazines as well as in Rolling Stone and Playboy, Mangione made a clean sweep with "Feels So Good," and was named Jazz Artist of the Year, Instrumentalist of the Year, Most Promising Instrumentalist no. 1, Top Fusion Artist no. 1, Top Producer, Top Instrumentalist, Outstanding Jazz Artist & International Jazz Award winner (singles no. 1, albums no. 1.)

1979 saw "Feels So Good" and "Children of Sanchez" capturing four Grammy nominations. Mangione was awarded his second Grammy for Best Pop Instrumental Performance for his album "Children of Sanchez."

Return engagement

By BARBARA MILLER

A special alumni art show is now showing in Artworks Gallery as part of the Homecoming activities.

The show features work from eight graduates of James Madison University. All the pieces in the show were done since the artists graduated. Most of the work is unique, including a hanging sculpture by Candy Aucott, called "Novelty Threads," and the work of Sara Schaffner.

Many of the exhibiting artists still live in the Harrisonburg area. Bob Blair runs the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Historical Society on Main Street. Jodi Hess also works at the historical society. Sara Schaffner works at Groundglass Camera Repair Service on Main Street but designs jewelry for people in her spare time. Walt Bradshaw is a graduate student at JMU. Joanne Holmaas also lives in the area.

The artists who moved are still involved with art as well. Dale Minter works with printing and photography, Catherine Flaherty runs an art gallery in Massachusetts, and Candy Aucott has a studio at the Torpedo Factory, an art gallery in the Old Town section of Alexandria.

Framed thesis

A graduate thesis exhibition by Aubrey Johnson will be on exhibit in James Madison University's Sawhill Gallery Nov. 5-9.

Johnson, a graduate student in art at JMU, will exhibit a selection of the paintings he has completed while studying here.

The Sawhill Gallery is located in Duke Fine Arts Center and is open from 8 a.m. to 12 noon and from 1 p.m. to 4:30 p.m. Monday through Friday.

Dirty pictures!

Bob Lewellen, one of the most successful commercial photographers and artists in Virginia, will present a slide lecture on his creative work, Thursday, Nov. 8, 7 p.m. in Room A-100 of the Duke Fine Arts Center on the James Madison University campus.

Lewellen is known primarily for his numerous commercial photographs published nationally in a variety of magazines. He has just released his second book of surrealist erotic photographic images. He has taught extensive workshops throughout the United States and is appreciated for his exciting photographic presentations.

Everyone with an interest in photography is invited to attend this free lecture sponsored by the JMU Art Department Photography Program.

Chamber music

The James Madison University Chamber Orchestra will present a concert on Sunday, Nov. 4, at 3 p.m. in Wilson Hall Auditorium.

The concert will feature Beethoven's "Overture to Coriolanus." The orchestra will also perform "Hindemith Tuttifantchen" which is based on children's songs and dances at Christmas activities.

Directed by Dr. Ben E. Wright, associate professor of music at JMU, the chamber orchestra has been selected to perform at the Virginia Music Educator's Conference on Dec. 1 in Richmond.

The orchestra's concert on Nov. 4 is open to the public at no charge.

Foreign students contrast lifestyles

By MARK WIERZBIC

Political unrest causes students in countries such as Chile and Argentina to be more politically involved than students in this country, according to two students born and raised in South America. "The students in America seem apathetic towards their government, while in Chile, students are very, very concerned," Alfredo Araya, a foreign exchange student from Chile said here October 23.

Araya's comments, and those of Gigi Vargas, a Spanish major here who was raised in Argentina, came during a discussion of South America culture sponsored by the Latin American Studies Committee.

Vargas and Araya talked about the many differences between students and schools in South America and those here.

Both Araya and Vargas strongly agree that the students here are not nearly as interested in politics as the students in their home countries. "Maybe the apathy among American students is due to the political stability of America," said Araya. "In Chile, students are involved because there is so much political unrest," he added.

"Students in Argentina are not only interested in domestic problems, they are also very interested in politics all over the world," Vargas said.

Araya likes the comforts of American colleges, and thinks that the freedom in academic programs is very beneficial to the student. "In American colleges, students are allowed to choose many different electives," he said. "Colleges in Chile are much more regimented than those in America, according to Araya. In Chile, if you are going to be a doctor or a lawyer you would be able to take only those courses pertaining to your field. "We do not have the choice of electives in Chile," Araya said.

Students in South America are not very interested in sports, Araya said. In Chile, students are required to take one year of a sport in order to

graduate. Araya thinks that the reason that American colleges do not require sports is because of the great interest in sports here. He said that if Chilean colleges did not force sports on students, no one would participate in college sports. "Students just don't have a natural interest in sports in Chile," Araya said.

Both Araya and Vargas said that there is great political unrest in Argentina and Chile. Unfortunately, they would not talk about South American politics very much because Araya's family is still living in Chile. People living in Chile have to be very careful of what they say, because recently a large number of citizens have been "disappearing." In fact, one of Araya's friends is one of the growing number of missing people in Chile.

★ 'Halloween' —

(Continued from Page 12)

keeps to those rules and even gives us a couple of bonuses.

Halloween looks very nice. It is filmed in Panavision, something few B-pictures can say, and has a nervy, sparse soundtrack by Carpenter himself. But these are mere technical refinements and do nothing to save the film from the flaws in Carpenter's strategy.

Although he completes all the necessary requirements of the genre, he neglects to add anything new. There is no topper, no great surprise, so that the audience is given only the expected formula with nothing contained within it. The film might be frightening to those unfamiliar with the genre, but the calloused veterans of Night of the Living Dead and Texas Chainsaw Massacre, who hurl their challenges to the screen, will find Halloween's chills all too easy to ignore.

WERNER'S - Party Package Store -

Featuring: Thurs.-Sun.

Molson Golden Ale (import)		2.49
Schlitz	World of Gusto bottle	1.89
Taborg Gold	'go for the gold' bottles	1.69
Budweiser		
Busch &	party pac 12	3.89
Andeker Gold Supreme	6 pk.	1.99
Piel's Light	'new brow'	1.39

PARTY KEGS

Budweiser	7 1/2 gallon 'brow for you' kegs	15.95
Blue Ribbon	7 1/2 gallon party keg	12.95
Schlitz	7 1/2 gallon 'World of Gusto' keg	15.95
Budweiser	15 gallon 'king of beers' keg	26.95
Busch premium	15 gallon keg	24.95

FREE ICE- BUY ONE & GET ONE FREE

'Beer and Alcoholic Beverages of the World'

434-6895

915 S. High St.

Port Rd. gate-turn-rt.-second traffic light turn left.

JIM Werner - J.M.U. Campus Representative

ace
ELECTRIC CO.

26 Pleasant Hill Rd.
Harrisonburg, 434-4722

Just imagine them together like a matched system and sales and service—making them both the leader.

ACE has expanded its show-room and display area to a larger-than-ever size to offer you greater selection. Plus the chance to hear your favorite components in the Stereo Room.

JVC and ACE Go Together!
JVC - the quality name in sound reproduction.
ACE - most established Hi-Fi Dealer in the City.

Just ask yourself—who else offers Complete Factory Authorized JVC Service, Low Warehouse Pricing, Free At-The-Door Parking and Friendly Service?

Amp, Stereo Tuner,
Turntable, Cassette
Deck, Speakers, Rack
and Equalizer

G225 Hi-Fi System

JVC



Why Punt When You Could Score?

Making decisions about insurance without assessing coverages and costs is like punting on third down. The Harley Showalter Insurance Agency can help you evaluate your options when you face a critical insurance decision for your business or home, your auto or life. Let them offer you some new options today.

Harley Showalter
Insurance Agency
53 Kenmore Street
Harrisonburg, Va.
Phone: 434-5931

CRAZY top shop

Featuring: TOPS FOR EVERYONE

★ from Fashion tops to T-shirts (long & short sleeve) and other accessories

★ SPECIALIZING IN TRANSFERS ★

- lettering and numbering
- custom printing
- Greek lettering

Create Your Own T-Shirt Design from any:

- slide
- drawing
- album cover
- photo
- clipping
- color or blk/wht.

Hours: 10-9 Mon.-Sat.

434-4824

Located in Valley Mall

Money raised for scholarship

By TERESA CAVINESS

Over \$250 was raised Homecoming weekend to start a scholarship fund to encourage more black students to enroll in James Madison University.

The banquet, held Saturday night for JMU administration, black students and alumni, "was the biggest event that ever happened here," for minority students, according to Larry Rogers, minority affairs coordinator.

Almost all of JMU's black students attended the affair at some time or another that night, either at the banquet, the block show, or the disco, Rogers said.

Black students make up less than two percent of the students enrolled here and the scholarship fund will be used to give more opportunity for blacks to attend school here and to increase the enrollment of minority students, Rogers emphasized.

The success of the banquet was a surprise to Rogers, who

termed this as the biggest project that will be sponsored by his office this year. He predicts the event to be even bigger next year because some alumni were hesitant to attend because they didn't know what to expect.

ROGERS CONSIDERS the success of the project to be due to the support of the JMU administration. JMU President Ronald Carrier was among the guests at the banquet.

The monetary goal of the scholarship fund is \$5,000, which has to be raised before any awards can be made, Rogers said. The fund will aid JMU in recruiting black students and will provide more financial aid opportunity at JMU.

Black high school seniors who are United States citizens, and are accepted by JMU, will be eligible for receipt of the award, he said.

The recipient will be chosen by a committee composed of Rogers, Artrice Brothers, and Carlton Brown. Brothers is the Minority Recruiter here and Brown is president of the Black Student Alliance (BSA).

The financial aid office will be notified of the scholarship recipient and will be in charge of the distribution of the funds which will be obtained from the interest incurred on funds deposited into the JMU Foundation. The student will receive one-half of the scholarship per semester and is only eligible once.

Other tentative fundraising methods will include sending letters to alumni and businesses and planning projects throughout the year. One such project includes sponsoring Dick Gregory, a national lobbyist against world hunger, to speak during Black Emphasis Month in February.

According to Rogers, there are no other schools in the state of Virginia where black students have started a scholarship.

Prices Effective Thru Nov.10th



Painters Pants
Army Fatigues
REG. \$12.98

SALE
\$7.99

Flannel Shirts
SALE PRICED
from
\$3.99 to
\$15.99

- LEVI Denim
Straight Leg
 - LEE Denim
Straight Leg
 - Wrangler Denim
Straight Leg
Denim Flair
- JUST \$9.97
a pair

OPEN FRI. NITE TIL 9

Your Athletic Outerwear

A & N

52 East Market St.

Downtown Harrisonburg



Levi's
WOMENSWEAR



CENTERPOINT BOOKSTORE

PHIL KEAGGY
& PAUL CLARK
IN CONCERT



NEW JERUSALEM BAND
NOVEMBER 13, 1979
EMC AUDITORIUM, HARRISONBURG, VA.
TICKETS: ADVANCE \$10.00, \$12.50 STUDENT
AT DOOR - \$15.00 GENERAL ADMISSION, \$10.00 STUDENT

BY JUDITH HUNTER
1980-1981

police report

Homecoming weekend was very busy as usual, James Madison University police report, with an estimated 12,000 people attending the football game on Saturday. Although a police spokesman said there wasn't an unusual number of incidents over the weekend, these incidents were reported for the week ending Oct. 30:

Vandalism. Paint was thrown on the wall and glass doors of two fraternity houses on Greek Row sometime Saturday night.

There were a few instances of motor vehicles driving across the grass and damaging university grounds. One person was charged with destruction of state property after being stopped for driving on the grounds between WVPT and Greek Row.

Two separate instances of destruction of post office mail boxes were reported—one in Chandler Hall and one in the student union.

Weapons violation. A Spotswood Hall resident was found to be keeping a hunting rifle in his dormitory against university policy. Police say

the incident was reported by residents in the dorm. All weapons must be registered with JMU police and kept locked up inside police headquarters.

Indecent exposure. A male student from Mary Washington College was arrested and charged with indecent exposure after apparently offending the head resident of Eagle Dorm when asked to leave the dorm after visitation hours.

Theft. \$170 in jewelry was reported stolen from inside a shoe left in a hallway in Godwin Hall.

A \$400 watch was also reported stolen from a room in Eagle Hall.

Breach of peace. Two people, a student and a non-student, were charged with breach of the peace after a fight in Shorts Hall.

Fire. Tuesday night a fire burned a mattress and box-spring in Weaver Hall. An R.A. and a resident of the room where the fire began extinguished the fire before it spread outside the room.

COIFFURES LORREN AND REDKEN

teaming up to give you precision cuts,
permanents, and coloring

Ellen, Henry, & Company
48 W. Elizabeth St.
434-7375
By Appointment

★★★★★ **SHONEY'S** ★★★★★
Special Edition **NEWS** Special Edition

SOMETHING NEW! Slim Jim Combination



- Baked ham topped with Swiss cheese
- Lettuce, tomato and Shoney's own special sauce
- Served on a toasted Grecian bun • French fries
- **ALL • YOU • CAN • EAT SALAD BAR**

What's HOT For Christmas?

Special Collegiate
Edition

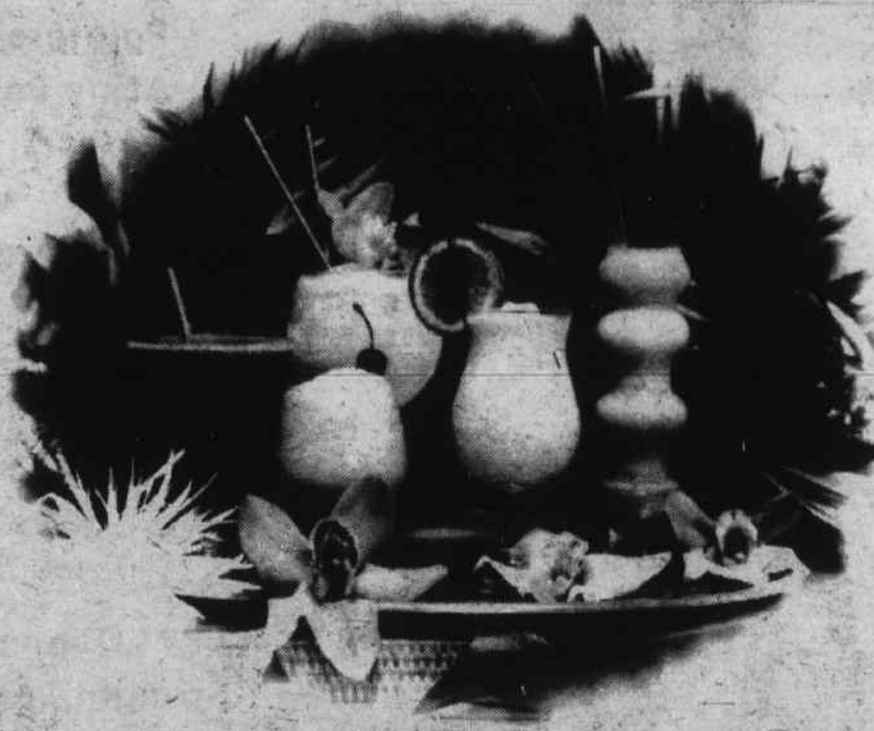


About the Author:

"I'm a professional bartender whose experience dates back to my college days when I used to tend bar to make a few extra dollars... Since then, I've spent 11 years traveling and tending bar at some of the most glamorous resorts in the country. My experience was enough to fill a book (mostly at the insistence of my customers). And, now the story is out and available to you at a special price. (I figure I owe that much to the system of higher education that gave me my start)... It's all here, chapter and verse, and I personally guarantee you won't find a book like it anywhere. To prove that guarantee, if the book is not everything I've said return the book to me in 10 days and I'll refund your purchase price."



- This is the first book to be published on frozen drinks only and it is not available in bookstores.
- This book contains absolutely everything you'd ever need to know about the liberal art of frozen drinks: research, ingredients, recipes, equipment, party suggestions... everything.
- More than 170 pages including recipes, serving suggestions and bartending tips.
- More than 200 recipes obtained from resorts around the world and through thousands of experiments with literally thousands of customers.
- Recipes include ones from the Caribbean Islands to the Hawaiian Islands and from Europe to the exotic resorts of Mexico.
- Contains more than 110 Pool Bar Jim Original Recipes for Frozen Drinks.
- Includes the popular ice cream and daiquiri creations plus lower-calorie concoctions for weight watchers.
- For the Pina Colada addicts looking for something different over sixty entirely different recipes made with coconut cream.



YES, I WOULD LIKE TO ORDER "POOL BAR JIM'S FAMOUS FROZEN DRINKS"

Please send _____ copies of the Special Collegiate Edition, 4.95 plus \$1 postage and handling.

Please send _____ copies of the hardback edition, 8.95 plus \$1.25 postage and handling.

S. C. Residents please add 4% state sales tax.

TOTAL ENCLOSED \$ _____

☐ Check ☐ Money Order

☐ Ms. ☐ Mrs.

☐ Miss ☐ Mr.

(Please Print)

Address _____

City _____

State _____

Zip _____

Name of College _____

☐ Freshman

☐ Sophomore

☐ Junior

☐ Senior

☐ Graduate

☐ Staff

☐ Faculty

Mail to: Pool Bar Jim
P. O. Box 4958
Hilton Head Island, S. C. 29928

*Offer good only in USA and offer void where prohibited. Please allow 4-6 weeks for delivery.

Parking appeals

Being specific increases chances of winning

By GARY DAVIS

Planning on appealing a parking ticket?

If you are, your chances of winning will be greatly improved if you are as specific as possible when you write out your appeal, according to Dr. William Powell, head of the appeals committee at James Madison University.

Students who include repair bills, eye witnesses, and other important data stand "a much better chance" of having their appeal upheld, Powell said. Even little things like time of day, and weather conditions have "affected our decisions," he added.

In general, Powell says that the committee tends to uphold appeals which show that the reason for the ticket was "out of the person's control." The best way to show this is through statements that can be backed up by facts, he said.

Powell also suggested that students concentrate on "addressing the subject at hand" and not attempt to explain why they think a certain rule is unfair, because, the appeals committee has no say in changing parking rules. "We get a large amount of appeals which do nothing except attack the rules, consequently, we have

no basis for upholding the appeal," he said.

Powell estimates that around 80 percent of all parking appeals are denied here.

The JMU appeals committee is made up of two students, two staff members, two faculty members, and Powell, who only votes in case of a tie.

The process in which appeals are presented is a relatively simple one. First, "I read the appeal statement, leaving out all names and positions held by the person who is appealing," then we discuss the matter and at-

tempt to make a fair decision, Powell said. If we want to check on some information contained in the appeal, then we may elect to come back to it later, he added.

Appeals from staff members are presented in the same way as student appeals. We "give staff members no special privileges," he said.

Even though the committee members attempt to be as fair as possible they realize the fact that they will never be popular. "Our job is one that just has to be done, and we do it as well as we possibly can," he said.

Overall, "I feel that

students and staff are happier with this year's ticketing program than last year's program because it is more consistent, Powell explained. Now that cadets are allowed to write tickets, there is less chance that anyone will be able to get away with anything.

Powell also suggested some tips for students who would like to avoid getting tickets.

Students should get a temporary parking permit if they plan to have an unregistered car on campus, or if they would like to park in a restricted area for a short period of time, he said.

Students should also be aware that tickets are given out as soon as permits are distributed.

Notes that are left on windshields, are not an effective way of avoiding a ticket because "as far as I know, Security doesn't even look at them," he said. Because of the fact that they can not be trusted, we don't consider them as a solid piece of evidence either, Powell said.

But most important, students should read the parking regulations manual which is distributed at registration, he said.

LONDON IN THE SPRING

is
DRAMA
HISTORY
ART

and much, much more.

Contact Roger Hall for details 6559

Rosier

OF HARRISONBURG

A FULL SERVICE SALON

VENEY'S HAIRSTYLING

1106 Reservoir Street

Gift Certificates for any occasion

Hours 10 - 6
CLOSED MONDAY

FOR APPOINTMENT
Telephone 434-0401



*Going to
the game?*

*Weekends
were made
for Michelob.*

By ANHEUSER-BUSCH, INC. • ST. LOUIS • SINCE 1896

Budweiser.

MICHELOB.

BUSCH.

MICHELOB
Light

*Natural
Light*

JOHN D. EILAND Co., Inc.

RT. 11 NORTH, P. O. BOX 880 • VERONA, VIRGINIA 24482

JMU mascot

discovered by SPE fraternity

By CINDY ELMORE

A five-month-old British bulldog will be purchased as the James Madison University mascot if Sigma Phi Epsilon fraternity can find a faculty member to keep it.

According to SPE spokesman Jeff Bolander, the fraternity has searched for a "Duke" mascot since the last "Duke" died in August 1978.

University Relations Vice President Ray Sonner told the fraternity that JMU would pay the dog's medical expenses and obedience training, and approved SPE's efforts to obtain the mascot, Bolander added.

The bulldog is for sale in Roanoke for \$350. The fraternity plans to raise the money through a fund drive, possibly by a raffle in which students would buy "shares" of the "Duke".

One faculty member previously consented to care for the dog, but later decided not to, Bolander said, adding that Sonner and SPE agreed the fraternity should not keep the dog at its off-campus house. However, SPE has agreed to assume responsibility of transporting "Duke" from its home to and from university events the dog would attend.

Bolander emphasized that the fraternity did not take the idea away from the Student Government Association of obtaining a mascot for JMU, since SPE began efforts to locate a "Duke" a year ago. The SGA currently has its own proposal pending to locate a mascot for JMU.

SPORTS

Dukes to face Portuguese in pre-season contest

James Madison University head basketball coach Lou Campanelli has announced that the Dukes will play the Portugal National Team at Godwin Hall on Wednesday, Nov. 7, at 8 p.m. "We feel like our game with the Portugal National Team will be an excellent opportunity for our fans to get an early look at our team," Campanelli said. "We've got a lot of young players and the game will also give us an opportunity to see them play under actual game conditions."

JMU will also hold an intrasquad scrimmage at Godwin Hall on Saturday, Nov. 3, beginning at 11:30 a.m. The scrimmage will run until 1:30 p.m. and is open to the public. There will be no admission charge for the scrimmage.

Campanelli has already had his early look at the Dukes and after the first two weeks of practice he is pleased with his 1979-80 team. "I certainly can't ask them to work any harder than they've worked to this point," Campanelli said. "We've spent the first two weeks working on our man-to-man offense and defense. We've got good scoring potential, but we need to work on our defense."

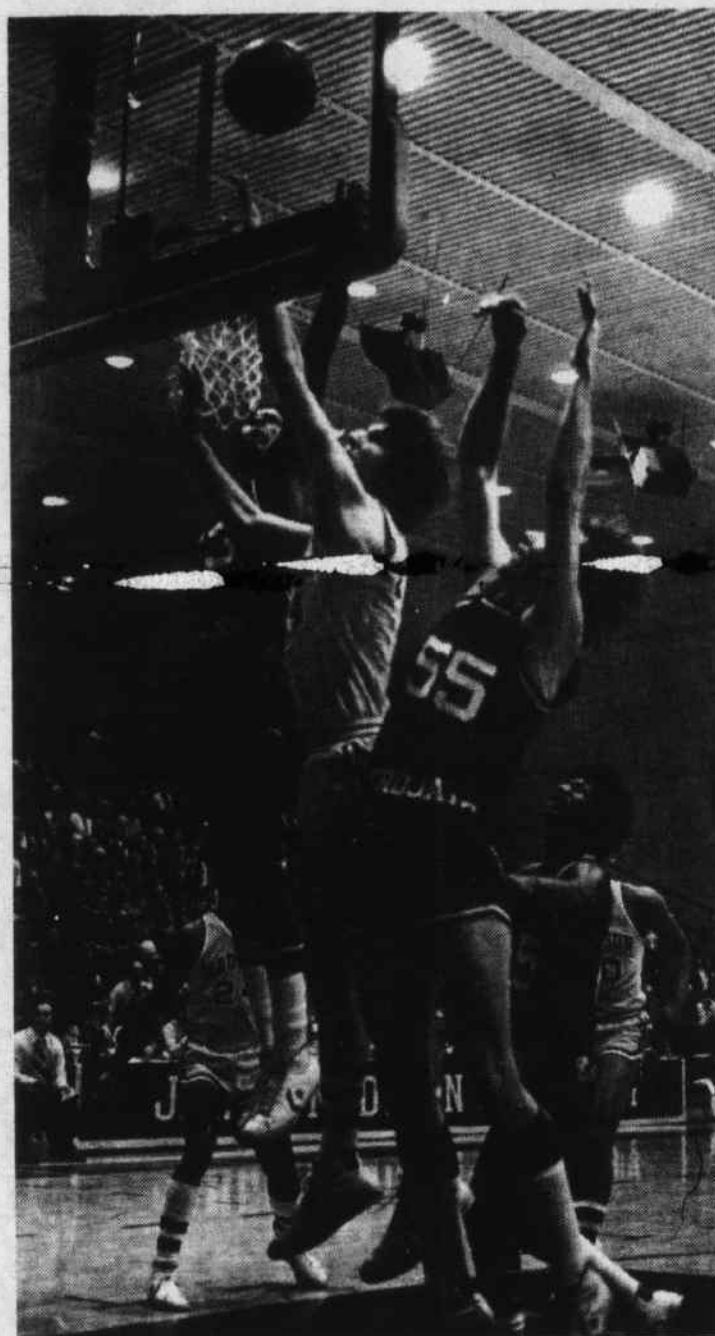
Among the JMU players with the greatest scoring potential are senior Steve Stielper and sophomore Linton Townes. Stielper finished the 1978-79 season ranked

tenth among National Collegiate Athletic Association (NCAA) Division I players in scoring with an average of 25.7 points a game. He ranked second in the Eastern College Athletic Conference (ECAC) in scoring and was named to the ECAC All-Star team that toured Yugoslavia last summer.

STIELPER is currently second on JMU's all-time scoring list with 1,648 points. He established six JMU single-season and two JMU single-game records last season. His 51-point effort at Godwin Hall against Robert Morris was the second highest total by an NCAA Division I player last season and established a JMU single-game scoring record.

Townes was second on the 1978-79 JMU team in scoring with an average of 11.6 points a game after connecting on 56.3 percent of his shots from the field. The 6'6" Covington, VA., native can play either forward or guard and will be counted on to provide even more offensive support this season.

"I think Linton Townes will develop into an even more productive scorer and Steve Stielper should become the second player in (Continued on page 19)



Senior Stielper returns for Dukes.

McGlooin helped foster Homecoming mood

The Breeze • JMU athlete of the week

BY DAVID HERRELL

Records were the name of the game this past Saturday when James Madison University won its homecoming game. And, defensive end Tom McGlooin, this week's athlete of the week, was a big contributor in the Dukes' record breaking day.

McGlooin became the first player in JMU history to return two fumbles for touchdowns in one game. To top that, both touchdowns came in the first period, when the Dukes rolled up a 23-0 advantage on the way to a 54-0 rout of Randolph-Macon College.

Senior McGlooin is in his second year as a starter at defensive end, after transferring from Wesley Junior College in Delaware.

He received All-American honors his second year at Wesley and came to JMU with fine credentials.

STEPPING RIGHT IN as a starter, McGlooin had an impressive 1978 year, in which the

Dukes were 8-2. He was in on 49 tackles to go along with three interceptions and a fumble recovery.

After eight games so far this year, McGlooin has again made his presence felt on the field. He's been in on 54 tackles (which includes five solos), to accompany three fumble recoveries and two quarterback sacks.

Against Randolph-Macon he played less than two quarters, but the 6'0", 195 pounder still led the team in tackles with 11, including three unassisted.

McGlooin's reaction to his scores was one of disbelief. "I still can't believe it," he said after the game. "The first one I saw pretty good. (Dale) Caparaso (one of the Dukes' starting linebackers) hit the guy real hard, and the ball just popped right up into the air where I could grab it."

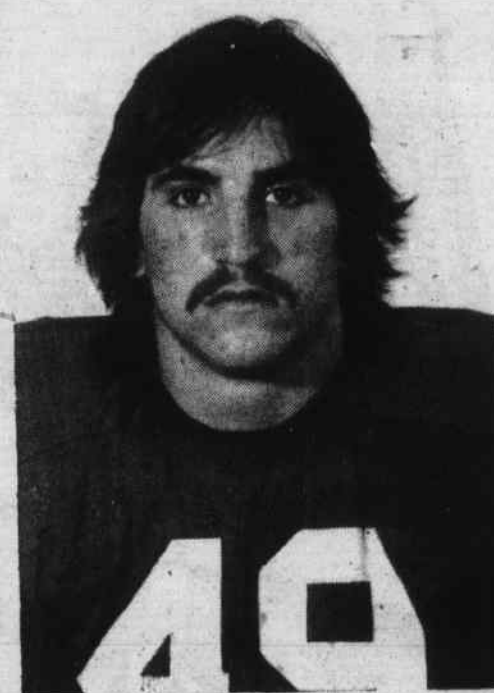
"I CUT TO THE LEFT and saw the quarterback, I thought he had a shot at me until John (Craver, a defensive tackle) flattened him. From there, it was open to the end zone. "The second one was different. I thought I had plugged the hole up. When I looked down the ball was in my hands and I just walked into the end zone."

McGlooin started playing good competition football early in high school. He attended Gonzaga High in Washington D.C., a member of the tough Metro Conference.

"I got used to losing in high school," he said. "But it was different, then the team wouldn't be able to come back after a loss. The moral would be down. Here the moral has stayed high the whole year. We could have quit after the Virginia and William & Mary games."

"BUT WE DIDN'T, we came back strong and I think we can still make this season a successful one."

McGlooin may be right about the Dukes, but they can't continue to rely on the defense for points. The offense must come through for JMU to end the season on a high note.



Tom McGlooin

The records that were set Saturday weren't confined to McGlooin and the defense. Scott Norwood set three Dukes' football records. He achieved the most points kicked in one game (12), most field goals in one game (2), and longest field goal (43 yards).

If the Dukes and McGlooin continue to play the same game as they did last Saturday, they can look forward to playing two very exciting games.

Upsets key field hockey tourney

By CATHY HANKS

Upsets and tough competition will highlight this weekend's Division I field hockey state championships here, according to several of the competing coaches.

James Madison University, William & Mary, Old Dominion, Longwood and Virginia Tech will literally fight for a berth in the Region II tournament and the title of the Virginia Association of Intercollegiate Athletics for Women.

With two nationally ranked teams, the tournament could prove to be a contest of desire.

Tenth ranked and defending state champion Virginia (seeded second) and 14th ranked William & Mary (seeded first) are the favorites to clash in the finals.

The Warriors will bring a 5-0 division record into the tournament after handing Virginia its only defeat on Wednesday.

However, William & Mary coach Nancy Porter doesn't consider her team a shoe-in for the tourney title. Several factors including a new goalie and an injured top scorer may hurt the Warriors.

"We're a little battered physically right now, but we are very confident," she said. "We've scored many more goals this season than in past seasons. We have a strong defense and a little more experience and depth than the others."

IN A SEASON characterized by many teams having ups and downs, Virginia has proven to be the most consistent. However, this may be attributed to many of Virginia's tougher opponents being rained out or having scheduling conflicts.

But, Virginia's coach Linda Southworth doesn't consider these things outstanding factors.

"They (William & Mary) have done a little more than us, but we're practically identical as far as statistics go," she said. "Anyone could be a better team on a given day. We're looking forward to meeting them in the finals."

Before either of the two reach the finals, a strong third-seed Virginia Tech team will have to be defeated. This may prove to be more difficult than expected by many.

The Gobblers bring a strong team into the contest with a 4-1 record. Their only loss was to Virginia in a double overtime contest. But, they have not played William & Mary.

"WE'RE GOING into the tournament very healthy this year, said Tech's coach Jo Kafer. "Our defense will be at its peak. We have a lot of new people on defense this year and it's come about slowly. We

haven't peaked, yet.

"I think there will be a lot of upsets this year. There are four or five teams that are well balanced."

The "anything-can-happen" attitude, which seems to be the tournament's motto was also expressed by JMU's coach Dee McDonough.

"I don't think any one team has an edge in the tournament," she said. "Every team has been up and down all season. I think William & Mary is the strongest team though."

"We can win it if we play well. It's going to be hard for us though, because we're in the same half of the bracket as William and Mary."

The fourth-seeded Duchesses will be no push over. JMU has an over all record of 9-3-3 and a division record of 2-3. JMU lost to the Warriors, 5-1, and suffered loss in strokes to the Cavaliers and the Gobblers.

THE DUCHESSES bring probably the most well-balanced team to the tournament. With a tough defense backing up a well distributed offense, JMU could very well win the title.

JMU is led by top-scorer Erin Marovelli with nine goals and one assist. Also, Theresa Williams has five goals and 11 assists, and Cara Eisenberg has added in eight goals and three assists.

ODU and Longwood are seeded fifth and sixth respectively. ODU has a 4-1 record with their only win over Longwood, which brings a 0-5 record into the tournament.

ODU coach Micki Flowers is sure the tournament will be unpredictable. At the level of competition anything could happen, she believes.

The semi-finals start today at 9:00 when JMU takes on the Lady Monarchs of Old Dominion. The finals will be played at 2:00 p.m. on Saturday.

Intramurals

Shorts takes league lead

By TIM HALL

After days of protests and delays, Shorts Hall was awarded the men's intramural cross country team title to highlight this week's intramural action.

Originally, C.C.M. was believed to have won the championship, but after accusations from other teams that the squad used ineligible runners, the Shorts squad was given the first place award.

C.C.M. used runners who were not signed up with their organization because they were short the number of runners a Championship Division team was required to have entered in the event.

With the win, Shorts has taken sole possession of first

place in the Championship Division standings. Shorts now has 14 points, three more than runner-up TKE.

Kappa Sigma and C.C.M. are tied for third with eight point each, while White Hall, Sigma Nu, Theta Chi and AXP are all tied for fifth with seven points.

Bud Batten was the individual champion in men's cross country. He covered the course in 34:31. Overall, Shorts finished with 29 points, four more than TKE. White was a distant third.

IN THIS WEEK's Breeze Soccer Top Ten, Sao Paulo is all alone at the top. Sigma Pi moved into second, when Garber was defeated. Garber drops to ninth.

Sigma Nu is third and AXP is fourth. White moves to fifth, the Crispy Critters are sixth, and Weaver is seventh. Rounding out the top ten are Piranha Brothers and the Andy Capps in eighth and tenth respectively.

Because of the light soccer action, the coverage has been light, as well. However, the Breeze will provide indepth coverage in next week's issue as the playoffs near.

In other news, signups for swimming and diving must be done before November 7th, and raquetball signup must be completed by the same date. Raquetball competition begins November 9th in men's and women's singles, doubles and mixed doubles.

Richmond tops women's tennis team, 6-3

By RICH AMACHER

The University of Richmond's women's tennis team registered four singles win over James Madison University in route to a 6-3 win Tuesday.

"It was the second year they beat us by that score," said JMU's coach Maria Malerba. "I had hoped we could have won this time. We just lost some matches we shouldn't have."

Top-seed Lisa Tullai started things off for the Spiders. She scored a decisive 6-1, 6-2 win over the Duchesses's Heidi Hess. Also JMU's Cathie Tyler lost to Beth Scubert in a hard fought match 6-3, 7-5.

The Duchesses's third-seed Mary Perkins battled Sue Claggett, and came away with a 6-1, 4-6, 6-4 win. But, Richmond's Ann McLean downed Rita Santarpia 1-6, 6-4, 6-2 to expand the Spiders' margin.

U.R.'s Marcy Anthony defeated Patti Owen 6-2, 6-3 in a match between the fifth seeds.

JMU's frosh Ann Perkins continued her dominates at the sixth spot, by easily handling Mariann Lieberman 6-1, 6-3. The win upped Perkins' record to 8-0.

THE DUCHESSSES received an unexpected win in the top-seed doubles match. Hess and Tyler swept Scubert and Lieberman, 6-3, 6-1.

Mary Perkins and Santarpia struggled at the second-seed doubles. Tullai and Claggett won as tough three-set match, 5-7, 6-4, 6-4.

In another close match Ann Perkins and Owen could not overcome the Spiders third-seed team of Anthony and McLean. JMU's team lost the match 2-6, 6-4, 7-6.

The loss dropped the Duchesses's season record to 5-3.

Last weekend, the Duchesses placed 12th in the Fifth Annual Salisbury State College Women's Collegiate Tennis Tournament.

JMU entered four players in singles flights, but all lost their first round matches.

However, the Duchesses's third-seed doubles team of Owen and Perkins beat three opponents to advance into the final round of the consolation tourney.

Their first victim was Maryland's team of Smith and Maagrill. After topping the Terp's team 2-6, 7-6, 7-6, the Duchesses's team handed

Virginia Tech's combo of Oatts and Graham a 6-4, 1-6, 6-3 loss.

In the semi-finals, the two snubbed George Washington's Gold and Cohen 6-1, 6-3.

But, the finals were another story. Penn State's team of Ramsey and Whiteside made short work of Owen and Perkins 6-0, 6-1.

Penn State won the tourney, with William & Mary placing second.

★ Basketball

(Continued from page 18)

to score over JMU basketball history 2,000 career points," Campanelli said. "Steve and Linton will certainly be among our key players offensively, but we've got a lot of players who can score."

Campanelli is happy with the play of 6'6" junior Tyrone Shoulders, who was hampered the second half of last season by an ankle injury, and 6'4" sophomore Rick Williams, who missed all of last season with a broken ankle.

"Tyrone has recovered from his ankle injury and is playing like his old self again," Campanelli said. "Rich Williams is also fully recovered from his broken ankle, and he is shooting the ball exceptionally well."

Shoulders, who was a starter for the Dukes last year until he injured his ankle 15 games into the season, will have to battle to regain his starting

position. His injury last season gave Steve Blackmon an opportunity to move into the Dukes' starting lineup and Blackmon took advantage of that opportunity by averaging 10.4 points and 6.2 rebounds a game over the final 11 games of the season. A 6'4" junior, Blackmon has been named JMU's Most Outstanding Defensive Player the last two seasons.

SOPHOMORE guard Jeff Inman, who led the team in assists last season, is also back and Campanelli has been pleased with his five freshmen.

"Charles Fisher moves with the ball like he's on roller skates," Campanelli says of the 6'1" guard from Cape Charles, Va. "Dan Ruland has also impressed us with his play and we're looking for contributions from David Dupont, Bob Donohoe and Jeff Bryant as well."

Ruland, Donohoe and Bryant are all 6'8" and give the Dukes needed height, while Dupont is a fine-shooting guard.

Classifieds

For Sale

TYPING SERVICE: dissertations, theses, etc. Over 10 yrs. experience. 80 cents per page. You furnish paper. Call Mrs. Price 879-9935.

FOR SALE: female housing contract. Phone: 433-9119.

AUDIO ENTERPRISES: We sell the best in stereo sound for less. All brands now available! Call today for a low low price. 433-8929.

INCOME OPPORTUNITY: Small business ideal for individual or group to raise money. Small investment. Good return and repeat business. Will finance. 434-7679, Dan.

NEED CASH?: Sell your old toy trains to a collector who will preserve them. Want Lionel, Ives, O Gauge, Standard Gauge. Phone 289-5665.

INTERESTED IN EARNING EXTRA MONEY?: We are looking for campus sales representatives to sell unique wooden gift items. Call 804-973-3663.

SPECIAL OLYMPICS is selling coupons for an 8 x 10 portrait to raise money for their programs. If you are interested in a beautiful portrait of yourself or anyone you choose for Christmas, call Mary Pat Loew, 433-8011.

COLLEGE TYPING AND EDITING SERVICES: typing and editing of term papers, theses and other reports. Free pick up and delivery. 828-3357.

STEREO EQUIPMENT: Discount on over 40 brands. Full Warranty and Free set-up service. Call Bob-4498.

TYPING: Professional work. New IBM equipment. Term papers, thesis, resumes, manuscripts, etc. Call 8-6, 433-8685 or 828-3692.

STEREO EQUIPMENT: Sales and service. Immediate delivery on over 20 lines of equipment with full local warrentee. Special: Audio-Technica AT-13EA cartridge—List 70.00, sale 29.95. Call 4619.

MEN! WOMEN! JOBS ON SHIPS! American. Foreign. No experience required. Excellent pay. Worldwide travel. Summer job or career. Send \$3.00 for information. SEAFAX Dept. K-2, Box 2049, Port Angeles, Washington 98362.

For Rent

FOR RENT: Completely furnished apartment. Utilities. Living room-bedroom combination with small kitchenette. Near college. Private entrance. Male, non-smoker desired. No pets. Recommendation required. \$130 per month. Available Nov. 1. Call 434-3946 Tuesdays, Thursdays or Monday, Wednesday, Friday evenings.

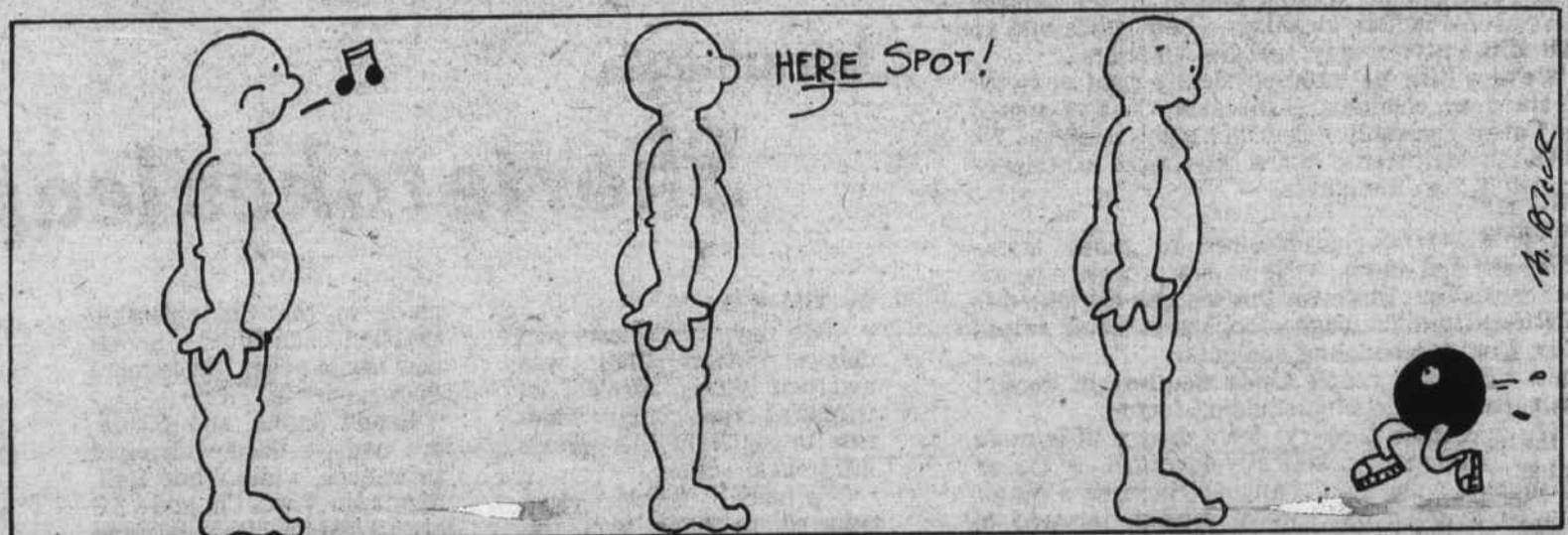
ROOMMATE NEEDED: Spring Semester for a great apartment in Squire Hill! Please call 434-9681 for information.

Madisonman



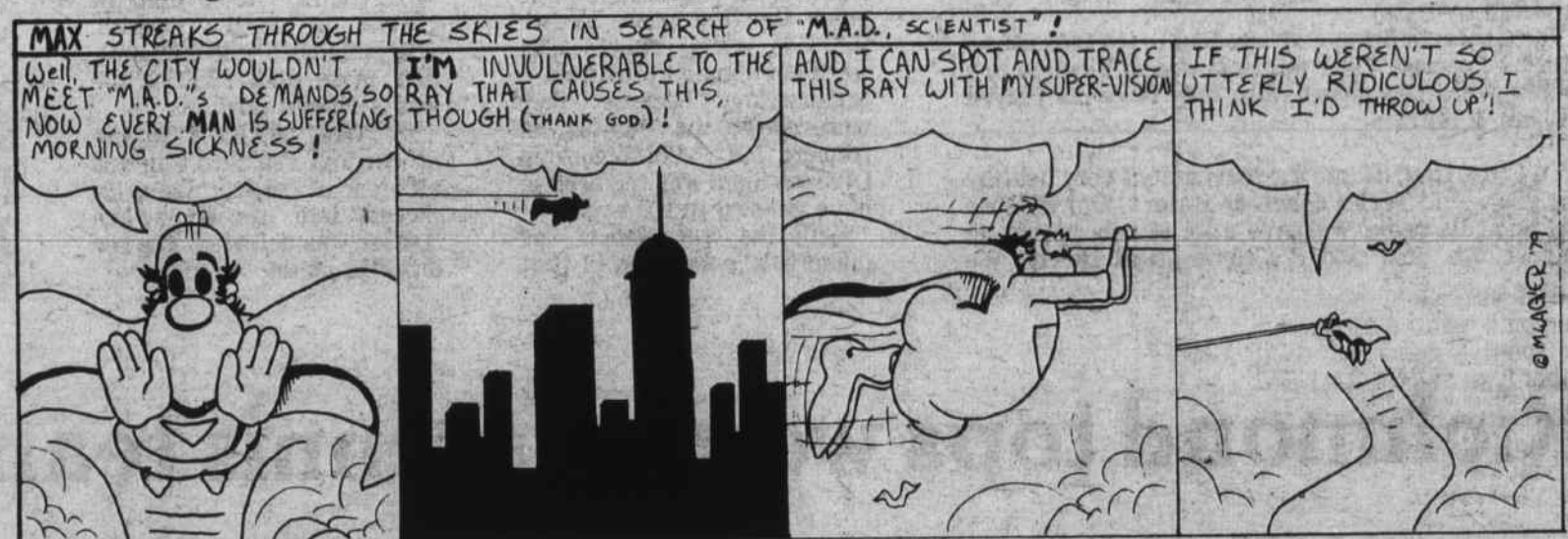
By Scott Worner

Ermine



By Andy Black

Our Hero



By Matt Wagner

Roommates



By Tom Arvis

Wanted

WANTED: Used skis-175, ladies boots, size 9, poles and bindings. Also mens boots size 11. Call 434-3739.

Lost

LOST: One black, soft Vinyl "Canon" movie camera case. Reward offered. Contact JMU Television Film Center phone 6191.

LOST: one ladies Seiko silver watch with Mother of Pearl face. Great sentimental value—lost at college farm Friday Oct. 26. Reward offered—call 5277.

Personals

WIZARD: I think I won our bet. You're the reason I won it though, thanks. You're such a procrastinator, but I don't mind. You never told me what I can do to make you mad. Are you sure your powers work on me? GUESS WHO.

TO THE BABES AT NOTRE DAME: Happy 19th Birthday!! Wish we could celebrate it with a game of cards and a nite at Bojangles. Or maybe a trip to West

Virginia, only this time planned. What did you say you preferred for your Birthday, a box of stuffing? Sorry I can't

be with you to celebrate. Does this mean I'm no longer an "older woman"? Thank for a week full of memories. "They've only just begun" BABY CAKES.

TO MY TWO FAVORITE EPILEPTIC AMPUTEES: thank you for your company and courage in braving the Machete Women, you are two of the nicest warmest people I know even if you do have tuna breath. Remember, always check the shower before brushing. P.S. who killed Chester? Best Always, Bourbon Breath.

SUE ROSSI: Happy Birthday old lady! You're no puppy at 20! Have a good one! THE OTHER SUE.

(Continued on Page 21)

Classifieds

(Continued from Page 20)

EX-SNAKE — Thanx for the present — you! I owe you one (one big one...someday, maybe tonight.) Don't hold your breath. Having you here is better than a you-know-what anyway. But, there's always Christmas, or sometime before I'm 30. I can wait though, because you're worth it. Love and many kisses. Mongoose.

RENEE: Snore much? You're so annoying. Also, don't tickle me at times like that!
SWIFTY.

DEAR BIG SISTER AVILA: Just a short note to say hello. Take Care. Pyramid No. 1
TWEETIE BIRD.

DEAR BIG SISTER AVILA: How's everything going with you? Have a good weekend. Take Care! Pyramid No. 6
FREAKY DEAKY.

TO BIG SISTER AVILA: Ain't no stopping me now! From pyramid number eight
BAM BAM.

YOU'RE GOING TO LONDON?: I'm green, but I'm happy for you. Can you fit me in your trunk?

To the person(s) who took my mugs from Garber A204 party. Please return them. No questions asked. Extreme sentimental value. Thank You..

LESLIE, LORA, MELISSA, MARTHA, MARCIA, MEG, TOM, TIM, TOM, ETC.: THANKS for the best un-birthday party a girl could ever have. You're the greatest! **SUE**.

YOU KNOW WHO: Don't be jealous. Why don't you come to London too? It will be fantastic!

TO BIG SISTER AVILA: I hope you'll be able to sign my egg soon! From, pyramid number four. **SUGAR CAKES**.

TO THE RUGBY CLUB: Your fan club will be ecstatic when you beat Va. Tech on Sat! We Love You! Good luck and have fun!

TO THE BUISNESS MANAGER OF THE BREEZE: I have been watching you and crave your body! Watch Out! Love, the **SOPHOMORE**.

TO BIG SISTER AVILA: I'm sorry no one wrote to you. Please forgive us! From: pyramid no. 7 **LITTLE SISTER VA. SLIM**.

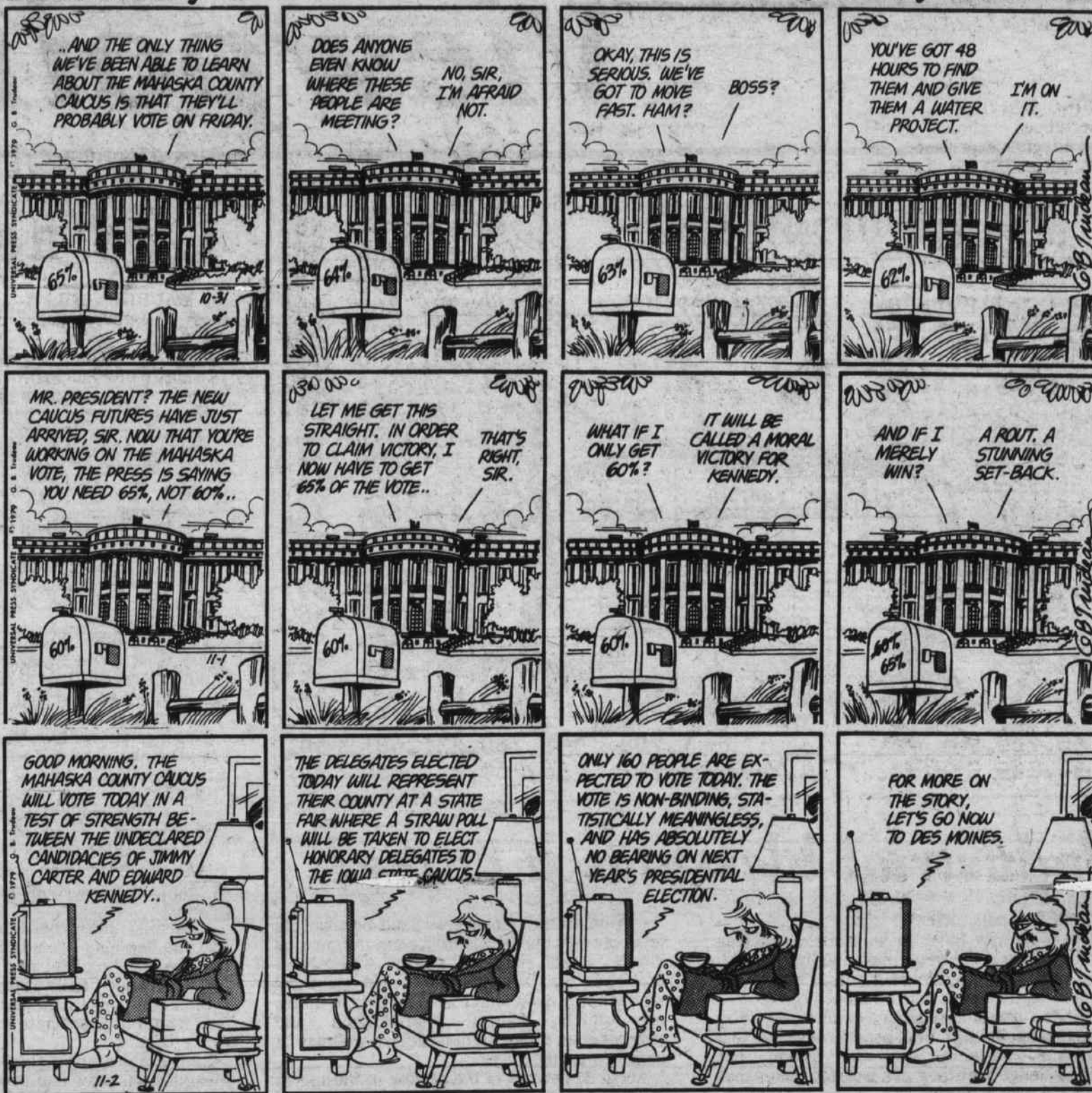
TO BIG SISTER AVILA: Hope your week has been as much fun as mine (smile). From: pyramid number three. **PEBBLES**.

MARCO: Let's celebrate the anniversary of Marco Polo—Nov. 5, remember? A bottle of champagne and two dozen yellow roses will be appropriate. By the way, did you know that the biggest discovery Marco Polo made was that **INDIANS LOVE YOGURT Polo**.

NORA: Happy Birthday! Thanx for being a terrific roomie! Sorry I didn't have time to make you a bong cake! Luv ya—**COLLEEN**.

DEAR BIG SISTER AVILA: Things are going fine on this duck line that walks the straight and narrow chow. pyramid number 5 **LITTLE SISTER HOUDINI**.

Doonesbury



Crock



TO BIG SISTER AVILA: Love that red and white! From: pyramid no. 2 **LITTLE SISTER FIRECRACKER**.

To DJ and Friend: We'll block the wind from you anytime. Watch out for fast moving trees. Us **THREE**.

LONDON IN THE SPRING: Try it, you'll like it.

TO BIG SISTER AVILA: Hope your week has been full of smiles and good times. pyramid no. 9 **DUDLEY DO-RITE**.

TO OUR ANGELS IN WAYLAND 215: You must have been sent from heaven; you're all so beautiful and sweet, we'll always love you! Your admirers from Hoffman 109.

GUESS WHO: my powers still work. You have won the battle but not the war. **WIZARD**.

By Garry Trudeau

By Bill Rechin and Brant Parker



229 North Main Street
Harrisonburg, Virginia
433-2721.

Mikey would like to apologize for not having any pictures of our compacts but it's not his fault because the rep hasn't sent us any yet.

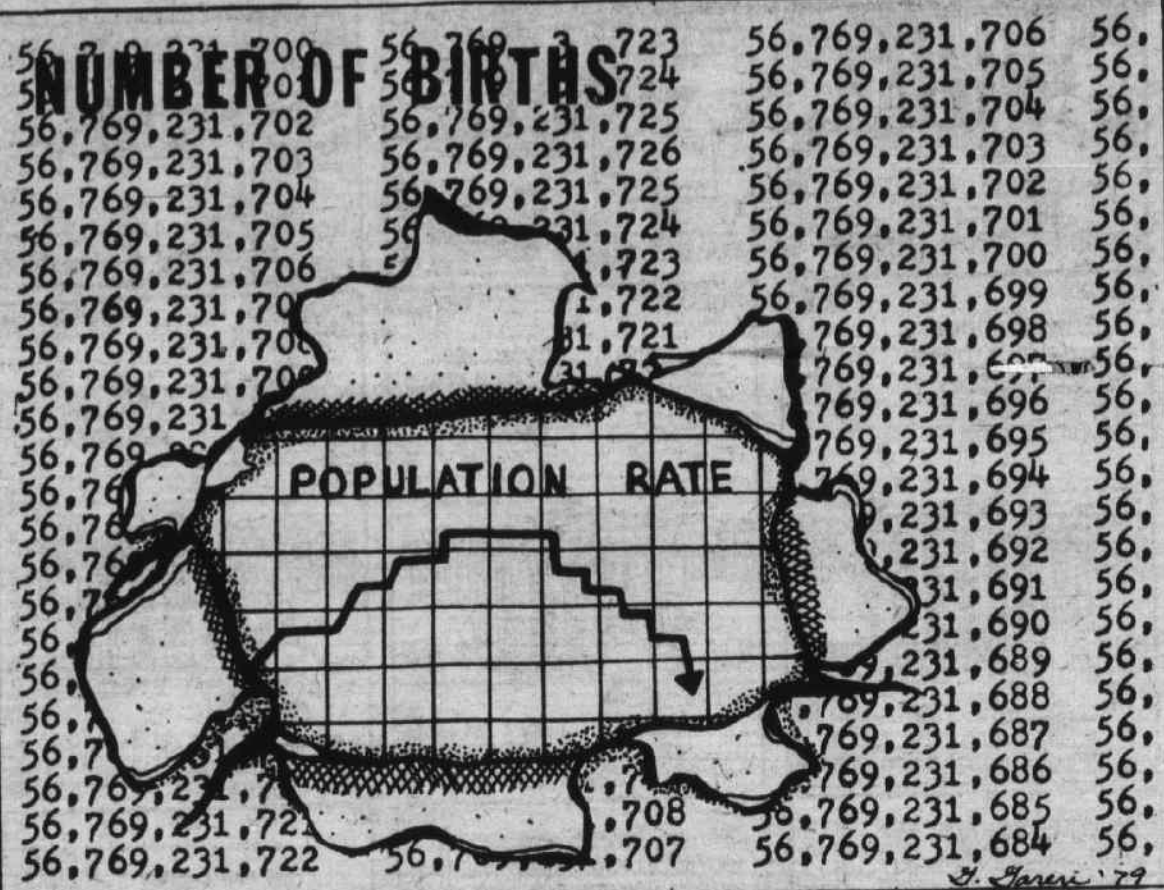
Component stereo sound
--- in a compact.

SANYO. From \$18900

Technics • Sanyo Plus • Kenwood • Bose • ADC • Gibson • Martin
Ovation • ARP • Moog

service & quality for more than 25 years

Viewpoint



Industrial blessings a curse?

By KEVIN MILLER

We may not have to wait for a nuclear holocaust to destroy the industrialized world. We have already planted the time bomb that might destroy us in our own backyards.

When a person dies of lung cancer caused by chemical pollutants, or of heart failure due to a stressful business life we frown, but acknowledge that they are isolated cases that affect a small percentage of the population. However, if we learned that toxic chemicals are leading to the end of humanity we might react differently. When we find out that it could happen within 30 years we might shudder.

In essence, this claim was made by a Florida chemist at the American Chemical Society's annual meeting held in Washington last month. Dr. Ralph Dougherty determined that the male sperm count and potential fertility has declined sharply in recent years. His research at Florida State University showed that 23 percent of 132 college student volunteers are functionally sterile, and he attributes it directly to the presence of toxic chemicals in the environment.

In a similar study conducted in 1929, the median sperm density of males was 90 million sperm per milliliter of fluid. The current study places the median sperm density at 60 million per milliliter. Males are considered sterile if their sperm density is 20 million per milliliter.

The implications of this study are awesome. If the sample of college males is representative of the entire male population, then 25 percent of American males are sterile. If Dougherty's claim that the rate is rapidly rising and toxic chemicals are the cause then

the trend should not reverse itself because the level of toxic chemicals in our environment is steady, if not rising. If so, the majority of males in the industrialized world could be sterile in the near future. And further, if males are sterile, natural reproduction and regeneration of the human race as we know it becomes unlikely.

About 25 percent of the decline in the sperm count is attributable to polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB's) which were found in the sperm samples. Although PCB's were banned in 1976, 70 percent of the compound produced at the time is still present in manufactured goods. These PCB's, then, continue to infiltrate the males' system. Other factors such as cigarette smoking, heavy marijuana smoking (7-10 marijuana cigarettes a day) and other toxic chemicals also lead to lower sperm densities.

Naturally, the most urgent call should be to further reduce, if not eliminate, the use of toxic chemicals. If we let this trend go unchecked we've got a lot to lose. Of course the world will not end if the industrial nations literally dry up. There are millions of people not affected by toxic chemicals. It is our culture that has created this problem, however, and the chemicals we use can readily spread throughout the world.

This may be blowing research done on 132 college students out of proportion. Maybe only 25 percent of college males are sterile, not the entire population. Nevertheless, no matter how many people are actually affected, further research and controls on toxic chemicals must be called for. Once again, the "blessings" on industrialization may lead to the curses of the modern world.

Anthony 'quarter' 'Inflation shrinks dollar'

By DAVID HUME

Blind people can distinguish it from a regular one because it has edges. Vending machines can distinguish it because they do not work right if they get one. But that's it; they are the only two I know of who can tell a quarter from a Susan B. Anthony dollar coin.

The government has come up with some flops before, but not like this one. Since the Anthony dollar was issued—some 670 million of them since last July—they have been stored in the backs of bank vaults waiting for the public to

accept them as a monetary symbol.

The "counterfeit quarter" may collect a little more dust due to a major problem it has encountered. The problem is that the coin looks almost exactly like a quarter. The only way to discern whether or not it is in fact a Susan B. Anthony dollar is to look through a microscope and check the engraving.

(Microscopes are being installed today at your local banks).

Merchants are reluctant to

hand these coins out as change. They fear their cashiers will not notice the difference between quarters and dollars. Can you imagine working at a bank and having to tell your manager that you just gave away what you thought were 10 rolls of quarters?

Anyway, what's wrong with the traditional green dollar bill? It serves the purpose. People are accustomed to it.

It's still worth about one dollar. But best of all, you can tell it's a dollar.

Life as a 'brat'

By MAUREEN RILEY

My roommate and I have distinctly opposite pre-college histories.

She is the product of a small town, has lived in the same house her entire life, has known some of her friends since elementary school, and has a giveaway accent.

She also has never been to Europe — an excursion usually reserved for the too-rich, too-old or too-bored.

But I have been to Europe, and I am neither rich, old nor bored. My elementary-school friends have long since faded from memory—I can't even remember how many elementary schools I've attended.

I've lived in two small towns and was glad to leave them both behind after a year.

And my "accent" is nonexistent — unless the dialects of Africa, New Jersey, Massachusetts, Germany, Arizona, Kansas, Alaska, Virginia and Maryland can be combined to produce a detectable dialect.

I've lived in 13 different places, have moved 15 times and have never lived in one location for more than two years at one time.

Why? Because I'm a brat; not a runny-nosed, dirty knees, smart-mouthed brat, but an Army brat.

And glad of it.

The lifestyle military fathers provide for their families may sound lonely, frightening and disoriented — it is at times — but its advantages far outweigh the disadvantages.

Oh, I didn't always think that way. I used to hate saying goodbye to year-old friends and trying to imagine the series of look-alike military quarters as "home."

Not to mention the fear of being the "new kid in town" on the all-important first day of school, and having to face a classroom of clique-oriented students whose territory I had unwillingly invaded.

It seemed unfair that I had no choice about where I wanted to live and how long I could stay somewhere. It was as though some faceless being had decided to tear me from my temporary roots, just when I had finally adjusted to my "new" surroundings.

But at the end of it all, it didn't matter. I survived. And now I'm old enough to appreciate the unique experiences I've had as an Army brat.

Living in so many places exposes military children to numerous lifestyles, cultures and people. However, remaining stagnant in one location until college limits one's horizons. The different sections of a town — West End, Northside, or Southside — may offer a variety in lifestyles and cultures. But that's assuming a town boasts such sections.

And naturally, military children get the chance to see different parts of the world, or at least the United States.

Later in life, when they hit the "real world" they may be able to adapt to their jobs — and even college — better than one-location people because changes and adjustment are a way of life for military children.

But this description does not fit all military children nor do all one-location people lead stagnant lives. Exceptions abound and not much can be done to change the lifestyle into which one is born.

I'm just glad I ended up like I did: an Army brat.

The Breeze

Founded 1922

EDITOR Theresa Beale
MANAGING EDITOR Maureen Riley
BUSINESS MANAGER Russell Fleetwood
News editor -- Julie Summers
Editorial editor -- Kris Carlson
Feature editor -- Dean Honeycutt
Sports editors -- Dennis Smith, Dan McNiel
Photography editor -- David L. Johnson
Graphics editor -- Gina Gareri
Production manager -- Pamela S. Howlett
Advisers -- Alan Neckowitz, David Wendelken

NEWSROOM -- 433-6127
BUSINESS OFFICE -- 433-6596

"To the press alone, chequered as it is with abuses, the world is indebted for all the triumphs which have gained by reason and humanity over error and oppression." — James Madison

The Breeze is published every Tuesday and Friday except where otherwise noted.

Correspondence should be addressed to The Breeze, Wine Price Building, James Madison University, Harrisonburg, Virginia 22807.

Letters to the editor are encouraged. All letters must be typed, signed, and include the author's address and telephone number. Letters longer than 500 words may be used as guestspots at the discretion of the editor. Unsigned letters and editorials will not be used.

All material will be edited at the discretion of the editor.

All letters, columns, reviews and guestspots reflect the opinions of their authors and not necessarily those of the editors of The Breeze or the students, faculty and staff of James Madison University. Unsigned editorials are the opinion of the editors of The Breeze.

Comments and complaints about The Breeze should be directed to Theresa Beale, editor of The Breeze.

Readers' Forum

SGA secretary explains use of office phone

To the editor:

I must question the intent of Kevin Mondloch's letter about the SGA Vice President Chuck Cunningham in the Oct. 30 issue of *The Breeze*. It "disturbs the 'heck' out of me" to think that one individual could stretch such a small matter so much out of proportion. To asperse an elected officer by the student body is quite trite, Mr. Mondloch.

First of all, the phone matter has been settled within the SGA office. The reason Chuck Cunningham used the 6376 phone number (one of the two lines in the SGA office) is only because he is in that office doing SGA work for the most part of his day.

Liars club not snobs

To the editor:

After reading the article about Greek housing in the Oct. 12 issue of *The Breeze*, I was both surprised and annoyed by the comments made about the Liars Club by Interfraternity Council President Bill Hardy.

Mr. Hardy claims that he approached the Liars Club about becoming a fraternity in order to keep the group alive.

As the "president" of the club, I was very surprised by this remark. Bill Hardy has never approached me or any other "officer" of the group about such a proposal.

Although the adjectives Mr. Hardy used to describe the group's members are not entirely incorrect, I feel it is unfair to refer to us as "snobbish." Many students think this is true since they have never been invited to one of our parties or they have been turned away at the door. The reason for the selective invitation process is not because we are snobs, but due mainly to lack of space and funds. We never have felt that it is our obligation to supply free beer and good times to everyone on campus.

Mr. Hardy's comment that fraternities are not for everyone was entirely correct. Many people are not suited for the rigidly structured life of a Greek organization. In light of this, the Liars Club was formed by a group of mutual friends with

the intent of being purely a social group. The club has never had formal meetings, officers, or the usual trappings that go along with Greek life such as pledging and rushes.

The Liars Club proved that independent organizations can thrive and survive without "going Greek." In the future, I would suggest that the Interfraternity Council keep closer tabs on statements made to the press by its current president.

Glenn Petty

Furthermore, it is the right of any student to be involved in as many activities as he so chooses. Many student leaders must "overlap" responsibilities and decide in priorities. As the most impartial officer of the SGA, I am convinced that Chuck is devoted more to his school as an SGA officer than to the Young Americans for Freedom. Clearly, your letter to the editor reflects immature jealousy of position.

'Pure' entertainment

To the editor:

The following is an open letter to the University Program Board movie committee.

I would like to extend my thanks to all of you for your decision to show the Walt Disney movie "Pinocchio." The movie was a welcomed break from all the sex and violence films that preceded it. A petition supporting Pinocchio as a "high quality" film was circulated before each show. The results indicated that 50 percent of the audience supported the suggestion that the movie committee show more Walt Disney films next semester. What differentiates a "high quality" film from a less desirable film? I've listed three things I'm sure there are many others.

1. Does it tell a story or express an idea?
2. What's the moral of the story or idea?
3. What's the reaction of the audience during the showing?

Pinocchio has a definite story—a definite central idea—the quest of a little wooden boy to do "good" and become "real." Compare this to movies like *Pretty Baby*, *Jaws I and II*, or *California Suite* and this simple "quest" is like a holy voyage to Mecca.

Now the most important part, what's the moral of the story? I found two:

1. "A boy that can't be good may just as well be made of wood," and
2. "A lie just keeps on growing til it's as plain as the nose on your face."

Former President Nixon should have taken this second moral into consideration.

The actual showing of the film was highlighted with

To even mention the word "impeachment" is very absurd. On what grounds do you base your observations and facts, Mr. Mondloch? "Chuck" Cunningham's name is almost always quoted in *The Breeze* report of Senate meetings. I have yet to see you every week at open Senate meetings, or at Commission meetings that Chuck actively participates in sometimes as many as five meetings a week. I have been in the SGA

office working many nights when Chuck was working until 11 p.m.

It seems to me Mr. Mondloch that it is you who should now have public apologies appear in *The Breeze* and in the *Harrisonburg Daily News*

& Record after writing such an unreasonable and inaccurate letter. At most, you definitely owe Chuck Cunningham a prompt and cordial apology.

Debbie Smith
SGA Secretary

Students: take a walk

To the editor:

For three full years now I've read editorial after editorial from complaining commuter students concerning parking on campus, well to those individuals I say take a walk.

Whether you know it or not a severe shortage of fossil fuel resources lies in our future. The sooner we learn to live with it the speedier will be our recovery from trying times dependent on foreign oil supply. Besides the burning of fossil fuel in the internal combustion engine for commuting purposes over short distances it is both polluting and wasteful. Harrisonburg is a mere 5.981 square miles in area, hardly a distance that takes 180 horses to traverse. It's sad to say, but

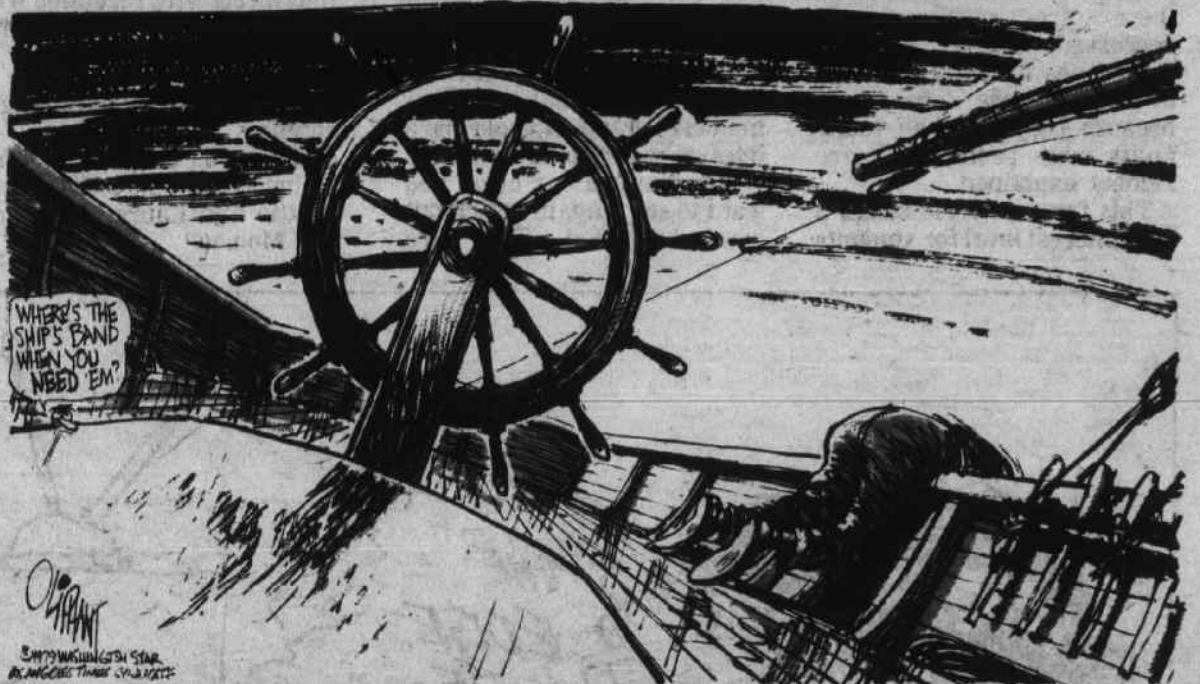
America's love affair with the automobile must come to an end.

I too am a commuter living approximately 1.25 miles from campus. Brisk pedalling from my apartment door to class takes less than 10 minutes while a walk of 20 minutes can accomplish the same task.

So next time instead of pushing the pedal to the metal try an exhilarating ride using muscle power with the wind in your face. You might enjoy it and you'll be doing America a favor.

As for this commuter there is no parking problem on campus, any small circumference tree, post or railing will suffice.

Andy Wood



SUDDENLY, CAPTAIN CARTER FELT THE URGENT NEED TO TAKE COMMAND!

Carter's ship of state flounders

By SUSAN HADY

Jimmy Carter has set a record. His smiling "Mr. Popularity" image has backfired. He ranked at 19 percent approval, lower than any other president has ever scored.

It seems especially ironic that a man who is so conscious of his image and that has striven so hard to be revered by the American people has struck out. His current rating in public opinion polls makes us wonder whether it is possible for a president to be popular.

According to Carter, as quoted in the *Washington Post*, it is "almost impossible" to be popular since "... most of the decisions that have to be made by a president are inherently not popular ones."

Carter's estimation of the impossibility of being a popular president is reinforced by history. John Mueller, a public opinion analyst, has found that certain factors affect presidential popularity. He discovered that popularity generally declines over a period of time as presidents make more decisions that antagonize minorities.

Mueller also found that a downturn in the economy, as we are having now, coupled with an increase in the rate of unemployment also

harm a chief executive's popularity.

Judging by these arguments we may decide that it isn't Carter's fault that he is not liked. No one in his place would be popular or would he?

A president who began with realistic, instead of idealistic, goals might have a chance at a higher rating of public opinion.

Carter's mistake was in promising things that he could not deliver. Carter's list of broken promises is seemingly endless. For example:

1. During his campaign he promised to end inflation. The inflation rate has risen during his term in office and he now refers to it as an "uncontrollable situation."

2. Carter promised to balance the budget. That would have set a world record.

3. He also pledged to hold two news conferences a month. He has not had a formal meeting with reporters in Washington since July.

What we need is a realist who can set and achieve reasonable goals for our country.

By the way Jimmy, congratulations on your record. The lowest score in public opinion ever—that is impressive!

Soaps: JMU students 'addicted'

TV lounges packed with avid viewers from 12 to 4 for daily dramas

By TERESA CAVINESS

Television is a vast wasteland of surrealism in which soap operas are only a part, said one James Madison University male on a random survey about soap operas conducted recently by The Breeze.

The residence hall T.V. lounges are filled between the hours of 12 and 4 p.m. with students who are compelled by the soap opera action on the screen, they may "just passing time" between classes, trying to avoid boredom.

Whatever the reason, most of these students are addicted to what they are doing, watching soap operas, which, like drugs provide a "mental high" giving students an outlet for forgetting their own problems.

Students find soap operas, by self-admission, addicting, more or less giving them short respite from the everyday problems concerning school and career choices. According to one co-ed, "A friend got me started watching them and I just never stopped. I got hooked after a few shows."

SOAP OPERAS tend to make JMU students appreciate their own life by showing people who are inundated with problems, often more than they can handle.

"It's a good feeling to know there are people more depressed than I am. Sometimes it's easy to relate to soap opera characters because they have so many faults and problems," one student explained.

This fantasy world offers a high interest level for students

by depicting the basics in soap opera plots — sex and violence. These programs show "all the juicy stuff," said one student.

About 85 percent of those students surveyed consider soaps overdramatic and an exaggeration of "real life." No television show is actually depictive of life, said another student, adding that soap opera's problems "may be so bad that we then see how the real world is not that ridiculous."

Soap operas are too melodramatic in their presentations to effectively mirror life, added another student.

Because soaps are programmed for entertainment, others tend to consider the theatrics necessary in order to "make the show."

THEATRICAL OR NOT, students indicated that soaps give them some basis on which to make decisions. "Soaps allow the viewer to see how people could deal with issues that many college students may be going through."

According to one student, "Soap operas are more realistic than prime time drama for three reasons: 1) The time is slowed down to almost real life, 2) They deal with very real societal issues, and 3) Issues are not satisfactorily resolved in soap operas."

Soap operas are presented in such a way that they continuously grasp and hold one's interest in a state of suspense. "Once you see one once, you want to see it again to find out what happened. They are

made to keep you interested from day to day by keeping you guessing," one student said.

With suspense as the major drawing card, soap operas are "interesting and amusing. They are something constant to keep up with like a comic strip," said one JMU male.

Results of the survey indicate that General Hospital is the most popular soap opera among the students of JMU, with The Young and the Restless second in popularity.

AS POPULAR as soap operas are on this campus, the survey results conclude that very few students actually schedule their classes around the time slots of their favorite programs.

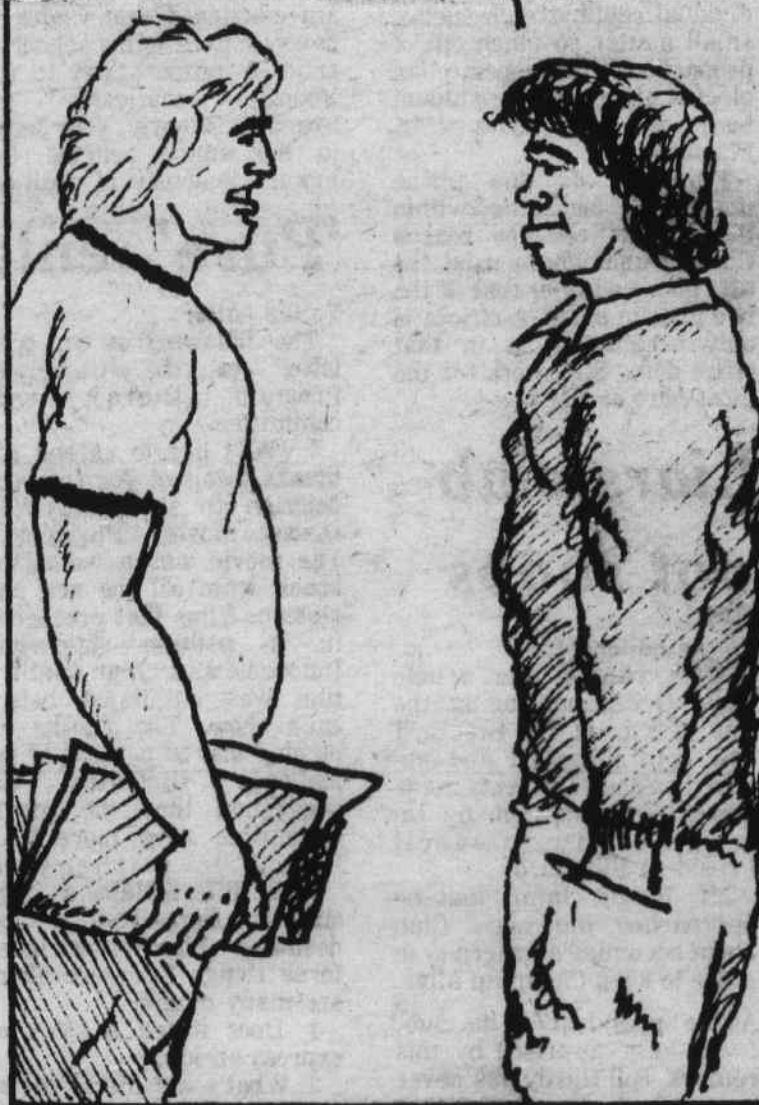
So, the question remains — who is it that is so hooked on soap operas, spending each afternoon victims of the fantasy world of television? Well, 91 percent of those of those students surveyed responded that females watch soaps the greatest amount of the time. The other nine percent said that it is about the same, with no one saying that males view soaps the most.

The realm of victimization extends far beyond the typical soap opera viewer. Another victim of soap opera fanaticism could be the poor fool using a hairdryer that is interfering with reception who gets bombarded by roommates or suitemates.

The co-ed unknowingly captures the wrath of everyone on the hall, as they sit involved in the problems of Scottie and Laura, and Rick and Monica.

..DID YOU SEE WHAT MONICA DID TO RICK THIS TIME?

NO, BUT YOU SHOULD'VE SEEN WHAT LANCE DID TO LAURIE!



Let Monica '79



Top Five Soaps at JMU

1. General Hospital
2. The Young and the Restless
3. Ryan's Hope
4. All My Children
5. One Life to Live

TKE Haunted House continues to spook 'em

By KIM BENNETT

For years the stories of goblins, ghosts, and monsters have intrigued young minds and for the past three, Tau Kappa Epsilon (TKE) of James Madison University has been adding to their fun.

Originally held at the fraternity's old Victorian house on Main Street, the TKE sponsored Haunted House has been spooking area children as their major community service project for the year.

Ghouls stalked the TKE house on Greek Row for the enjoyment of sororities, the

Big Brothers and Sisters Organizations, as well as JMU students Tuesday night. This is the first year that the house has been open to JMU students instead of just for the community children. Between 100 and 200 people were chilled and thrilled by the haunted mansion and according to TKE vice-president, John Mitchell, "It's the biggest one we've ever had."

Mitchell explained that each year the vice-president is responsible for the fraternity service project and its operation. "We're using about

60 people to put on the project," he added.

Approximately 30 of those people are the TKE Little Sisters to whom Mitchell, gave major credit for the Haunted House's success.

"The Little Sisters have constructed most of it," he elaborated, "and we really owe them a lot." The rest of the Haunted House crew was made up of TKE brothers. The only person who was not directly associated with the fraternity who helped was JMU basketball player, Steve Stielper. Steve portrayed the

house butler, Lurch.

Also important to the success of the Haunted House was the publicity. WVPT put part of the haunted rooms on television last week as part of its public relations services to JMU. Not costing anything to the public, the house cost TKE about \$100 and nearly 3 weeks work.

Mitchell described the Haunted House as "kinda like the Adams Family with Gomez and Morticia leading the lucky visitors through the house." The house included rooms filled with dying old

people, witches and warlocks, ghosts and monsters, as well as a dungeon and lunatic asylum. Mitchell noted that one of the best rooms was the Frankenstein Room with Ed Dike in his third year as the mis-understood monster.

An entire tour required about 15-20 minutes. It covered three floors, stairways, and about nine rooms. At the conclusion, all survivors were given candy. "We gave them candy at the end after we scared the pants off of them," Mitchell remarked.

FORD'S

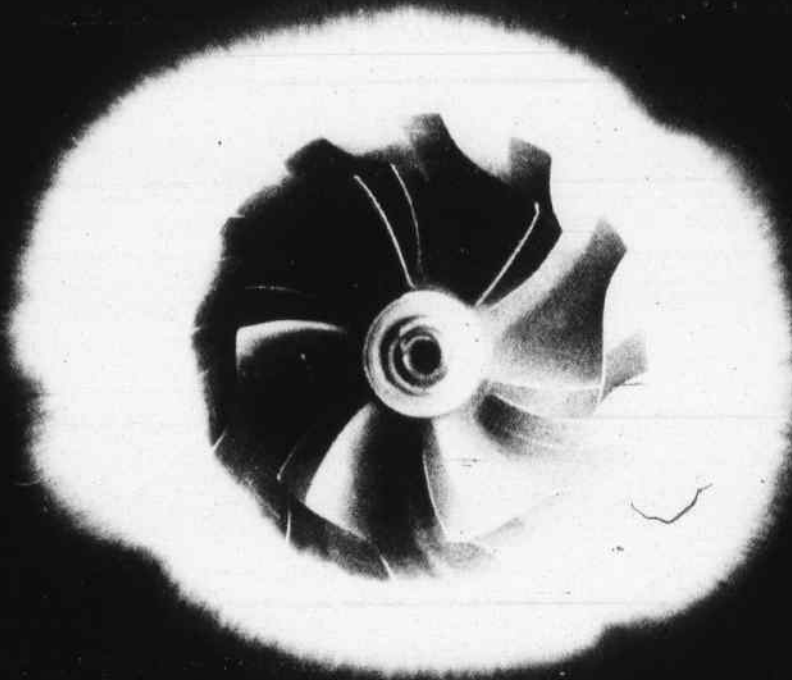
Insider

A CONTINUING SERIES OF COLLEGE NEWSPAPER SUPPLEMENTS

PAY FEES HERE



PAYING FOR COLLEGE
Strategies for Cost-Conscious Students



1980 FUTURA TURBO



Drive tomorrow today.

No other domestic manufacturer offers a 4-cylinder engine with optional turbo.

Get set for the 80's. With Ford Futura's exciting new turbo option you get a 4-cylinder turbo with the performance of some V-8's. Combined with floor-mounted automatic transmission, it offers the kind of reserve power you like for passing.

There's economy, too.

The Futura, equipped with its standard overhead cam Four, delivers outstanding fuel economy in 1980.

23

EPA
EST.
MPG

38

HWY.
EST.
MPG

Compare this estimate to other cars.
Actual mileage may differ depending on

speed, weather and trip length. Calif. estimates will be lower. Actual hwy. mileage will probably be lower.

Tomorrow's styling, today's prices.

Futura's crisp, personal-size proportions are tailored for the 80's. Yet its sporty distinction is priced far lower than you might expect. All the more reason to see your Ford Dealer to buy or lease a 1980 Futura. And be sure to ask him about the Ford Extended Service Plan.

**FORD FAIRMONT
FUTURA**

FORD DIVISION



Need cash for college? What a question. No matter how much you have, it never seems like enough—especially in these times of head-over-heels inflation. So hang on to your wallet and get set for a sampling of strategies that can make paying for school less painful.

THE \$3,258 QUESTION: How will you pay for college this year?... 4

Rising costs and ways to cope—What should you expect to pay toward your education?—Resolving the dependent/independent dilemma—10 costly colleges—'50s prices: Those were the days, my friend.

Grants and Scholarships 6

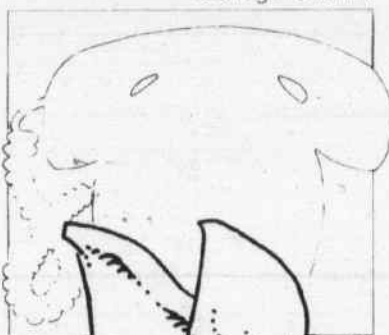
U.S. grants: You may be eligible—Fast breaks for women athletes—The news on "no-need" scholarships—Searching for scholarships by computer—The subsidized sideline muscle behind the Fighting Irish—Hold that grant!—Opportunities for women, minorities, and more.

Going After a Loan 10

Guaranteed Student Loans from Uncle Sam—Living on borrowed time: Profile of a loaned-up student—Playing the percentages: How to apply for a loan—Dialing for dollars on the federal loan hotline—The lowdown on default—Tuition? Charge it!—Loan plans for parents—New ideas for borrowers.



College Cash/4



10



Money Magic/6



Play for Pay/6



Pay Back ... Or Else 10

Working 14

The tradeoffs and payoffs of a part-time job—Ideas for student entrepreneurs—Common jobs you can get on campus—The co-op/internship option—Two-for-one: Job sharing—Banking on beauty—How to succeed in business before graduating.

Alternate Strategies 18

Credit by exam, cranked-up course loads, and other cost-cutting shortcuts—Simple strategies for the budget-minded—The girl who watched her pennies grow—Sharing the work and shaving the rent at a co-op house—The pay-before-you-go plan.

Using Your Financial Aid Office 22

The ABCs of the FAF and other application forms—What your financial aid office can do for you (more than you probably know)—Good advice from financial aid officers—Students who help students find money for college—Unwrapping your financial aid package—The student who wouldn't take no for an answer.

FORD'S INSIDER:
A CONTINUING SERIES
OF COLLEGE NEWSPAPER
SUPPLEMENTS is sponsored by Ford Division of Ford Motor Company and published by 13-30 Corporation (which also produces such familiar campus publications as NUTSHELL and THE GRADUATE). Ford's sponsorship of this publication is an indication of their desire to provide services to college students. Please take the time to let us know how you like this supplement by returning the postage-paid card on page 16. And for more information on Ford's product line, use the card on page 8.

ART CREDITS: Joe Acree—Cover; Hugh Armstrong—pages 8 (top left), 14 (bottom right), 18 (bottom right); Ed Hensley—page 11 (right); Neal McPheeters—pages 5 (top), 6, 8 (middle left); Lars Jaxvall—pages 7 (left), 8 (middle right), 10 (top right); Janine Orr—page 14 (top); Ken Smith—pages 10 (top left), 15, 18 (top).

PHOTO CREDITS: David Aronson—page 11; Charles Brooks—page 4; Ellsworth J. Davis—page 22; Goldie Claiborne—FOCUS ON SPORTS—page 6; Randy Kalisek—page 19; Jay Krottengold—page 22; (Gabriel Caputo); Jack D. Miller—page 14; Bill Nathan—pages 3 (top), 22 (top left); Bob Packard—page 15; David Prouff—page 23; John Roche—page 18; Brian Considine—Score Photographers—page 22; Marlene Shetler; Marilyn K. Yee—NYT PICTURES—page 18; Emil Berendt.

© 1979 13-30 Corporation. All rights reserved. No portion of Ford's Insider: A Continuing Series of College Newspaper Supplements may be reproduced in whole or in part without written consent of 13-30 Corporation, 505 Market St., Knoxville, Tenn. 37902 (615-637-7621).

Insider is published by 13-30 Corporation for Ford Division of Ford Motor Company. Opinions expressed by the publisher and writers are their own and are not to be construed as those of Ford Division of Ford Motor Company. Likewise, the publisher assumes responsibility for the technical accuracy of the material used throughout the articles herein. Direct editorial correspondence to Kitty Yancey, Associate Editor. Direct requests for additional copies to Madeline Walls.

THE \$3,258 QUESTION:

How will you pay for college this year?

DOONESBURY © 1973 G.B. TRUDEAU/DISTR. BY UNIVERSAL PRESS SYNDICATE. REPRINTED WITH PERMISSION.



—TEGWYN LEATH
Junior Pharmacy Major
Tennessee Tech University

"They don't tell you much about paying for college when you're in high school. I've had to learn on my own how to get the help I need. And I'm still confused!"



Like hay fever, midterms, and TV reruns, it arrives every spring—the "ouch" letter. Tuition, it reads, will be going up \$200, \$300, or more next year.

Ouch.

And tuition's not the only college expense that smarts. Because of rising fuel, food, and labor costs, room-and-board charges are swelling too. In fact, the price of almost every college essential, from pencils to pizza, is getting painful. And at \$3.50 to \$5 a ticket, you can't even escape at the movies. For one year at a four-year college, you now pay an average of \$3,258 at a public school and \$5,526 at a private school—9 percent more than last year. And next year it will probably be more.

But then you already know college is expensive. That's not what we're here to tell you. But did you know:

- That there's over \$12 billion in scholarship, grant, loan, and work-study money out there?
- That the federal government has just made it easier for you to get a chunk of the more than \$4 billion in grant and loan money it offers?
- That more and more schools are offering scholarships based on grades, not on financial need?
- That about 40 percent of the college students in America make part-time jobs pay off in both cash and experience?
- That you may be able to earn three to six college credits this year simply by taking one \$20 exam?
- That going to graduate school requires extra financial planning that should start right now?
- That you can ease your way through the forms, jargon, and red tape surrounding the financial aid process merely by understanding how your financial aid office works?

That's what we're all about—helping you find these and other ways to ease the sting of that yearly "ouch" letter. Whether you want a few dollars for the weekend or need help just to stay in school, a little knowledge, effort, and imagination can take some of the pain out of paying for your education.

Those Were The Days

No wonder the '50s were care-free. According to statistics compiled by the University of Oklahoma's *The Oklahoma Daily*, in 1959:

- A three-room furnished apartment rented for \$60 per month.
- Sirloin steak sold for 89 cents a pound.
- A Renault automobile cost \$1,784.

And to top it off, tuition and room and board at a four-year private college cost an average of \$1,437 a year.

Top Billing: 10 Of the Country's Costliest Colleges

College costs rose an average of 9 percent this year. Below are charges for tuition, fees, and room and board at 10 of the costliest colleges in the country. According to the College Board, a typical student spends an additional \$230 on books and supplies, \$250 to \$450 on transportation, and \$500 on personal expenses.

BENNINGTON COLLEGE
Bennington, Vermont
\$8,420

HARVARD UNIVERSITY
Cambridge, Massachusetts
\$8,140

YALE UNIVERSITY
New Haven, Connecticut
\$8,140

SARAH LAWRENCE COLLEGE
Bronxville, New York
\$8,000

MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY
Cambridge, Massachusetts
\$7,985

STANFORD UNIVERSITY
Stanford, California
\$7,949

PRINCETON UNIVERSITY
Princeton, New Jersey
\$7,850

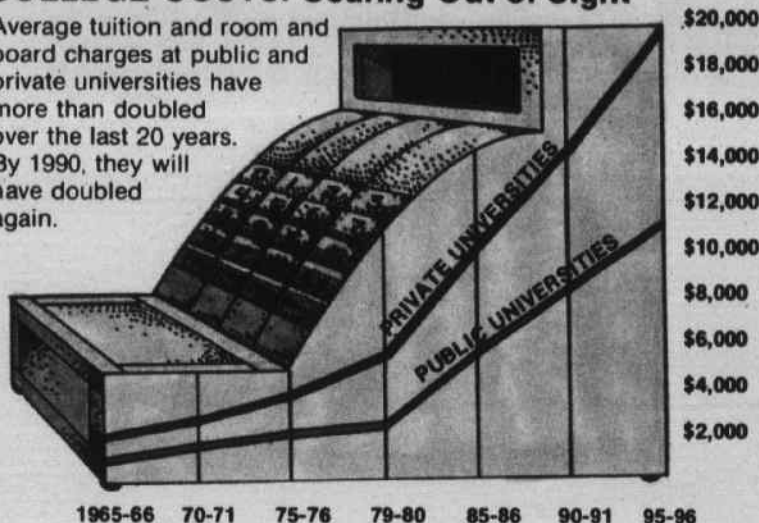
BROWN UNIVERSITY
Providence, Rhode Island
\$7,825

TUFTS UNIVERSITY
Medford, Massachusetts
\$7,773

BARD COLLEGE
Annandale-on-Hudson, New York
\$7,746

COLLEGE COSTS: Soaring Out of Sight

Average tuition and room and board charges at public and private universities have more than doubled over the last 20 years. By 1990, they will have doubled again.



(SOURCE: NAT'L CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS/
FUTURE PROJECTIONS FROM OAKLAND FINANCIAL GROUP)

What Should You Expect To Pay for College?

Even if you feel you may not be eligible for help in paying for college, you could benefit by evaluating your financial situation to make sure you have the resources you need.

First, figure your annual college expenses. Aside from the obvious costs of tuition, room and board, and required fees, you should add in estimates of the money you'll spend on books, transportation, and personal expenses.

Next, determine how much your family can afford to contribute. This will depend on your parents' income and assets (things like real estate, savings, and stocks and bonds) and on the number of children they have to support. According to the College Scholarship Service, which administers a standard need-analysis test to applicants for financial aid, a family of four with an income of \$16,000 and one child in college is expected to contribute from \$810 to \$1,650 per year toward the student's educational costs (depending on total family assets). If the same family has two children in college, its expected contribution for each child drops by 40 percent.

But don't think that a high family income automatically disqualifies you for any help. Even a family whose yearly income is \$30,000 or more may be considered "needy"

—if there are unusually large medical bills, alimony payments, or other out-of-the-ordinary expenses. After deciding on your parents' contribution, calculate what you'll be able to pay. The College Scholarship Service expects students to use 35 percent of their savings each year, as well as money earned at summer jobs and any veteran's or Social Security benefits.

To get a rough idea of your degree of need, add your parents' contribution to the money you can put in, and subtract the total from your overall college costs. If there is a gap, you should probably apply for a Basic Educational Opportunity Grant and other forms of aid.

Even if you've been turned down for aid in the past, changes in your family's economic situation coupled with liberalized formulas for dispensing federal aid may qualify you for some help in the future.

To get a more accurate idea of your eligibility for help in paying for college, use the detailed worksheets in *Meeting College Costs*, a free booklet published by the College Scholarship Service. The booklet can be obtained from financial aid officers or from College Board Publication Orders, Box 2815, Princeton, N.J. 08541.

Resolving the Dependent/Independent Dilemma

If you can prove that you're truly self-supporting, you may get more help in paying for college by declaring financial independence. Status as an independent means that your income and assets—not your family's—are used to determine your eligibility for loans, grants, and scholarships.

Proving independence involves meeting at least three conditions: 1) that you haven't lived with your parents for more than six consecutive weeks in the past year; 2) that you haven't received more than \$750 in support from your family during the past year; and 3) that you haven't been listed as a dependent on your parents' income tax return for the past two years.

When you're applying for grants and loans as an independent, be prepared to back your claim with tax returns and other financial documents. Since the government has made an increased amount of aid available to independents, it might be worth your while to start working toward independent status as soon as you can.



Methods of estimating actual college expenses and qualifying for grants, loans, and scholarships are covered in *Money for College! How To Get It*, a handbook compiled by a university financial aid director. The major federal, state, and private programs are covered, as are aids for minority and disadvantaged students. A special section for married and independent students and a glossary of financial aid terms are particularly useful. *Money for College! How To Get It*, by Donald R. Moore, Barron's Educational Series, 1979, \$2.25.

Want the lowdown on government sources of funds for college? Write for the free booklet *Student Consumer's Guide*, available from the Office of Education, Room 1127, 400 Maryland Ave. S.W., Washington, D.C. 20002.

Grants and Scholarships

Start smart by seeking out no-cost funds for college.



Fast Breaks for Female Athletes

Women's athletic scholarships are big news on campuses these days.

At more than 580 schools, in sports ranging from basketball at Old Dominion to riflery at Eastern Kentucky University to rodeo at Dawson Community College in Montana, talented female athletes are finding that play means pay. UCLA alone will offer 80 female athletes close to \$140,000 in scholarship money this year—five times

the amount available four years ago.

Competition is keen for the awards, which range in value from about \$700 to full tuition and room and board. Though many women's programs recruit scholarship recipients directly from high school, most schools reserve awards for proven performers—women with one or more years of varsity experience.

Walk-ons—women who decide to compete in a sport

after they reach college—can try for scholarships by finding out from the athletic department what money is available in their sport, or by making a team and performing well. For more detailed information on women's scholarship opportunities in college athletics, write for a copy of the *Women's Sports Foundation College Scholarship Guide*, available from the foundation at 195 Moulton St., San Francisco, Calif. 94123. Include \$1 for postage and handling.

Best Bets For the Brightest

In an effort to keep top quality students and compete with schools charging lower tuitions, an increasing number of colleges are offering attractive grants and scholarships based on criteria other than financial need.

A survey taken in 1977 by the College Board found that 64 percent of schools surveyed gave these "no-need" grants, which averaged \$971 per year. Private schools with large endowments are most likely to offer this type of scholarship, with small church-affiliated schools running a close second.

A booklet entitled *The A's & B's of Academic Scholarships* lists nearly 600 institutions which provide full and partial tuition scholarships regardless of financial status. You can get a copy by sending \$2 to Octameron Associates, Dept. A, P.O. Box 3437, Alexandria, Va. 22302.

Basic Grants: The Uncle Sam Connection

The federal government calls them Basic Educational Opportunity Grants, and that's what they are: basic, the foundation for paying for a college education.

The new Middle Income Student Assistance Act, passed by Congress last fall, makes 2.7 million students eligible for BEOGs this year—about one million more than last year. In general, a student whose family income is \$25,000 or less can expect to share in the \$1.5 billion allocated for BEOGs, though most financial aid officers say it doesn't hurt to apply even if you are unsure of your eligibility. Awards range from \$200 to \$1,800, with the average expected to be \$916 this year.

There's still time to get a grant covering this school year. You've got until March 15, 1980 to apply!

To get a BEOG:

- You must be an undergraduate enrolled at least half-time.
- You must be a U.S. citizen or permanent resident.
- You must qualify for aid based on a government formula. The formula uses information about your income and your family's income and assets, as reported on a BEOG application or on one of four other forms. There's no cost to apply.

About six weeks after application, you'll receive a Student Eligibility Report (SER) listing an eligibility index number and a rough estimate of how much your grant will be. Your school computes the actual amount of your award based on the index number and your college expenses. Grants are paid directly by check or are deducted from your tuition bill.



Supplemental Grants

The federal government's Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants (SEOGs) are intended for students who wouldn't be able to stay in school without them.

Awarded by financial aid offices on the basis of exceptional need, the grants range from \$200 to \$1,500 a year, with a \$4,000 limit over four years. More than 3,000 colleges and universities participate in this program, awarding over \$333 million this year directly to students who qualify.

Undergraduates who receive SEOGs must be enrolled at least half-time. Graduate students are not eligible. If your school awards you an SEOG, it must provide additional aid at least equal to the amount of your grant. Contact your financial aid office for application materials and further information.

Down-Home Dollars

When it comes to tracking down a grant or scholarship, you may not have to wander far. Your home state may be your best resource.

This year, states expect to award a total of \$912 million to college students, up more than \$100 million from a year ago.

Some state programs are set up to help needy students; others reward students who show academic promise. Most require scholarship money to be used within state borders (exceptions include Connecticut, Delaware, Massachusetts, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, and Vermont).

For more information on state scholarship and grant programs that affect you, contact your state scholarship office or your college financial aid office.

Scholarships: To Have and To Hold

Good job! You worked hard for that scholarship or grant. Now comes the real work—keeping it.

If you miss a deadline, forget to reapply, or get lost in the financial aid shuffle, you may face a costly surprise next year. So, here are five questions you should ask when you receive your grant or scholarship:



1. How much am I getting, and for how long?

An award letter from your school or scholarship/grant sponsor should say how much money you'll get this year and how much you can expect in the future. Keep this letter. If any mix-ups occur, you may need a copy. If you don't have an award letter that states explicitly what you can expect, get one from your financial aid office or scholarship/grant sponsor.

2. Do I need to reapply next year?

Some scholarships are renewed automatically; others take just as much work to reapply for as the initial application did. The Basic Educational Opportunity Grant (BEOG) program, for example, requires you to fill out a new application each year. Though your financial aid office can help, you're safest if you know when and how to reapply.

3. Who controls the money?

When things go wrong—and they can—know who makes the decisions and where to go to plead your case. In the future, you may wish to transfer your scholarship or grant, take a year off, or use some of the money for summer school. Developing a personal relationship with the person who controls your money will save time and trouble. Writing your congressman can help resolve hassles with federal aid sources.

4. What do they want from me?

Keeping your money may require maintaining a minimum grade-point average, living on campus, scoring 40 points a game, or writing a thesis. Know what is expected of you and what happens if you fail to meet requirements.

5. What could the future bring?

Some scholarships and grants are based on need. Be aware of how a change in family finances might affect your award. Also, be aware of threats to your scholarship or grant, such as cuts in funding or changes in program requirements. You worked hard for your scholarship or grant; this is no time to lose it.



Scholarships for Sideliners

Although they paint helmets, make travel arrangements, and conduct bed checks instead of scoring touchdowns, members of the Notre Dame Student Managers Organization are eligible for scholarships awarded by the athletic department.

Thirteen seniors, who train three years to manage one of the Fighting Irish varsity programs, receive awards ranging in value from \$3,789 to \$5,830 (manager of the football team is considered the choicest assignment, carrying a full scholarship). Juniors get a \$400 tuition credit, a school letter, and money for books.

All male freshmen are eligible to join the Student Managers Organization, explains Jim O'Brien, athletic department business manager. Women who want to manage one of the school's four women's teams are eligible for scholarship money under a separate program.

"The beauty of the Student Managers Organization is that it's completely run by the students," adds O'Brien.

Major Aids for Minorities

Several organizations provide scholarships and financial information for minority students. For example:

—The NAACP offers \$1,000 scholarships to black college students showing academic promise and leadership ability. Write to the NAACP, 1790 Broadway, New York, N.Y. 10019.

—Undergraduates and graduate students of Latin-American origin can win awards ranging from \$50 to \$1,000

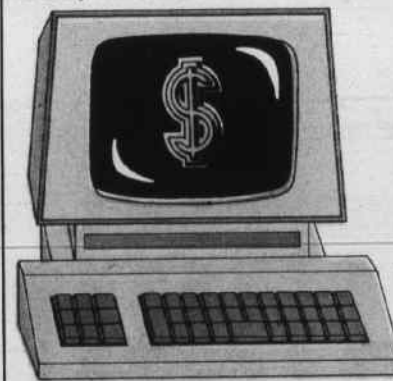
Plugging Into Scholarship Sources

Who are you? What are you? And how can that information help you find money for college?

Thousands of students have made who and what they are pay by using Scholarship Search, a computerized service that matches undergraduates with sources of scholarship, grant, and loan money. "It's similar to computer dating," explains Mary Ann Maxin, executive director. "We use the computer to bring the student and donor together."

For \$45, students fill out a questionnaire and receive a list of up to 25 sources of aid for which they are eligible, worth at least \$5,000. The list is based on answers to 39 questions concerning career choice, college major, military service, parents' nationality, and other distinguishing characteristics.

Though Scholarship Search won't guarantee you a grant or scholarship, it claims that nearly half its clients receive help from some of the more than 250,000 sources in its computer. For information and an application, write to Scholarship Search, 1775 Broadway, Suite 627, New York, N.Y. 10019.



from the League of United Latin-American Citizens (LULAC). Write to LULAC, 400 First St. N.W., Suite 716, Washington, D.C. 20001.

—Puerto Rican students living in certain areas of New York City can receive up to \$700 in Aspira's Mayor's Scholarship Program. Aspira also helps students find other forms of financial aid. Write to Aspira, 200 Park Ave. South, Room 1511, New York, N.Y. 10003.

Tender Loving Cash for Women

You know that Clairol can change your hair color, but did you know that it can change your money blues into scholarship green?

If you're a woman 30 or older, you are eligible to receive up to \$1,000 a year in the Clairol Loving Care Scholarship Program. Almost 200 women a year receive the scholarships, which may be used for tuition, books, transportation, or child care. Awards are based on an applicant's need, academic record, and potential for success in the business world. Winners are selected by the Business and Professional Women's Foundation.

For a rundown on this program and other scholarship opportunities for women, write Educational Financial Aids Sources for Women, Clairol Loving Care Scholarship Program, 345 Park Ave., New York, N.Y. 10022.



Quarter-Million-Dollar Babies

One hundred fifty people who can't read, spell their names, or do simple math have received scholarships to the Rochester Institute of Technology. In fact, the recipients still wear diapers, and their only qualification for the \$1,500 scholarships was being born on the right day—June 12, 1979.

The unusual scholarship program, funded by a trustee gift, was initiated to mark the school's 150th anniversary. The only requirement for scholarship winners was that they be able to gain admission to RIT when they reach college age in 1997.

(Ful) Bright Ideas For Graduates

What do singer-songwriter Kris Kristofferson, New Jersey Senator Bill Bradley, and L.A. Rams quarterback Pat Hayden have in common?

After college, all three were awarded two years of study in Oxford, England, as winners of the prestigious Rhodes Scholarship. Of the hundreds of scholarships awarded to graduate students, the Rhodes is perhaps the most glamorous. Rhodes scholars, chosen from 17 countries for scholastic, athletic, and leadership ability, receive a generous allowance in addition to having their educational and travel costs paid. The scholarship is open to unmarried graduates between 18 and 24. Deadline for application is October 31.

Other well-known graduate awards include the Marshall Scholarship (covering two years' study of any subject at a British university), the Fulbright Grant (offering graduates the chance to carry out a fully funded study project of their choice overseas), and the Danforth Fellowship (for graduate students planning to get a Ph.D. and go into college teaching in a liberal arts field). Most of these scholarships require you to be nominated by your school, and application deadlines generally fall in October and November. Application forms are available on most campuses.

For information on other sources of graduate scholarships, consult the dean of the grad school you plan to attend, or write for *The Graduate Programs and Admissions Manual* (available for Social Sciences and Education; Agricultural, Biological, and Health Sciences; Arts and Humanities; and Physical Sciences, Mathematics, and Engineering). The manuals are \$4 each and can be obtained by writing *The Graduate Programs and Admissions Manual*, P.O. Box 2606, Princeton, N.J. 08540.



ROTC: Uniform Appeal

You want money for college, and Uncle Sam wants you. So why not make a deal with him and join the Reserve Officers' Training Corps (ROTC)?

The ROTC Scholarship Program, offered by the Army, Navy, Air Force, and Marines, will cover your full tuition, plus books and fees, and provide \$100 a month while you are in school. To qualify, you must be a freshman or sophomore, at least 17, and be able to finish college before age 25. You must also be a U.S. citizen.

Although programs vary,

you can expect to take some military-related courses, participate in drills, and attend summer camp. ROTC scholarship holders are also expected to serve at least four years' active duty after graduation.

For more information, see your school's ROTC recruiter or write: Army ROTC, Fort Monroe, Va. 23651; Air Force ROTC, Recruiting Division, Maxwell Air Force Base, Ala. 36112; Navy Recruiting Command (Code 314), 4015 Wilson Blvd., Arlington, Va. 22203; Commandant of the Marine Corps (Code MPRO), Headquarters, U.S. Marine Corps, Washington, D.C. 20380.

Cash In on Your Quirks

What's in a name? It could be \$1,000 if you attend Yale and your name is DeForest or Leavenworth. And Harvard has funds for needy people named Anderson, Baxendale, Borden, Bright, Downer, Haven, Murphy, or Pennoyer.

There are hundreds of scholarships that will award you funds simply for your name, nationality, habits, or hobbies. So if you've been left out in the great scholarship search, don't despair—read on and cash in on your quirks.

—If you love good wine, this might raise your spirits: The American Society of Enologists (wine-makers) gives scholarships to students of enology or viticulture or related fields. The scholarships can be used at a variety of institutions.

—Clean living pays off. Bucknell University in Lewisburg, Pennsylvania, awards scholarships to financially strapped students who don't use alcohol, tobacco, or narcotics, or engage in "strenuous athletic contests." Eight to 10 winners a year divide as much as \$30,000.

—On the other hand, there's the left-hander's scholarship offered by Juniata College in Huntingdon, Pennsylvania. The fund was set up by alumnus Fredrick Beckley, a left-hander, who met his future wife when his tennis coach paired the two southpaws as partners in his freshman year. Four needy lefties receive \$300 each for the academic year at Juniata.

For other offbeat scholarships, consult *How To Beat the High Cost of College*, by Claire Cox, Dial Press, 1971, paperback, \$2.65.



If you're confused by the many types of financial aid, *Need a Lift?* may take a load off your mind. Written in an easy-to-understand style, the guide gives reliable information on a variety of public and private sources of loans and scholarships.

Also included is a section aimed at veterans and their descendants, and a rundown of educational aids offered by the American Legion and its local affiliates. *Need a Lift?*, American Legion, P.O. Box 1055, Indianapolis, Ind. 46206, \$1.





First new truck of the 80's... **TOUGH 1980 FORD.**

Ford pickups set the pace for the 80's! Built tough with exclusive Twin-I-Beam front suspension. Plus the only American-built 4-wheelers with Twin-Traction Beam independent front suspension.

New '80 Fords have outstanding gas mileage ratings, too. Just compare these official 1980 estimates:

<u>EPA Mileage Ratings</u>	<u>EPA EST. MPG*</u>	<u>HWY. EST. MPG*</u>
'80 FORD PICKUP**	(19)	29
'80 FORD BRONCO	(15)	18
'80 FORD VAN**	(18)	26
'80 FORD COURIER	(27)	36

And great customizing comes right from Ford in a Free Wheeling truck or van. See your Ford Dealer. Ask about Ford's Anti-Corrosion Warranty and Extended Service Plan.

Free Wheeling Bronco. Offers pinstripes or new optional tricolor tape stripes and more. Low-mount western mirrors, styled steel wheels and RWL tires optional.



Free Wheeling Van. Includes black bumpers, grille and rocker panels. Optional styled steel wheels, RWL tires, push bar and portholes shown.



Free Wheeling Courier. Custom-ordered look. Black painted GT bar and push bar. Add "B Package" for tape stripes, cast aluminum wheels and RWL tires. 1980 Courier available—approx. Dec. 15.



*Compare these estimates with others. Your mileage may differ depending on speed, distance and weather. Actual highway mileage will probably be less than estimate. California ratings lower.

**With optional overdrive transmission.

FORD

FORD DIVISION 

Going After a Loan

A loan can furnish the money you need to learn—before you start to earn.



Borrowing:

Tips on Breaking the Red Tape

You might be able to get a loan for college, you say, if only you could wade through all that red tape and decipher all that financial mumbo-jumbo. But applying for and obtaining a loan isn't all that difficult if you take it step by step.

First you need the appropriate application. Forms for federal loan programs can be obtained at your college financial aid office or regional Office of Education. Other forms are available from individual lenders.

Second, you'll need to determine the maximum amount you can afford to borrow and the time it will take you to repay it. Compare interest rates. Federally backed loans run 3 to 7 percent annually, while commercial loans can cost you 12 percent or more. Find out the "true annual interest rate"—the amount you'll actually be paying.

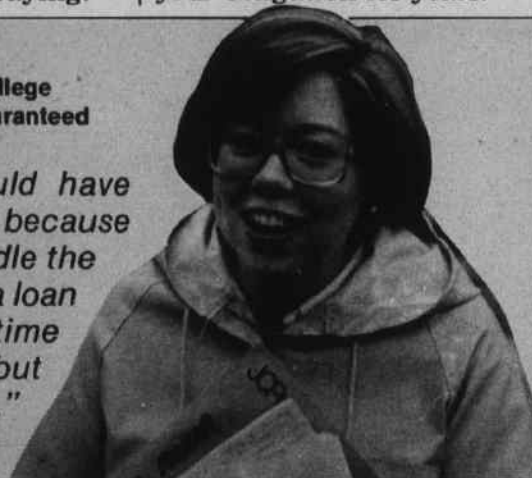
Taking out a commercial loan requires a little more homework than getting a federally sponsored loan. You—and your parents, who will probably be cosigning the loan—should find out whether you're required to purchase extra insurance and whether you can increase the frequency and amount of repayment. What is the charge for missing a payment?

Keep in mind that all loans—federal, state, commercial, or whatever—must be repaid. To repay a \$6,000 loan at 7 percent interest requires payments of \$118.81 per month for five years. Will you be able to swing it?

Finally, with any kind of loan, don't sign anything until you understand everything. Shop around for the best interest rate. Don't be reluctant to ask questions. After all, you'll be living with your obligation for years.

—Katie McManus
Junior at Albion College
and holder of a Guaranteed Student Loan

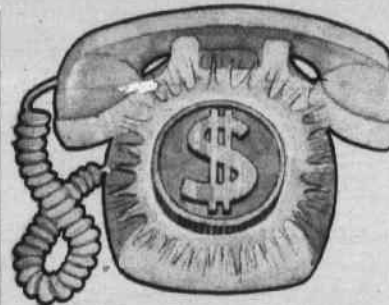
"Nobody should have to quit school because they can't handle the costs. Getting a loan took a lot of time and energy, but it was worth it."



Dialing for Dollars

The federal Student Information Center hotline provides a fast, friendly, and personal approach to your search for funds.

The hotline can give you information on any of the loan, grant, and scholarship programs administered by the Department of Education. It can put you on the right track to your home state's programs, and can even give you the names of banks in your area that are authorized lenders under the Guaranteed Student Loan Program.



Information on special aids for older students, minorities, and the handicapped is available through the hotline, and its personnel will mail you financial aid applications and booklets. Call 1-800-638-6700 nationwide, or 1-800-492-6602 in Maryland.

Parental Loan Program

About 20 private colleges are easing the tuition squeeze on middle-income families by offering loans at low interest rates.

The Parental Loan Program aids parents whose incomes are roughly \$20,000 to \$60,000—too much to qualify for financial aid, yet often not enough to cover tuition at an expensive private school. Interest rates on the loans range from 7½ to 12 percent, with funds provided by individual schools. Stanford University lends \$2 to \$3 million per year, with the typical loan averaging \$4,500. Other participating schools include Harvard, Princeton, Wellesley, and Mills College.



A word about default: Don't.

With nearly \$1 billion in delinquent payments to collect, the days when schools or the government wouldn't take the trouble to track down students who failed to repay educational loans are over. Threatened by cuts in federal funds, schools are pushing hard to collect over \$700 million in delinquent National Direct Student Loan money. And the government, aided by a beefed-up staff of over 600 collectors, is chasing after the more than \$288 million still outstanding in the federally run Guaranteed Student Loan Program.

The default problem peaked in the '70s as a result of lax collection efforts and borrowers' confusion about the necessity for repayment. Today, schools and the government are turning to a variety of proven collection methods: computerized billing systems, which remind borrowers of their debt each month; the Internal Revenue Service, which provides up-to-date address information; and private collection agencies, whose incentive is a commission of up to 30 percent of the money they collect.

Defaulters who have actively ducked repayment are taken to court when caught. Those judged to be merely negligent usually pay when tracked down. And those who can't pay because of financial problems usually get an extension.

On all sides, the message is clear: If you take out a government loan, be prepared to pay it back.

Guaranteed Student Loans: Take an Interest in Your Future

Uncle Sam's Guaranteed Student Loan (GSL) Program can be a real help for students who might have trouble qualifying for conventional need-based sources of aid.

The terms are attractive: you can borrow up to \$7,500 at only 7 percent interest, and you don't have to make any payments until after you graduate. (Graduate students can borrow up to \$15,000, including undergraduate money.) And the requirements are simple enough: be a U.S. citizen, attend college at least half-time, and find a bank that will arrange the loan for you.

That last requirement may be trickier than you think. In some parts of the country—especially the East—getting a GSL is fairly easy. But in others—most notably the West—it can be just plain impossible.

Part of the problem is that the GSL program guarantees money to the lenders, but not necessarily to you. This means that the banks have access to federal funds in making student loans—but if they decide not to lend you money, there's nothing you can do. Many banks don't like to

issue student loans because of high default rates, low profit yield, and the barrage of paperwork involved.

One of the reasons for the program's success in states like New York and Massachusetts is the establishment of state guaranty agencies. Such agencies insure lenders against financial loss, making student loans more attractive to them. About 40 states now utilize guaranty agencies.

What if you end up trudging from bank to bank, seeking a loan? "It's easier to get a loan from your home bank," says Dennis Kernahan of the federal government's Student Loan Marketing Association. "We've found that 70 percent of students getting loans had a previous relationship with the bank."

Commercial banks aren't the only lenders authorized to issue GSLs. Credit unions, savings and loan associations, insurance companies, even your college may be able to give you a hand. Loan applications and a list of participating lenders in your area can be obtained from your school or the Office of Education.

(including undergraduate money) for graduate school.

NDSLs are awarded directly by your school as part of your financial aid package. To get an NDSL, you're required by most colleges to fill out either the Family Financial Statement (FFS) of the American College Testing Program or the Financial Aid Form (FAF) of the College Scholarship Service. The information about your family's finances determines your need and your eligibility for the program.

NDSL funds may be used for all college expenses. You get the money directly by check, as a credit on your bill, or as a combination of the two. You don't begin to repay your loan until nine months after you graduate or leave school. Though exceptions are sometimes made, you can expect to pay at least \$360 per year.

National Direct Student Loans

3%

Offering an interest rate of only 3 percent with up to 10 years to pay, the National Direct Student Loan (NDSL) Program has helped millions of students stay in school. NDSLs, administered by individual schools under a federal program, are the cheapest money you can borrow for college.

This year, about 900,000 students who show financial need will borrow over \$649 million in NDSL funds. They'll receive up to \$5,000 for four years of undergraduate school, or up to \$10,000



Maura Shannon: Living on Borrowed Time

Facing graduation, a job hunt, and at least \$7,000 in loans to repay, Maura Shannon, 21, a Boston University senior, wonders what she got herself into.

"I feel like I've signed my life away," she says. "I can't keep all the loans straight."

But with three brothers in college, a father who's retired, and a tuition of \$4,720 to pay, Shannon knows that the loans are a necessity if she's to get the kind of education she wants. Her obligations include a university loan, National Direct Student Loan funds, and money from a credit union. First payments are due nine months after Shannon graduates next year.

"I can't think about the trouble I'll be in," she says. "Hopefully I'll have a good job, and then it'll be a matter of keeping my head above water until I'm financially set."

Shannon has resolved to pay back all her loans on time—even if it means scrimping on living expenses. Her advice to other students thinking of taking out loans: "Know what you're doing. Don't blindly sign the forms, cross your fingers, and hope it will come out right."

SYLVIA PORTER'S MONEY BOOK

How to Earn It,
Spend It, Save It,
Invest It, Borrow It—
And Use It to Better Your Life

Sylvia Porter's Money Book, called "the definitive guide to every phase of personal money management," has an excellent section on shopping for college loans. Included is a rundown on federal and state programs, as well as an evaluation of commercial loan sources. Easy-to-understand definitions of terms like "true annual interest rate" and "simple interest" are also offered. *Sylvia Porter's Money Book*, Avon Books, 1976, paperback \$6.95.

Tuition Fund

Imagine a loan program that would offer up to \$5,000 per year regardless of financial need, with repayment that would stretch out over your entire working life.

The Tuition Advance Fund, which Congress will be considering this fall, is the brainchild of Boston University president John R. Silber. Under the plan, upperclassmen could borrow funds without filling out complicated financial statements. After graduation, they would repay the advance plus a 50 percent surcharge in small monthly payments geared to their salaries.

Charge It!

"Don't leave home without it!" warns one of the nation's largest credit card issuers. The slogan may soon become "Don't leave for school without it!"



Paying for tuition via credit card is a growing trend on college campuses. "It's good for financing over a short period of time, because interest rates are only 1½ percent a month and you have up to 28 days before interest begins to accumulate," says William Doering, supervisor of the cashier's office at the University of Cincinnati, which accepts MasterCard and Visa cards for books, fees, and housing as well as tuition. However, credit cards are not suited to long-term financing, since interest rates generally amount to 18 percent per year.

Compare the It may be America's



3-Door Runabout

Excellent gas mileage.

24

EPA
EST
MPG

38

HWY
EST
MPG

For comparison to other cars. Your mileage may differ depending on speed, distance and weather. Actual highway mileage will probably be lower than estimate. Wagon and California ratings are lower.



3-Door Runabout

40 standard features.

The 1980 Pinto is packed with standard features included in the sticker price. Features like steel-belted radial tires, rack and pinion steering, electric rear window defroster, bucket seats, tinted glass, fuel wheel covers and much more. Compare Pinto. You'll be impressed.



3-Door Runabout

1980 Ford Pinto. Best small car value.

Join the Pinto

family. Introducing the 1980 Pinto. Take a close look—you might want to join the Pinto family—over 2½ million strong and growing!

Especially when you see the value Pinto offers with its excellent fuel economy and the long list of standard features included in the sticker price.



3-Door Rallye



Lure Wagon

Value priced.

Small car value means a lot of value at a realistic price for today. You'll be surprised when you see all you get included in the Pinto sticker price.

And you can buy or lease Pinto in a wide choice of models for 1980, to suit a wide range of needs.



2-Door Sedan



Rallye Wagon

Extended Service

Plan. It provides longer protection than basic warranty. Consult your Ford Dealer for details.

FORD PINTO

FORD DIVISION



Better ideas for
the 80's FORD

Working

Leading a double life—as student and employee—pays off in money and experience.



Peggy Luttrell: Nonstop Student

She's not a professional magician, but Peggy Luttrell performs an impressive juggling act. As a graduate student in interior design at the University of Tennessee, she holds down a full-time job and works on her degree at the same time.

A typical day begins with a class from 8 to 10 a.m., then continues with work as a counselor at a mental health institute until 5 p.m. Before dinner Luttrell runs a few miles, then heads for the

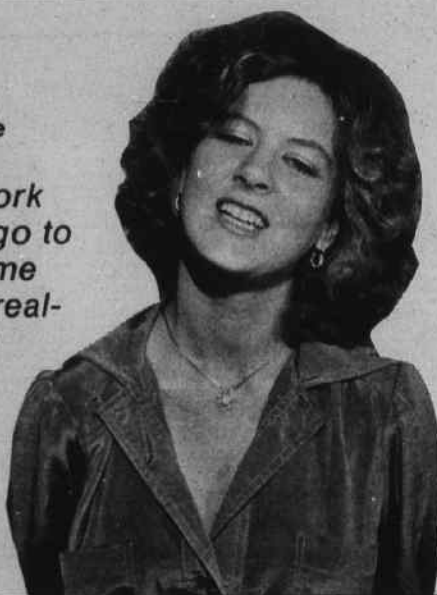
design lab and works on projects until midnight.

Although her job frees her from worries about financing school, she finds it takes discipline and constant organization to keep up with the demands on her time.

"A person must be able to work for long-term goals," she says. "For instance, I know I can't go out and drink beer with my friends tonight because two years from now I want to have my degree."

—LAURA SHANLEY
M.B.A. candidate and
business representative
for Pacific Telephone

"I'd rather get work experience and go to school at the same time. It's a more realistic atmosphere and a chance to make business contacts that could be important to me."



Making a Part-Time Job Work for You

Whether it's to raise cash for college, get some valuable experience in the "real world," or escape the craziness of dorm life, you may want to join the 2.7 million college students who work part time while going to school.

The first question to answer about a part-time job is: Do I have the time? Any money or experience you could earn by working has to be weighed against the possible cost of failing a test or dropping from exhaustion. Millions of working students do well in school, but you should consider carefully the effect work will have on your academic career.

The first step in looking for a part-time job is to make a list of your skills—how fast you can type, what musical instruments you can play—anything and everything that might sell you to an employer. List the jobs you've had in the past and what you'd like to do in the future. You might want to work up a brief resume.

Then ask around. Your friends, enemies, professors,

mailman, and anyone else breathing may be the source of a job. Check with your school's employment office, read the help-wanted ads, and call federal and state employment services. Think seasonally. Around Christmas, department stores take on tons of help. In the summer, camps and playgrounds need counselors and coaches. Find out what's out there!

In general, you should look for a job that offers hours suited to your class schedule. Your employer, however, should know you're in school and that under unusual circumstances—during finals, for instance—you may need time off. Don't take on too many hours; for a full-time student, 20 hours a week are usually enough to handle.

Consider volunteer work. Though working at an animal hospital or writing for a community newspaper may pay nothing, the experience can be valuable. In the long run, you may earn more by spending a little time volunteering rather than going for the money right away.

Enterprising Ideas

If you'd like to go into business for yourself, consider one of the following enterprising ideas:

- **Sell something students want**—doughnuts during study hours, tennis balls at wholesale prices, plants grown from cuttings.
- **Work as a campus marketing representative** for major magazines, life insurance companies, stereo manufacturers, or travel services.
- **Tap the parent market**—mail postcards to parents offering services like custom-decorated birthday cakes and exam-time "care packages."
- **Market your knowledge**—give tennis lessons, or conduct classes in exercise, French, or basic car repair.
- **Earn your car's keep** by starting a shuttle service to local airports and bus stations.
- **Start a wake-up service**, a typing service, or a babysitting service.



20 Common Campus Jobs

According to a survey of colleges across the country, these are campus jobs frequently held by students:



- accompanist
- bookkeeping clerk
- campus tour leader
- cashier
- darkroom technician
- dormitory receptionist
- food-service worker
- grader
- library assistant
- lifeguard
- mail clerk
- maintenance worker
- model for art classes
- photographer
- research assistant
- residential adviser
- switchboard operator
- teaching assistant
- tutor
- typist

Co-ops and Internships: Experience Is the Best Teacher

If you need money, but punching in at the local fast-food palace isn't your idea of a well-rounded education, you might look into an internship or cooperative-education program.

Internships and co-ops are similar: Both provide insights into the realities of day-to-day work in your field, and may lead to full-time jobs after graduation. But there are differences.

Co-ops generally involve formal programs which alternate terms of classroom study with terms of full-time, paid work for an outside employer. Students usually receive credit for their work. Internships, on the other hand, may be paid or voluntary, and do not automatically provide college credit. In many cases, locating an internship opportunity is up to you.

More than 200,000 students participate in co-op programs each year. Because of their growing popularity with students and employers alike, about 1,000 schools now offer programs in a variety of fields, ranging from art and architecture to engineering, business, and journalism.

Co-op salaries vary as well. Latest figures show that students in fields like business and engineering pull down the highest pay, averaging \$165 to \$215 a week. Students in other majors can earn as

much as \$180 a week, although some work for the minimum wage.

Like co-ops, interns get practical, on-the-job experience. Recognizing the value of student employees, an increasing number of public-service organizations, government agencies, and private businesses are making internships available to undergraduates, graduate students, and recent grads. Although many established internships are government-related and clustered in the Washington, D.C. area, a student with a good academic record and a little initiative should not have a problem setting up his or her own program.

For more information, write:

- National Commission for Cooperative Education, 360 Huntington Ave., Boston, Mass. 02115. The commission publishes an *Undergraduate Programs Directory* and a *Graduate Programs Directory*, both of which are free.
- *Directory of Undergraduate Internship Programs*, National Center for Public Service Internship Programs, Suite 601, 1735 Eye St. N.W., Washington, D.C. 20006, \$7.
- *National Directory of Summer Internship Programs*, Career Planning Office, Haverford College, Haverford, Pa. 19041, \$8.50.

The Duke Labor Pool

When the last touchdown has been scored and the fans have gone home, who cleans up the football stadium?

At Duke University, members of the Student Labor Pool do. On Sunday mornings, these students gather at the field to begin this 10-hour task. The labor pool, open to all Duke students, offers participants the chance to work part time—while setting their own hours—to earn

pocket money or needed tuition funds.

Students can work from 20 hours a week to as little as 10 hours a month at such jobs as raking leaves, serving at banquets, washing windows, and running concession stands. The labor pool, which pays \$2.90 an hour for general labor, is run with the cooperation of the university physical plant and the local union.

Employer-Paid Tuition

If you can't afford the cost of your education, perhaps you can persuade your boss to foot the bill.

Prompted by the Revenue Act of 1978, which allows tax write-offs for employees' school costs, an increasing number of employers are paying all or part of their employees' tuition. At Seattle University, over half the students in the M.B.A. program have employer-paid tuition, averaging \$5,700 per student.

"It's another type of incentive besides a salary increase or bonus," explains Chauncey Burke, admissions and placement counselor at the Seattle business school. "It also gives students a chance to develop additional skills that will make them more valuable employees."

Margin-to-Margin Profits

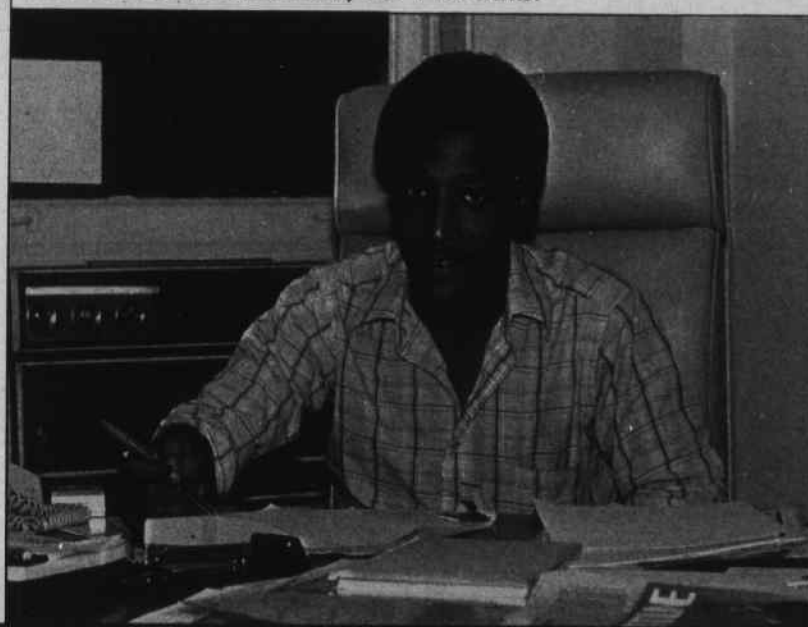
There once was a student who couldn't type. Knowing there were others like him, he opened up a campus typing service. He didn't learn how to type, but he learned a lot about business. He also made a lot of money.

Derek Lennon, a senior at Northwestern, started Nonnel's Typists and Secretarial Services a year and a half ago because he needed money for tuition and room and board. He began the service from his dorm room, hiring university secretaries to do the typing.

After several months, he

proceeds to set up an office close to campus. By the end of the first year, he'd made the cost of his tuition and more, and had enough orders for term papers and resumes to support three full-time typists and a backup crew of part-timers during the end-of-semester rush.

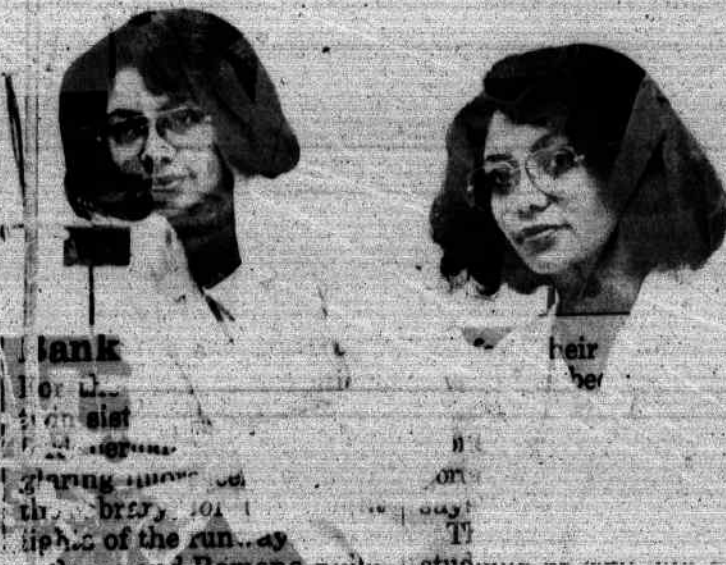
Owning his own business has taught him lessons he never could have learned in the classroom, says Lennon, a history and communications major. "My way of being graded is seeing how much money I make or lose," he adds.



Job Sharing

It's called job sharing, and it works like this: two people share one full-time job, splitting responsibilities and hours as well as pay and benefits.

Students looking for work as a team should find a partner whose talents complement their own, says Willie Heller of New Ways To Work, a job counseling and referral center in San Francisco. Understand the needs of the employer, then submit a proposal showing how you could handle the job. Jobs which lend themselves to sharing include day-care center positions, clerical work, and library jobs.



Banking on Beauty

For the sake of education, twin sisters attending Stanford periodically trade the glaring fluorescent bulbs in the library for the bright lights of the runway.

Renee and Ramona Rolfe, who started working on their master's degrees in petroleum engineering this fall, view beauty pageants as a way to earn extra money for school expenses. They began entering contests as undergraduates and have since won a variety of titles and prizes.

So far, their largest cash award has been \$700. "Contests are a great way to get money for books and transportation home during breaks," says Renee.

The limelight beckons male students as well. For example, there's the annual Prince Charming Contest in Baton Rouge, Louisiana, in which the winner (judged on "personality, grooming, and talent") receives a \$1,000 college scholarship plus \$1,000 for emcee work at Cinderella Girl state pageants.

Money In Reserve

Questions What part-time employer can cut up to \$2,000 toward your college education, will let you choose the kind of work you'd like to do, and then will train you to do it?

Answer The United States Army.

In an effort to attract young men and women to its two part-time service branches—the National Guard and the Army Reserve—the Army is offering you a bonus when you enlist in many units. The bonus can either be \$1,500 in cash or \$500 a year for up to \$2,000 toward your college tuition and fees.

If you're willing to work one weekend a month, twice two weeks a year, and go through the Army's basic training program, joining the National Guard or the Army Reserve is a great way to pick up money, skill, and experience. Besides a bonus, here's what you can get for being a part-time soldier:

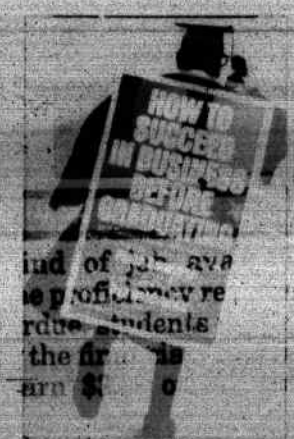
• **Money.** The National Guard or Army Reserve is a job, and you'll be paid for the hours you put in during your six-year enlistment. Pay is \$419 a month during basic and individual skills training. After training, you'll make about \$460 each week.

• **Training and experience.** The skills you acquire in the Guard or Reserve can enhance your college education and give you a valuable edge in the job hunting jungle.

• **Pension.** A rare benefit for a part-time job, it allows you to retire after 20 years and start receiving retirement benefits at age 60.

For more information about the Army, National Guard, write or call your local National Guard, Army or state military office. For information about the Army Reserve, write or call your local Army recruiter (in the Yellow Pages under "Recruiting"). The Air National Guard and the Air Force Reserve have similar programs which you might want to check out.

How To Succeed in Business Before Graduating (New York: World Publishing Co., 1985, \$1.95). If you're planning to start your own business, this book is a must. It gives you a step-by-step guide to starting a business, from choosing a business to getting a loan. It also includes a list of 100 businesses to start, and a list of 100 sources of capital. The book is written by two Princeton graduates, and gives advice on starting, managing, and organizing your business. It is a must-read for anyone who is planning to start a business.



The Word On Work-Study

Almost a million students hold down part-time jobs on and off campus under College Work-Study, a \$550 million federal program designed to help collegians earn while they learn. This year, Congress has added \$70 million to the work-study budget, opening up an estimated 145,000 jobs for students who need extra earnings to meet their college expenses.

Under the work-study program, students work an average of eight to 12 hours per week, with the federal government paying up to 80

percent of their salaries. The 3,250 participating schools are responsible for covering the remainder.

Thousands of students in work-study are library assistants, dorm receptionists, and cafeteria helpers. But others, such as those at Oberlin College in Ohio, can undertake less-routine jobs, such as joining the local police for night patrol or taking care of the mentally retarded.

Most work-study jobs pay the minimum wage of \$2.90 or more, although schools on a shoestring budget are allowed to pay 85 percent of the current minimum wage, stretching funds in order to

give more students the chance to participate. Though earnings vary, the average student on work-study pulls down \$620 during the school year.

Work-study is administered as part of your financial aid package. You are eligible if you demonstrate financial need, are at least a half-time student, and have not defaulted on a federally insured loan. To apply, you should fill out an application at your school's financial aid office.

If you qualify, the office will try to find you a job that complements your class schedule and, if possible, your career plans. Your wage will vary depending on your need,

the kind of job available, and the proficiency required. At Purdue, students who assist in the financial aid office can earn \$3.80 or more an hour.

Under the program, you may also work for a nonprofit agency, such as the YMCA or a social-service organization. The only provision is that your job cannot be politically or religiously affiliated.

Since work-study opportunities have increased by 26 percent since last year, it doesn't hurt to apply, even if you've tried in the past and were turned down. The expanded program may have room for you.



Spread your wings Introducing the New-Size Spread your wings Introducing the New-Size 1980 Thunderbird



Thunderbird with
New Luxury Decor Group offers
New higher MPG.

The Thunderbird's 25th anniversary
edition, 1980 Thunderbird, has new
features and a new look that make
it a car to be proud of.

New size. New innovations. New higher MPG.

In Thunderbird's 25th anniversary
year, all 1980 Thunderbirds are new
and special...with a new contem-
porary size that fits the future without
sacrificing Thunderbird luxury.

With its new size and a new smaller
4.2 liter engine, Thunderbird has a re-

markably improved estimated mile-
age 18 MPG est./26 hwy. Another en-
gineering breakthrough...the first au-
tomatic overdrive transmission
option built in America.

Other innovative options add to
Thunderbird's individuality...from a
dazzling array of electronic magic to
an optional keyless entry system. So

THUNDERBIRD

spread your wings.

Compare this to other cars. Your mileage may
differ depending on speed, weather, and trip
length. Actual highway mileage will probably
be lower than estimate. Calif. ratings lower.

THUNDERBIRD

FORD DIVISION



Alternate Strategies *If you can't raise the cash, lower the costs. The possibilities are endless.*



Credit By Exam And Other Money-Saving Shortcuts

You've heard it before: Time is money. When the average cost of a college education is broken down, each hour spent in class can cost \$8 or more. An increasing number of students, however, are saving both time and money by finishing college ahead of schedule in one of the following ways:

Credit by Exam. Last year more than 50,000 students at over 2,100 schools received credit through the College Level Examination Program (CLEP). Initiated to give students credit for what they've learned on their own, CLEP offers 52 exams (generally multiple choice) in subjects ranging from the humanities to hematology. The tests are given during the third week of each month at 900 locations throughout the country. The fee for each exam is

\$20, and three to six credit hours are awarded for passing scores, which are determined by individual schools. For information on test offerings and subject matter covered, write to the College Board, Box 2815, Princeton, N.J. 08541, or call 609-921-9000.

Another nationwide credit by examination option is PEP—the Proficiency Examination Program. Administered by the American College Testing Program, PEP offers 47 tests for fees of \$35 to \$175, depending on complexity of subject matter. Some tests are multiple choice, some are essay, and all are offered four times a year. For information, write to the ACT Proficiency Examination Program, Box 168, Iowa City, Iowa 52243, or call 319-356-3711.

A variety of other credit-by-exam programs are offered by public and private groups. New York residents can participate in the Regents External Degree Examination Program, for example. Ask your school which exam programs it will give credit for, or pick up a copy of *Getting College Course Credits by Examination To Save \$\$\$*, by Gene Hawes, McGraw-Hill, 1979, \$6.95, which lists institutions honoring the results of proficiency exams and gives advice on preparing for individual tests.

Carrying a Heavy Load. Adding one or two courses a semester to your normal load may shorten your college career by a year or more. Although some schools charge extra for additional courses, taking them may be more economical in the long run. Before you adopt this strategy, make sure you can handle the extra work. Flunking out, taking an incomplete, or dying of exhaustion saves you nothing.

Going to School Year 'Round. It may be worth your while to get through school quickly and enter the working world as soon as possible, particularly if you can get by without the earnings from a full-time summer job. Schools on a quarter or trimester system make it particularly easy to follow this strategy since most courses are offered year 'round. A bonus: Some schools offer cut rates during the summer to attract students.

Do-It-Yourself Diplomacy

When he enrolled at Pace University last summer, 16-year-old Emil Berendt had never attended a college class or talked with a college professor. Yet he already had a bachelor's degree in economics and 126 college credits to his name.

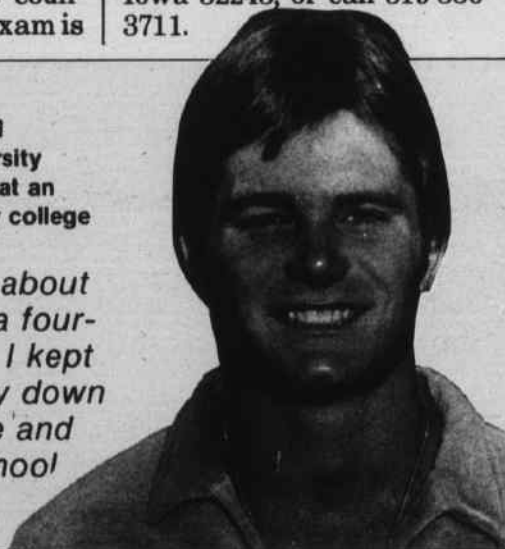
Berendt collected his credits while still a high school senior through an external-degree program administered by the New York State Board of Regents. He studied at home to pass a combination of multiple-choice tests, including College Level Examination Program (CLEP) exams and the Graduate Record Examinations (GREs). The degree cost him only the test fees (\$320), plus the price of a few textbooks.



Berendt, who entered Pace to study accounting, doesn't plan to stay the full four years. By combining his coursework with previously earned credits and taking five more equivalency exams, he will earn his second bachelor's degree by the end of the year.

—BRIAN CONSIDINE
Built up funds to attend Southern Illinois University by spending two years at an inexpensive community college and working part time.

"The tuition was about half as much as a four-year school, and I kept my expenses way down by living at home and carpooling to school with friends."



A Penny Saved . . .

Every night, Kelly Murphy deposited her loose pennies and nickels in a shoe box. By the end of the school year, the Marquette University junior had saved \$130—enough for a sky's-the-limit night on the town with her boyfriend. "You should have seen the banker's face when we dumped 6,000 pennies on the counter!" she recalls.



Smart Idea: Prepaid Tuition

About 165 students at Washington University don't have to worry about inflation's effect on college fees. Under the St. Louis school's Tuition Stabilization Plan (TSP), they've prepaid two to four years' tuition at last year's rate of \$4,300 and are protected against future increases.

With tuitions rising 9 percent or more each year, paying on the front end saves money. Students whose families can't come up with the four-year total of \$17,000 can borrow it from the university at 9 percent interest, which still beats the long-term rate of inflation.

TSP seems to be catching on. At least a hundred other schools have indicated an interest in the plan.

Cutting Costs Through Cooperation

Over 7,000 college students across the country have found living quarters that combine the convenience of a dorm, the freedom of an apartment, and the economy of living at home. They live in cooperative houses, known as co-ops.

The idea behind co-ops is simple. Instead of paying someone to maintain a residence and cook the meals, co-ops share the work among themselves, shaving as much as 50 percent off the cost of room and board. "We work only four hours a week, but we save \$400 a semester on the cost of living in a dorm," says Barb Weston, director of the Ark, a 100-member co-op house at the University of Texas.

Frugal living isn't the only appeal of co-ops. The Ark holds Friday-evening "happy hours," where residents assemble in the rec room for beer and socializing. Members also hold regular meetings to define house rules and make spending decisions.

Students who want to find out about existing co-op houses or start one of their own can write the North American Students for Cooperation (NASCO), P.O. Box 7293, Ann Arbor, Mich. 48107.

Simple Strategies To Save You \$

Tuition and fees aren't the only college costs that are flattening student pocketbooks. Everything from textbooks to toothpaste and typing paper is going to set you back more this year. To keep expenses at a bearable level, you might want to try some of the following strategies collected from thrifty students around the country.

—Take full advantage of your student status. A valid student ID can get you discounts at movie theaters and local businesses, generous travel discounts, and special rates on magazine subscriptions. Read bulletin boards and student newspapers carefully to keep up with good deals.



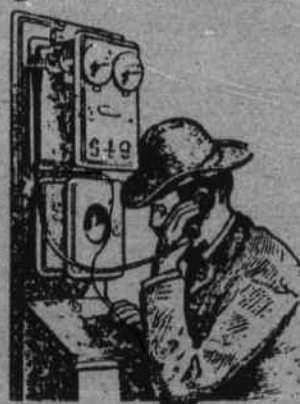
—Cut grocery costs by buying at a food co-op. If you do buy at a local market, check newspapers for specials and coupons—both of which can shave dollars off your grocery bill. Most papers run major food advertising on Wednesday or Thursday. Buying in quantity and shopping when you are not hungry can also save you cash.



—When you need aspirin or common over-the-counter medicines, make a house call at your campus health center. Most will provide nonprescription drugs free, and many offer a discount on prescription medicine, to boot. Some health centers will lend you supplies like heating pads, vaporizers, and Ace bandages when you need them.

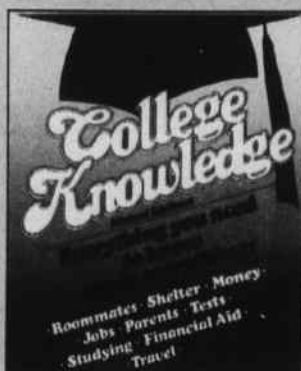
—Don't waste money on textbooks you'll only open a few times. Try sharing non-essential texts with a friend or using copies on reserve in the library. When a textbook is required, save money by buying it secondhand or splitting the cost with several classmates.

—If a weekly collect call home is part of your routine, you might want to dial direct and send your parents the bill when it comes in. By dialing direct, you save as much as 60 percent, particularly if you call in the evenings and on weekends.



—Traveling home for the holidays can sink even the best-launched budget. Make your plans as far in advance as possible to take advantage of airline excursion fares and special vacation charters your school may offer.

—Don't waste your money on duplicate medical insurance. Before paying for coverage through your school, see if you are still covered under your parents' policy. Many company plans cover children of employees as long as they are still dependent and in school.



Tips on everything from establishing in-state residency to furnishing a student apartment cheaply to nailing down likely sources of financial aid are covered in **College Knowledge**. Organized along the lines of a catalog, the 383-page book is crammed with ideas and sources of information that can make a student's life easier. A warning: Some of the addresses listed are out of date. *College Knowledge*, by Michael Edelhart, Anchor Books, 1979, \$7.95.



The Ins and Outs Of State Residency

Delivering pizzas may not seem like the most profitable way to spend the summer, but it saved Brad Duckett \$4,500.

By living and working in Moscow, Idaho, before beginning his junior year at the University of Idaho, the 20-year-old architecture major established in-state residency and trimmed \$1,500 off his tuition bill. In the three years it will take to complete his degree, he expects to save at least \$4,500.

"I came here because it was an excellent school in my field, and I established residency to save money," explains the California native. "I saw no reason to pay \$1,974 in out-of-state tuition when I could be paying \$474 as a state resident."

Requirements for residency vary from state to state and school to school. In some areas, you must be 21 and demonstrate complete independence from your parents. Most states require you to maintain a permanent address for a year or more, register to vote, obtain a driver's license, and pay state income taxes. Admissions offices at public universities are usually the best sources for up-to-date information on their state's residency requirements.

**INTRODUCING
A SPORTS CAR
FOR THE 80's.
FORD MUSTANG.**



Mustang 3-door

Enjoy the exhilaration of sports car performance and handling with the low price and high mileage you need today.

Certified by the U.S. Auto Club as a sports car.



USAC put Mustang against a number of popular sports cars in a series of tests, including acceleration, cornering, steering response and braking. The result—Mustang earned certification.

**Sports car performance.
Impressive fuel economy.**

Mustang offers the advantages of a sports car. Yet at the heart of all standard Mustangs is a high mileage 4-cylinder engine.

23

EPA
EST
MPG

38

EST
HWY
MPG

For comparison:
Your mpg may
differ depending
on speed, distance

and weather. Actual hwy mpg will probably be lower than estimate. Calif. mpg is lower.

Design your own Mustang.

The standard Mustang is impressive. With a modified McPherson front suspension, rack & pinion steering and sleek, aerodynamic styling. But it can be much more—a world of options like Michelin TRX radial tires, forged aluminum wheels and the elegant Mustang Ghia with deep pile carpeting and soft velour seats. You can make your Mustang a completely personalized car.

Sports car performance with impressive fuel economy. That's what makes Mustang a sports car for the 80's.

Whether you buy or lease a Mustang, ask your Ford Dealer about the Extended Service Plan.

FORD MUSTANG

FORD DIVISION



Mustang 2-door



Better Ideas for
the 80's. FORD.

Using Your Financial Aid Office

It's your guide through the jungle of forms, fine print, and frustrations.



What Your Financial Aid Office Can Do for You

Where do you go to find the latest information on scholarships, grants, and loans? That's easy—the financial aid office.

And what campus office can furnish you with a credit reference? It may surprise you to know that the financial aid office does this, too.

"I've written thousands of references in my time for students," says Allan W. Purdy, who retired in September after over 20 years as director of financial aid services at the University of Missouri at Columbia. "The office is a good source of credit references for those who have had a loan and kept up payments, or have had a job and proven dependable." What else can your financial aid office do for you?

- **dispense federal and state grant money.** Students can get applications and informational material at the office.
- **administer campus-based loans** under the National Direct Student Loan Program and other public and private programs.
- **list part-time jobs** available on and off campus.
- **help you determine the amount of financial aid you need**, and work with you to establish an aid package with some combination of scholarship, grant, loan, or work-study funds.
- **advise you in financial planning** and help you set up a budget to cover college costs.
- **offer counseling** on how to balance an academic load and a part-time job.
- **notarize documents** such as an affidavit of educational purpose, which the government requires before grant money can be released.
- **provide reference books and pamphlets** on government programs and other sources of funds.
- **counsel you on applying for a loan** and advise you about interest rates and repayment schedules.
- **in emergencies**, provide help with pressing college expenses. "Practically every financial aid office has an emergency fund to temporarily help students whose resources have been diminished due to uncontrollable circumstances," says Purdy.



Dollarwise Advice From Financial Aid Officers

GOLDIE CLAIBORNE
Director of Financial Aid
and Student Employment
Howard University

"Half the students I see don't plan for the total cost of their education—in fact, many don't know what the cost actually is. Sit down, work out a budget. Keep track of every dollar you spend. If you need help, file an application *on time!*"



JACK HUGHES
Director of Financial Aid
Florida Institute of
Technology

"Students have traditionally walked into financial aid offices on their knees, ready to accept whatever is offered. Since most aid officers are too busy to go that extra mile for every student, you should get involved, ask questions, and take on some of the responsibility of finding ways to pay for school."



MARLENE SHETTEL
Director of Financial Aid
College of Law
Cleveland State University

"I lie in bed and my stomach knots up when I think of all the students who come in with \$17,000 worth of loans on their backs. If you're planning on graduate school, it might make more sense to work for a year or two after college instead of taking on more obligations."



GABRIEL CAPETO
Director of Financial Aid
University of San Francisco

"Working, whether it's work-study or a part-time job off campus, is a good idea. In fact, work experience could give you an edge in the job market. Employers are impressed by students who can go to school and work 15 to 20 hours a week, too."



JAMES BELVIN
Director of Financial Aid
Duke University

"The biggest problem is that students don't know what's available to them. Make sure the financial aid office knows your situation. Make them understand! And don't forget to investigate all possible sources of money—including the variety of scholarships offered by private organizations."

With a Little Help From Your Friends

Burdened by mounting paperwork and small staffs, many financial aid offices are turning to peer counseling—students helping students—to reduce the hassle and confusion of getting money for college.

At the University of Tennessee, 10 student counselors receive \$3.50 an hour in work-study money to answer questions, help fill out forms, distribute information, and organize financial aid seminars. Thanks to the extra manpower, full-time staff members are freed to put together financial aid packages, monitor constantly changing programs, and deal with special student problems.

"We had to go through the same problems as the students we are advising," explains Gary Mitchell, a UT peer counselor. "That seems to give us better rapport." Mitchell's advice to students planning to seek aid: "Apply early, and be patient."



Shelly Liebman: Persistence Pays

"Most kids have no idea what goes on in the financial aid office," says Shelly Liebman, a graduate student in management at Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute in Troy, New York. "If students do take the trouble to fill out the forms, they just accept what the people in the office say they are going to get. But there's really a lot you can do."

Liebman should know because he's done it all. As an RPI undergraduate, he applied for and received a National Direct Student Loan and was placed on the school's work-study program. To take some of the burden off his parents, he raised tuition money by joining the Army Reserve, washing dishes, selling *Time* subscriptions, and working as a night manager for a car-rental agency. Today, he holds down a coveted graduate teaching assistantship and sells insurance on the side.

Throughout his college career, Liebman has bargained with the financial aid office so frequently that staffers know him by name. "You have to ask for help and push for what you want," he advises. "I've learned to double-check everything. If they say, 'We can't give you this,' I say, 'Why?' and ask to see my file. Because I've made an effort, they are more willing to spend time with me and go out of their way to help."

Unwrapping Your Aid Package

Though your school calls it a package, it's not a gift, and you should make sure that your financial aid award meets your specific educational and financial needs.

The first thing to do is figure out the percentage of gift money—scholarships and grants—in your current package versus the percentage of self-help funds—loans and work-study. The higher the percentage of no-cost scholarships and grants, the better off you are.

Once you've determined what you have and what you need, the key to bringing it all together is your financial aid office.

Many schools are relying on a greater percentage of self-help money to fill their aid packages, forcing students to take out more loans or work longer hours than they had counted on. Working closely with your aid counselor can prevent a drastic or unexpected change in your package next year.

Fear of Forms—Unfounded!

The FAF. The FFS. The BEOG. Sometimes just the thought of filling out a financial aid application can send your head swimming in alphabet soup.

But there's good news. The new Common Form, developed by the government to be used to apply for a Basic Educational Opportunity Grant (BEOG), and other aid next year, has been specially designed for ease of completion. (However, the new form is so simple that many financial aid officers will ask you to fill out a supplementary form to give them the detailed financial information they need to allocate aid.)

Many schools still require you to use the traditional forms—the Financial Aid Form (FAF), put out by the College Scholarship Service, and the Family Financial Statement (FFS), administered by the American College Testing Program. Filling out these forms is really not hard, if you keep the following guidelines in mind:

- **Be prepared.** Make a financial aid folder containing 1) your parents' income tax return, 2) your W-2 form and income tax return, if you have them, 3) bank statements from your checking and savings accounts, and 4) forms detailing any other assets and expenditures such as Social Security or medical bills. Do this as soon after January 1 as possible.

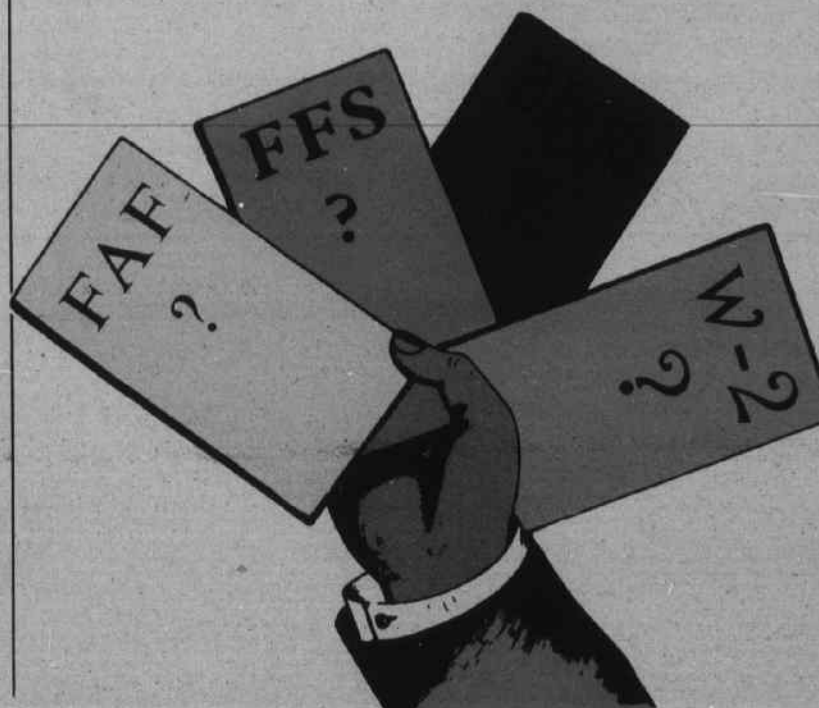
- **Read the instructions one by one—carefully.** "People tend to ignore instructions," says Bob Mataska, director of financial aid at Mankato State College in Minnesota. "They just plunge in and hope they get it right." It can be an expensive tactic. If you make a mistake or omit important information, your application may be returned to you for

correction. By the time it is reprocessed, available funds may be gone.

- **Make sure you answer every question.** According to CSS, the biggest problems with the FAF are leaving questions blank, omitting Social Security numbers, providing inaccurate or inconsistent information, and leaving the form unsigned.

- **Follow up.** With the FAF, the FFS, and the Common Form, you will receive an eligibility report six weeks after you submit an application. The results are sent to your school, provided you checked the appropriate box and sent the \$5 fee when you filed (there is no fee when you apply for a BEOG). After receiving your report, go to your financial aid office and fill out the college's form, if it is required. All information should be given to your financial aid counselor who will review it, decide on an award, and notify you of the decision.

- **Be sure to keep copies of all your documents and reports.** You might need them if questions arise.



Ford Fiesta. It received a seven-flag salute.

The car that wowed Europe is winning the hearts of America.

Ford Fiesta. The little front wheel drive car that comes from Germany. Applauded all over

Europe by the experts for its engineering, design and overall performance. It was voted the most significant import of the year in 1978 by readers of *Car and Driver*. And when you understand how beautifully Fiesta performs, you'll understand why it continues to get rave notices.

Germany 1976
Car that Makes the
Best Sense — *Mot*

Finland 1976
Car of the Year
— *Tuulilasi*

Front wheel drive.



Denmark 1976
Car of the Year
— *Morgen Posten*

Through rain, ice, sleet, hail and snow, Fiesta's remarkable front wheel drive traction will help you keep your appointed

Italy 1977
Most Successful
Foreign Car — *Motor*

Best gas mileage of any German import.

Americans love Fiesta's manners. It prefers sipping to guzzling. 1979 EPA est. mpg:

28 EPA
EST
MPG

39 HWY
EST
MPG

Compare this estimate to other cars. Diesels excluded. Actual mileage may differ depending on speed, weather and trip length.

Yugoslavia 1977
Car of the Year
— *Automotive Writers*. California estimates will be lower. Actual highway mileage will probably be lower.

rounds. And its Michelin steel-belted radials will help you come to grips with all kinds of roads.

A masterpiece of European engineering.

Fiesta is assembled by Ford in Germany. And its European engineering makes it feel right at home on streets and highways of America. It's quick, nimble and maneuverable.

Ford Fiesta is sold and serviced by over 5,000 authorized Ford Dealers across America. There's even an Extended Service Plan available, providing longer protection over your car's basic warranty. So test-



Great Britain 1978
Design Council Award

Spain 1977
Car of the Year
— *Criterium*

drive a Fiesta today. You'll discover why it's won international acclaim.

FORD FIESTA

FORD DIVISION 

Fiesta. Wundercar from Germany.



Fiesta 3-Door Sport